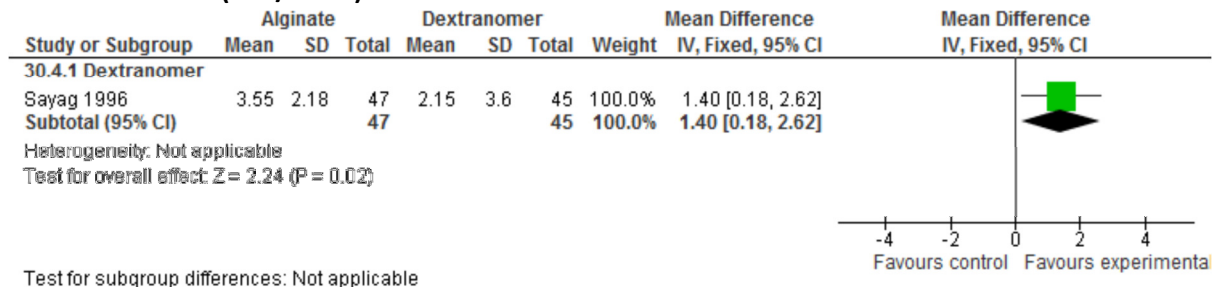
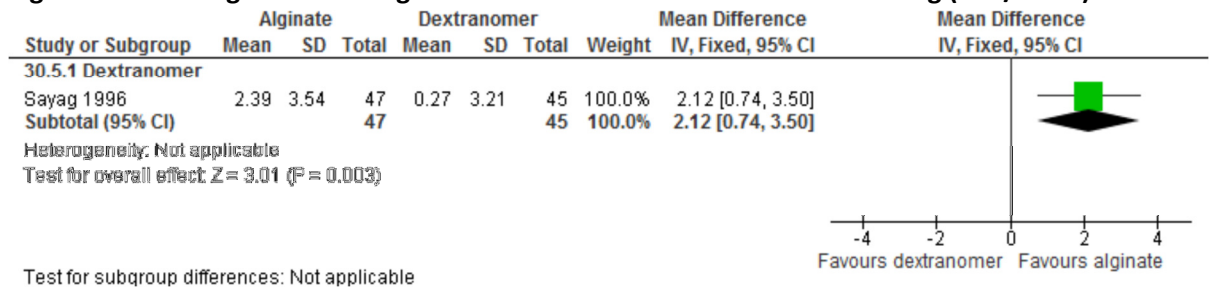


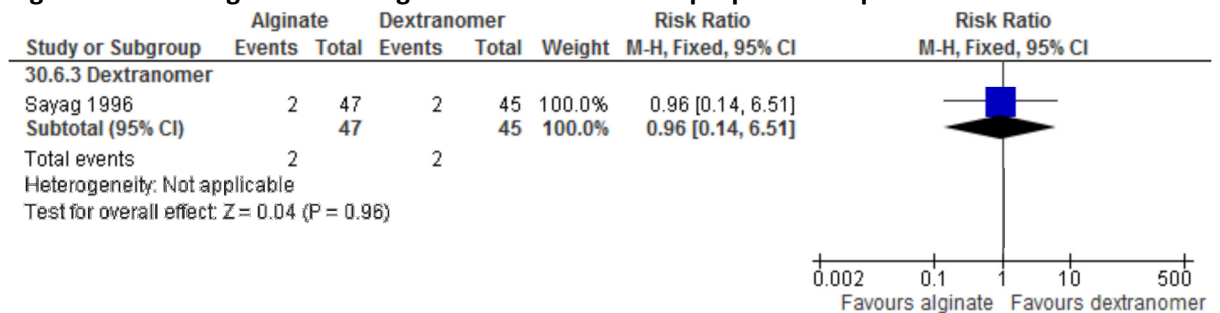
**Figure 751: Alginate dressing versus dextranomer – mean rate of healing in patients improved > 40% (cm<sup>2</sup>/week)**



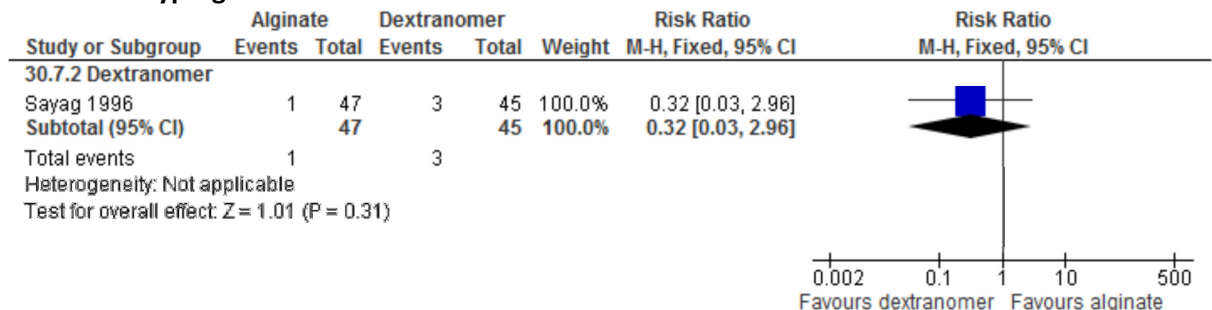
**Figure 752: Alginate dressing versus dextranomer – mean rate of healing (cm<sup>2</sup>/week)**



