NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR HEALTH AND CARE EXCELLENCE

# NICE indicator guidance

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## Indicator CCG50

The proportion of people who have had an acute stroke who receive thrombolysis for stroke.

## Indicator type

Clinical commissioning group indicator

## Rationale

If the stroke is caused by a blood clot, thrombolysis can break down and disperse the clot. This can restore cerebral blood flow in some patients with acute stroke leading to a reduction in morbidity and mortality.

## Source guidance

[Stroke and transient ischaemic attack in over 16s: diagnosis and initial management. NICE guideline NG128](http://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ng128), recommendation 1.4.1.

## Specification

Numerator: The number in the denominator given thrombolysis for stroke.

Denominator: The number of acute stroke patients, including those who were already in hospital at the time of new stroke occurrence.

Calculation: (Numerator/denominator)\*100

Exclusions: None

Data source: Sentinel Stroke National Audit Programme.

Minimum population: The indicator would be appropriate to assess performance of individual CCGs.

## Further information

This is NICE indicator guidance, which is part of the [NICE menu of indicators](https://www.nice.org.uk/Standards-and-Indicators/index). This document does not represent formal NICE guidance.