NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR HEALTH AND CARE EXCELLENCE

QUALITY STANDARD TOPIC OVERVIEW

1 Quality standard title

Bipolar disorder, psychosis and schizophrenia in children and young people

2 Introduction

2.1 NICE quality standards

NICE quality standards are a concise set of prioritised statements designed to drive measurable quality improvements within a particular area of health or care.

The standards are derived from high-quality guidance, such as that from NICE or <u>accredited</u> by NICE. They are developed independently by NICE, in collaboration with health, public health and social care practitioners, their partners and service users. Information on priority areas, people's experience of using services, safety issues, equality and cost impact are considered during the development process.

NICE quality standards are central to supporting the Government's vision for a health and social care system that is focused on delivering the best possible outcomes for people who use services, as detailed in the <u>Health and Social</u> <u>Care Act (2012)</u>.

The quality standard development process is described in detail on the <u>NICE</u> website.

2.2 This topic overview

This topic overview describes core elements of the quality standard. These include the population and topic to be covered, key source guidance to be used to underpin potential quality statements, any related quality standards,

published current practice information and national or routine indicators and performance measures.

If the source guidance is not NICE guidance, it should meet the minimum quality criteria defined in NICE's <u>accreditation programme</u>.

3 This quality standard

This quality standard is expected to publish in October 2015.

3.1 Population and topic to be covered

This quality standard will cover the recognition, early intervention and management of bipolar disorder, psychosis and schizophrenia '(including related psychotic disorders such as schizoaffective disorder, schizophreniform disorder and delusional disorder) in children and young people up to the age of 18. It will also include children and young people considered to be at high risk or experiencing early symptoms of bipolar disorder, psychosis or schizophrenia.

3.2 Key development sources (NICE and NICE-accredited sources)

Primary source

- Bipolar disorder (2014) NICE guideline CG185.
- Psychosis and schizophrenia in children and young people (2013) NICE guideline CG155.

Other sources that may be used

Psychosis with coexisting substance misuse (2011) NICE guideline CG120.

Key policy documents, reports and national audits

Relevant policy documents, reports and national audits will be used to inform the development of the quality standard.

 House of Commons Health Committee (2014) <u>Children's and adolescents'</u> mental health and CAMHS.

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- Department of Health (2014) <u>Chief Medical Officer (CMO) annual report:</u>
 <u>public mental health.</u>
- NHS England (2014) <u>Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services</u> (<u>CAMHS</u>) <u>Tier 4 Report</u>.
- Race Equality Foundation (2014) <u>The importance of promoting mental</u>
 <u>health in children and young people from black and minority ethnic</u>
 communities.
- Department of Health and Home Office (2014) Mental health crisis care concordat: improving outcomes for people experiencing mental health crisis.
- Department of Health (2014) <u>Closing the gap: priorities for essential</u>
 change in mental health.
- The Schizophrenia Commission (2012) The Abandoned Illness.
- Department of Health (2011) No health without mental health: a cross-government mental health outcomes strategy for people of all ages.

3.3 Related NICE quality standards

Published

- Antisocial behaviour and conduct disorders in children and young people
 (2014) NICE quality standard 59.
- Anxiety disorders (2014) NICE quality standard 53.
- Depression in children and young people (2013) NICE quality standard 48.
- Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (2013) NICE quality standard 39
- Self-harm (2013) NICE quality standard 34.
- Alcohol dependence and harmful alcohol use (2011) NICE quality standard
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In development

- <u>Psychosis and schizophrenia in adults</u>. Publication expected February 2015.
- <u>Personality disorders (antisocial and borderline)</u>. Publication expected May 2015.
- <u>Bipolar disorder in adults</u>. Publication expected June 2015.
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Future quality standards

This quality standard will be developed in the context of all quality standards referred to NICE, including the following quality standards scheduled for future development:

- Long-term conditions, people with comorbidities, complex needs
- Medicines optimisation (covering medicines adherence and safe prescribing).
- Mental health problems in people with learning disability.
- Suicide prevention.
- Transition from children's to adult services.

The full list of quality standard topics referred to NICE is available from the quality standard topic library on the NICE website.

4 Existing indicators

- NHS Benchmarking Network (2013) CAMHS benchmarking report
- The Health and Social Care Information Centre (2012) <u>Child and</u>
 adolescent mental health services (CAMHS) secondary uses data set.

QOF Indicators: England 2014/15

- QOF MH001. The contractor establishes and maintains a register of patients with schizophrenia, bipolar affective disorder and other psychoses and other patients on lithium therapy.
- QOF MH002. The percentage of patients with schizophrenia, bipolar
 affective disorder and other psychoses who have a comprehensive care
 plan documented in the record, in the preceding 12 months, agreed
 between individuals, their family and/or carers as appropriate.
- QOF MH003. The percentage of patients with schizophrenia, bipolar affective disorder and other psychoses who have a record of blood pressure in the preceding 15 months. NICE Menu: NM17.
- QOF MH007. The percentage of patients with schizophrenia, bipolar affective disorder and other psychoses who have a record of alcohol consumption in the preceding 15 months. NICE Menu: NM15.

- QOF MH009. The percentage of patients on lithium therapy with a record of serum creatinine and TSH in the preceding 9 months. NICE Menu: NM21.
- QOF MH010. The percentage of patients on lithium therapy with a record of lithium levels in the therapeutic range in the previous 4 months. NICE Menu: NM22.
- QOF SMOK002. The percentage of patients with any or any combination of the following conditions: CHD, PAD, stroke or TIA, hypertension, diabetes, COPD, CKD, asthma, schizophrenia, bipolar affective disorder or other psychoses who are recorded as current smokers who have a record of an offer of support and treatment within the preceding 12 months. NICE Menu: NM38.
- QOF SMOK005. The percentage of patients with any or any combination of the following conditions: CHD, PAD, stroke or TIA, hypertension, diabetes, COPD, CKD, asthma, schizophrenia, bipolar affective disorder or other psychoses who smoke whose notes contain a record of an offer of support and treatment within the preceding 15 months. NICE Menu: NM39.

Indicators from the NICE QOF menu - Not in the QOF within England

 NICE Menu: NM16. <u>The percentage of patients with schizophrenia, bipolar</u> affective disorder and other psychoses who have a record of BMI in the preceding 15 months.

5 Further information

See the NICE website for more information about <u>NICE quality standards</u> and the <u>progress of this quality standard</u>.