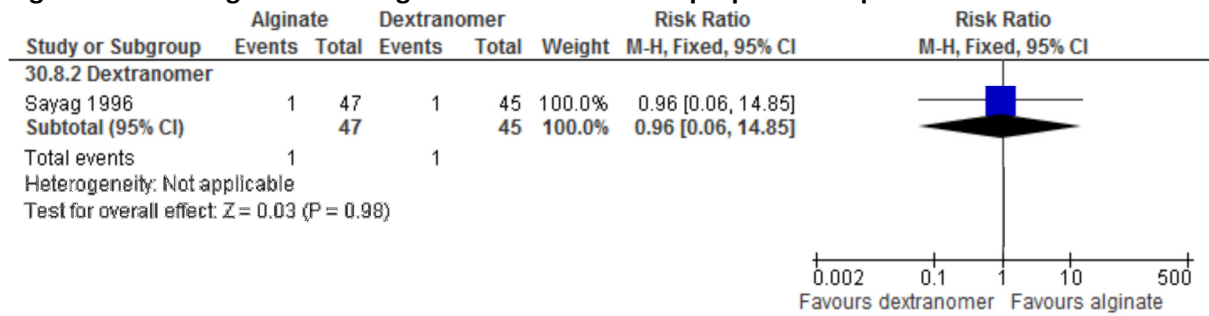
**Figure 753: Alginate dressing versus dextranomer – proportion of patients with an infection**



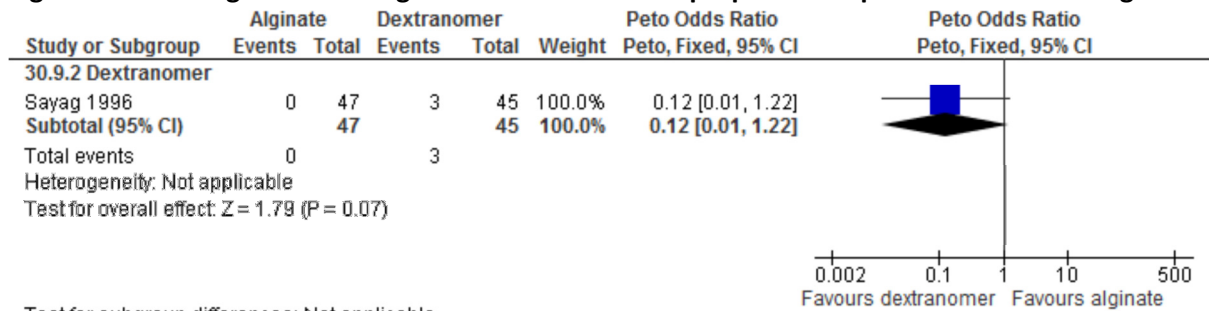
**Figure 754: Alginate dressing versus dextranomer – proportion of patients with hypergranulation**



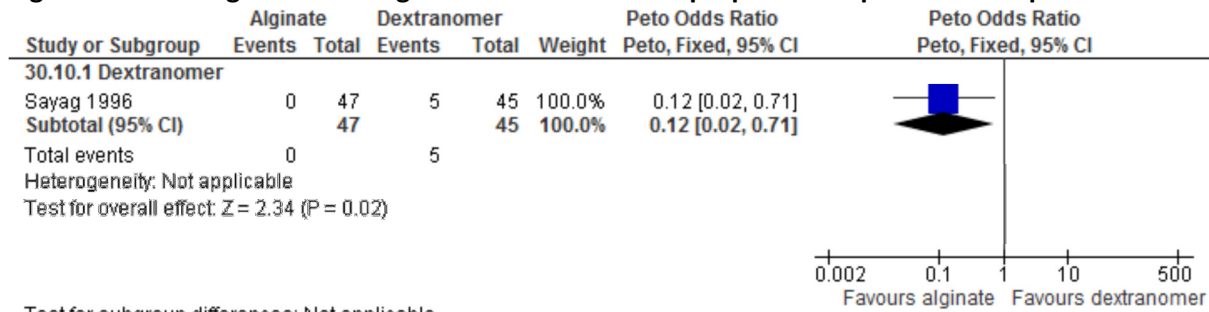
**Figure 755: Alginate dressing versus dextranomer – proportion of patients with skin irritation**



