NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR HEALTH AND CARE EXCELLENCE

NICE indicator guidance

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# Indicator CCG66

Proportion of children and young people with diabetes who receive the following individual care processes in the past 12 months:

* Glycated Haemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) monitoring
* Body Mass Index (BMI)
* Blood pressure
* Urinary Albumin
* Eye screening
* Foot examination
* Smoking
* Screening for thyroid disease
* Psychological assessment

# Indicator type

Clinical commissioning group indicator.

# Rationale

This indicator aims to reduce risk of complications associated with diabetes in children and young people by monitoring 9 care processes.

# Source guidance

[Diabetes (type 1 and type 2) in children and young people: diagnosis and management. NICE guideline NG18](https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/NG18) (2015, updated 2020). Recommendations 1.2.4, 1.2.12, 1.2.13, 1.2.14, 1.2.46, 1.2.72, 1.2.96, 1.2.99, 1.2.111, 1.1.112, 1.3.2, 1.3.3, 1.3.8, 1.3.9, 1.3.10, 1.3.11, 1.3.19, 1.3.27, 1.3.33, 1.3.36, 1.3.42, 1.3.43.

# Specification

Numerator: The number of people in the denominator who received the following individual care processes in the past 12 months:

• Glycated Haemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) monitoring

• Body Mass Index (BMI)

• Blood pressure

• Urinary Albumin

• Eye screening

• Foot examination

• Smoking

• Screening for thyroid disease

• Psychological assessment.

Denominator: The number of children and young people with diabetes aged under 18.

Calculation: (Numerator/denominator)\*100

Exclusions: None

Data source: [National Paediatric Diabetes Audit (NPDA)](http://www.rcpch.ac.uk/national-paediatric-diabetes-audit-npda)

Minimum population: The indicator would be appropriate to assess performance of individual CCGs.

# Further information

This is NICE indicator guidance, which is part of the [NICE menu of indicators](https://www.nice.org.uk/Standards-and-Indicators/index). This document does not represent formal NICE guidance.