NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR HEALTH AND CARE EXCELLENCE

NICE indicator guidance

Date first published on NICE menu: June 2016

Last update: February 2020

# Indicator CCG48

Proportion of people who had a stroke who are reviewed within 6 months of being admitted to hospital

# Indicator type

Clinical commissioning group indicator

# Rationale

Reviewing people who have had a stroke within 6 months (plus or minus two months) of being admitted to hospital can deliver a range of benefits, including reducing emergency readmissions, improving secondary prevention and providing better support for stroke survivors and their carers.

# Source guidance

[Stroke rehabilitation in adults](https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/cg162) (2013) NICE guideline CG162, recommendation 1.11.5.

# Specification

Numerator: The number of patients in the denominator reviewed at six months (plus or minus two months) after admission to hospital for stroke.

Denominator: The number of patients with a primary diagnosis of stroke discharged from their final hospital inpatient stay who are alive six months following admission to hospital and regardless of the final place of residence.

Calculation: (Numerator/denominator)\*100.

Exclusions: Patients who decline an assessment offered. Patients who have died within 8 months of admission.

Data source: Sentinel Stroke National Audit Programme (SSNAP).

Minimum population: The indicator would be appropriate to assess performance of individual CCGs.

# Further information

This is NICE indicator guidance, which is part of the [NICE menu of indicators](https://www.nice.org.uk/Standards-and-Indicators/index). This document does not represent formal NICE guidance.