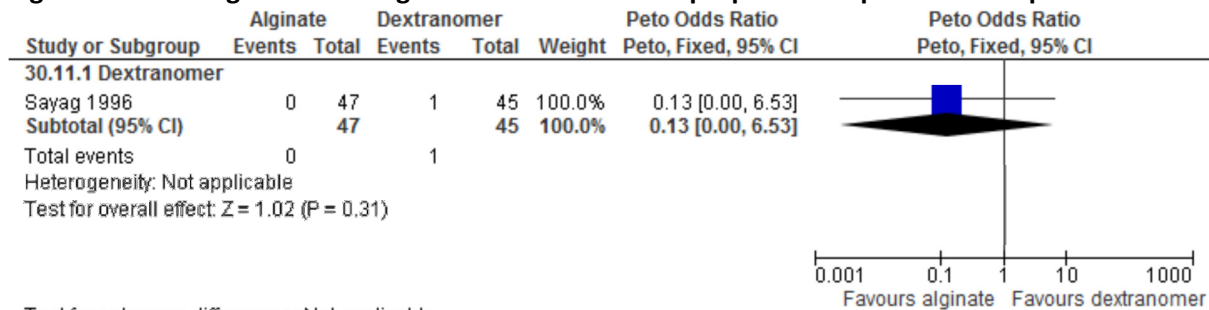
**Figure 756: Alginate dressing versus dextranomer – proportion of patients with bleeding**



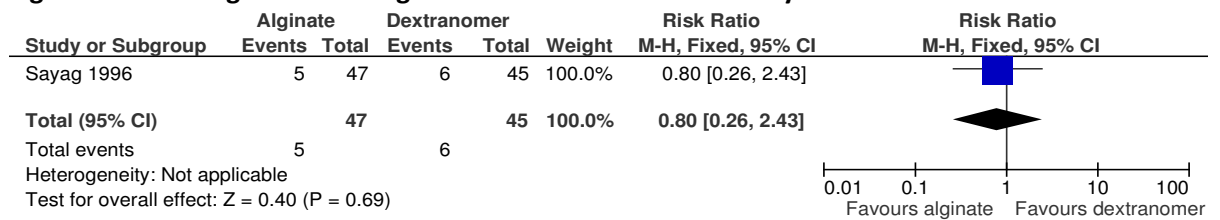
**Figure 757: Alginate dressing versus dextranomer – proportion of patients with pain**



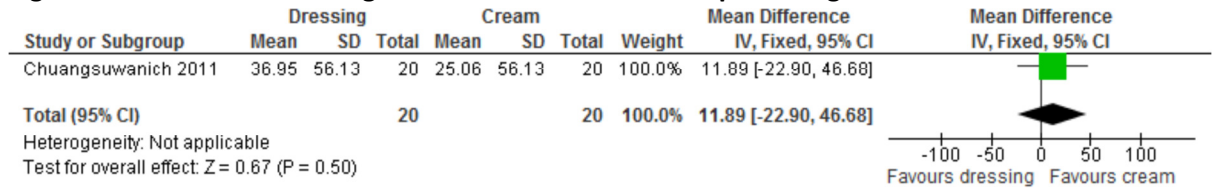
**Figure 758: Alginate dressing versus dextranomer – proportion of patients with pruritus**



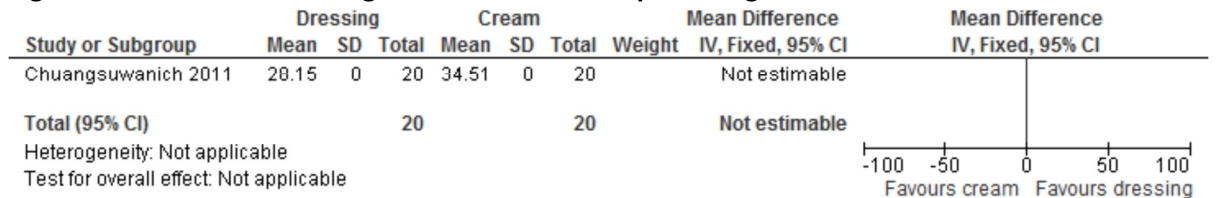
**Figure 759: Alginate dressing versus dextranomer –mortality**



