NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR HEALTH AND CARE EXCELLENCE

NICE indicator guidance

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# Indicator CCG31

Proportion of pregnant women who were smokers at the time of their booking appointment.

# Indicator type

Clinical commissioning group indicator

# Rationale

Smoking during pregnancy is detrimental to the health of both the mother and unborn baby. The [NICE quality standard for antenatal care (QS22)](http://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/qs22) recommends that pregnant women who smoke are referred to an evidence-based stop smoking service at the booking appointment to help woman to stop smoking during pregnancy and beyond.

# Source guidance

[Antenatal care. NICE guideline NG201](https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ng201) (2021), recommendations 1.1.2, 1.1.3, 1.2.1.

[Tobacco: preventing uptake, promoting quitting and treating dependence. NICE guideline NG209](https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/NG209) (2021), recommendations 1.11.1, 1.18.1, 1.18.6.

# Specification

Numerator: The number in the denominator where the mother was recorded as a smoker at their booking appointment.

Denominator: Number of pregnant women.

Calculation: e.g. (Numerator/denominator)\*100

Exclusions: None.

Datasource: [Maternity services dashboard](https://digital.nhs.uk/data-and-information/data-collections-and-data-sets/data-sets/maternity-services-data-set/maternity-services-dashboard).

Minimum population: The indicator would be appropriate to assess performance of individual CCGs.

# Further information

This is NICE indicator guidance, which is part of the [NICE menu of indicators](https://www.nice.org.uk/Standards-and-Indicators/index). This document does not represent formal NICE guidance.