

NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR HEALTH AND CARE EXCELLENCE

NICE menu indicator guidance

Indicator area: Hip fracture

Indicator ID: CCG22

Indicator CCG22: The proportion of people with hip fracture, who receive a multifactorial risk assessment of future falls risk

Rationale

A multifactorial falls risk assessment aims to identify a person's individual risk factors for falling. This will enable practitioners to refer the person for effective interventions targeted at their specific risk factors, with the aim of reducing subsequent falls and potentially preventing future injury.

Reporting and verification

Evidence base

[NICE quality standard Falls in older people - QS89 \(2015\)](#)

Statement 4: Older people who present for medical attention because of a fall have a multifactorial falls risk assessment.

[NICE quality standard hip fracture – QS16 \(2012\)](#)

Statement 11: People with hip fracture are offered a multifactorial risk assessment to identify and address future falls risk, and are offered individualised intervention if appropriate.

What is measured

Numerator: The number in the denominator who have received a multifactorial risk assessment from the hip fracture programme team.

NICE menu guidance: CCG22:

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Denominator: The number of people on the National Hip Fracture Database.

Data source

National Hip Fracture Database (NHFD)

Further information

This is a guidance document for a NICE menu indicator. The NICE menu of indicators is available online at <http://www.nice.org.uk/standards-and-indicators> .