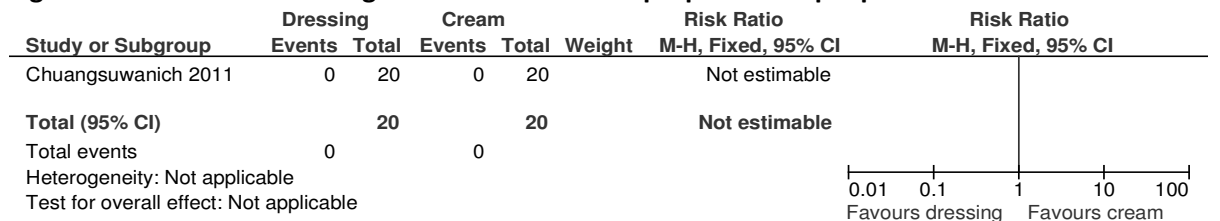
**Figure 760: Silver dressing versus silver cream – mean percentage reduction in ulcer area**



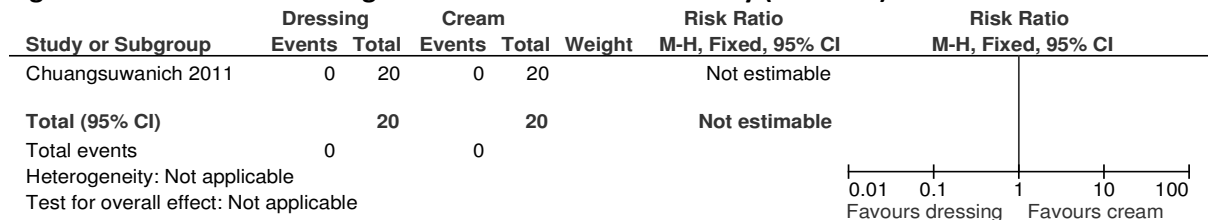
**Figure 761: Silver dressing versus silver cream –percentage reduction in PUSH score**



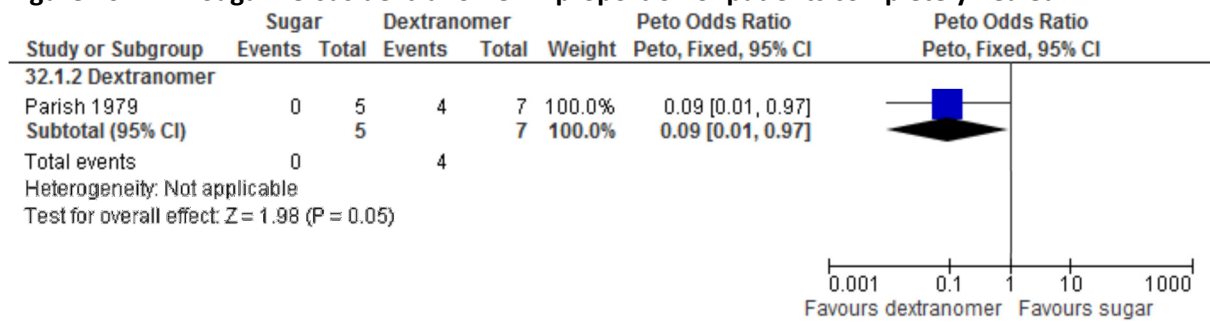
**Figure 762: Silver dressing versus silver cream – proportion of people with adverse events**



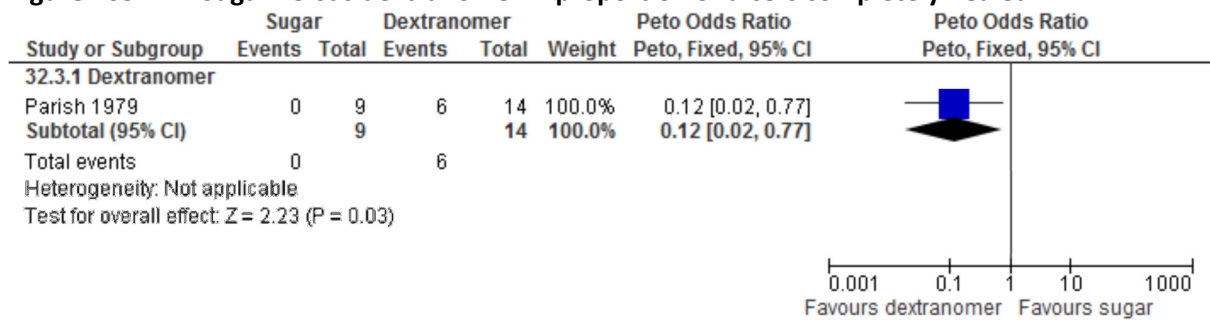
**Figure 763: Silver dressing versus silver cream – mortality (all-cause)**



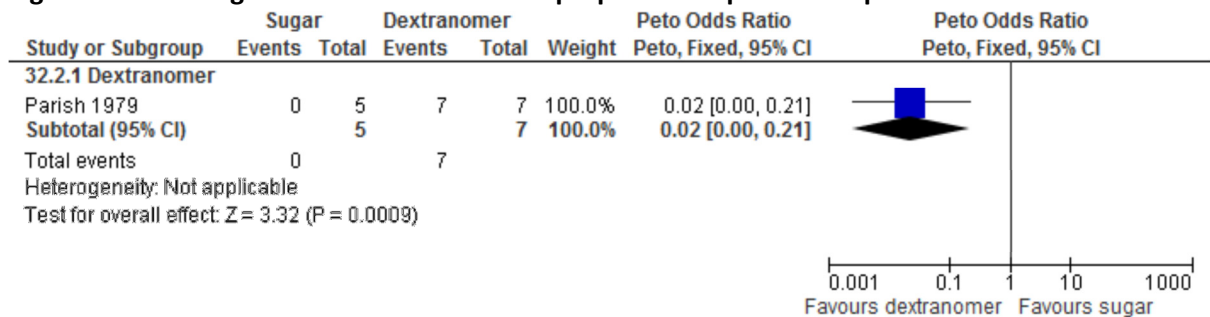
**Figure 764: Sugar versus dextranomer – proportion of patients completely healed**



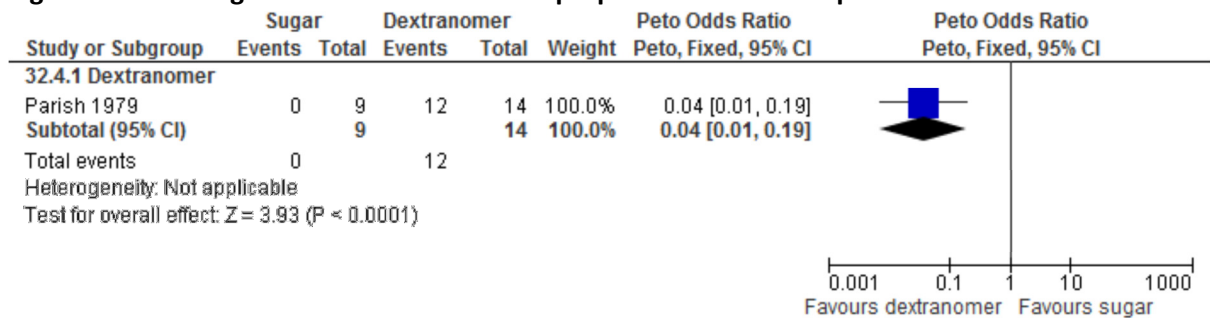
**Figure 765: Sugar versus dextranomer – proportion of ulcers completely healed**



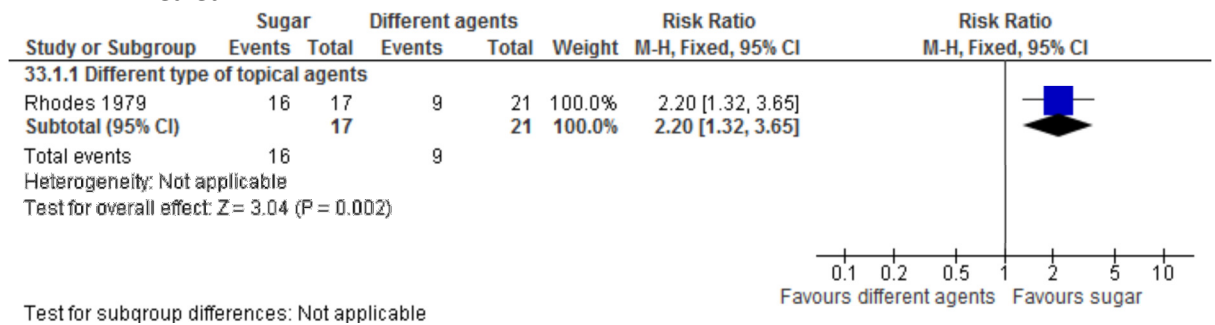
**Figure 766: Sugar versus dextranomer – proportion of patients improved**



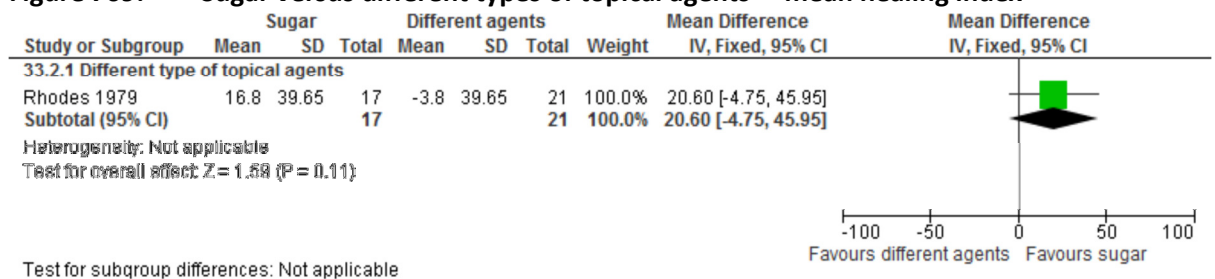
**Figure 767: Sugar versus dextranomer – proportion of ulcers improved**



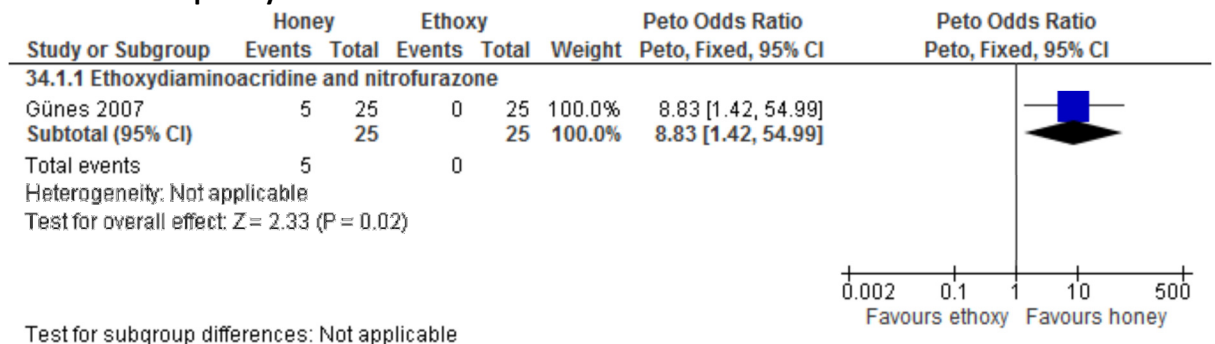
**Figure 768: Sugar versus different types of topical agents – proportion of patients completely healed**



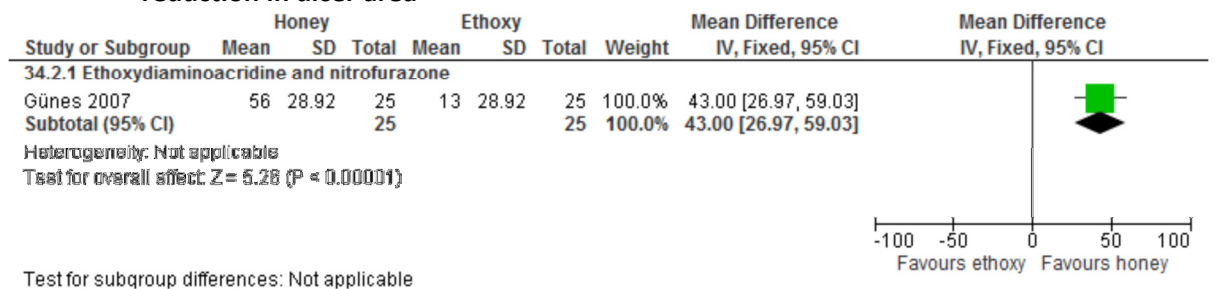
**Figure 769: Sugar versus different types of topical agents – mean healing index**



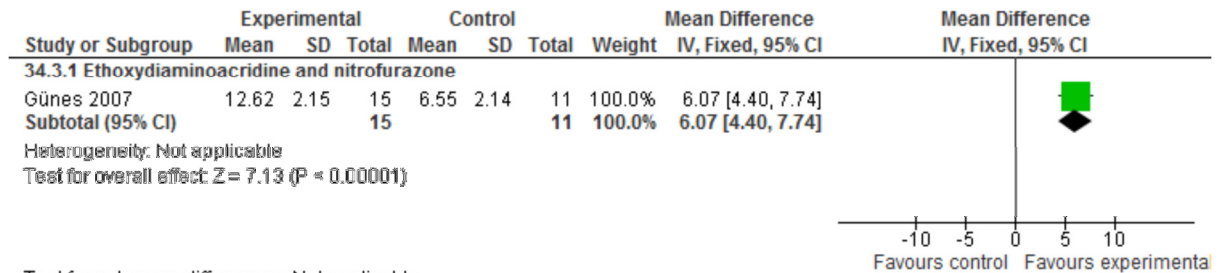
**Figure 770: Honey versus ethoxydiaminoacridine and nitrofurazone – proportion of ulcers completely healed**



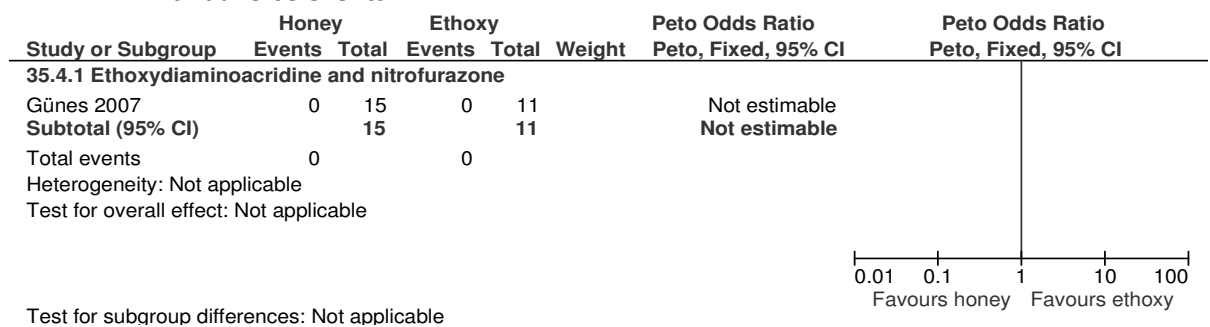
**Figure 771: Honey versus ethoxydiaminoacridine and nitrofurazone – mean percentage reduction in ulcer area**



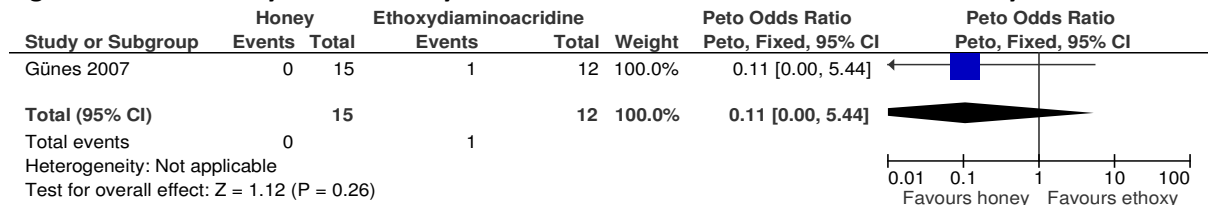
**Figure 772: Honey versus ethoxydiaminoacridine and nitrofurazone – mean percentage reduction in PUSH score**



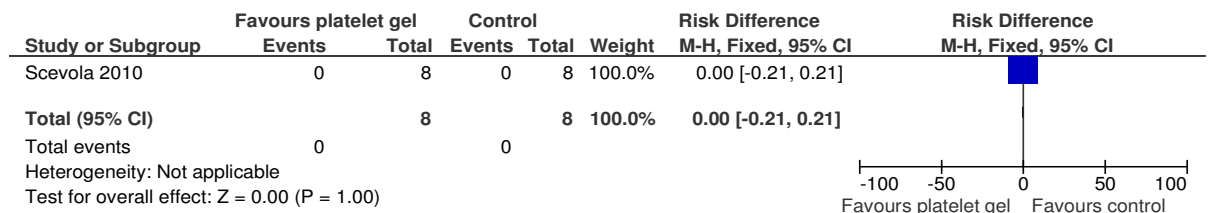
**Figure 773: Honey versus ethoxydiaminoacridine and nitrofurazone – proportion of people with adverse events**



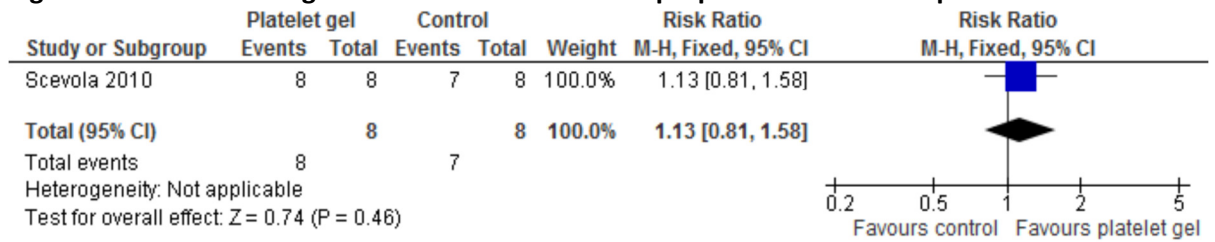
**Figure 774: Honey versus ethoxydiaminoacridine and nitrofurazone – mortality**



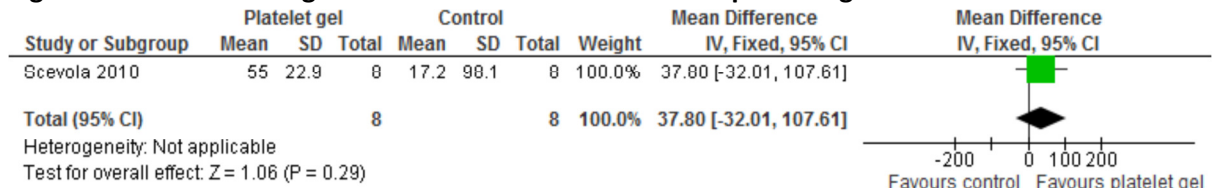
**Figure 775: Platelet gel versus other treatment – proportion of pressure ulcers completely healed**



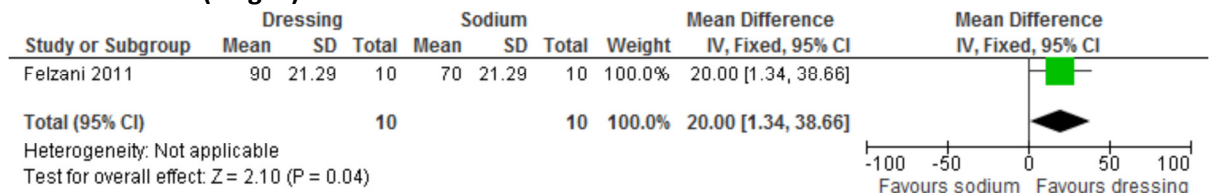
**Figure 776: Platelet gel versus other treatment – proportion of ulcers improved**



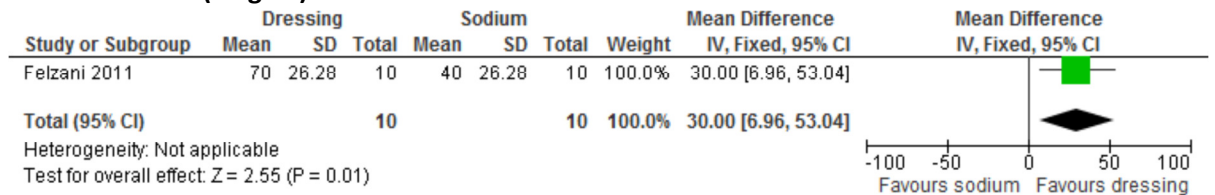
**Figure 777: Platelet gel versus other treatment – mean percentage reduction in ulcer volume**



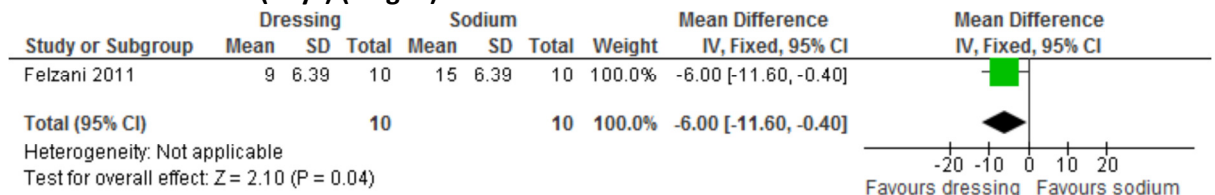
**Figure 778: Hyaluronic acid versus sodium hyaluronic – mean percentage reduction in ulcer area (stage I)**



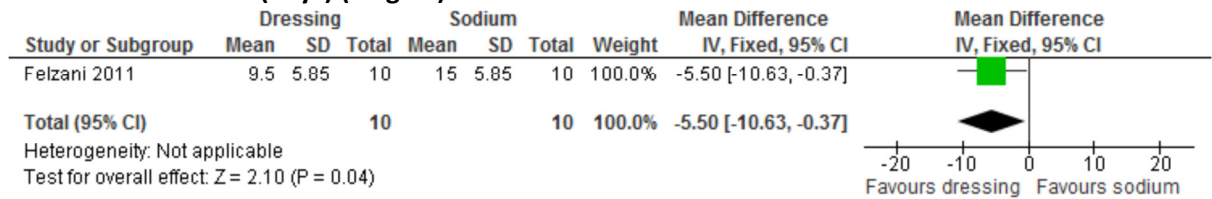
**Figure 779: Hyaluronic acid versus sodium hyaluronic – mean percentage reduction in ulcer area (stage II)**



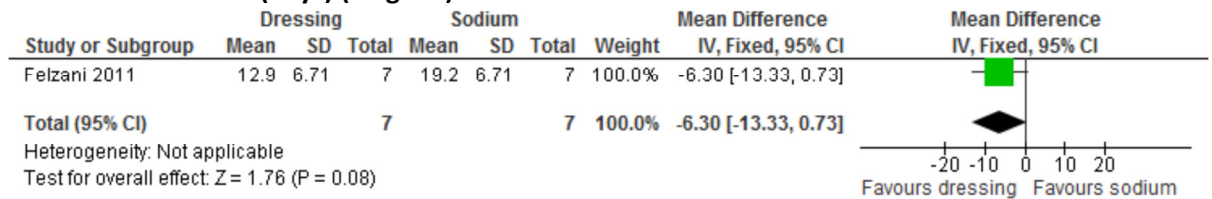
**Figure 780: Hyaluronic acid versus sodium hyaluronic – time to 50% reduction in ulcer diameter (days) (stage I)**



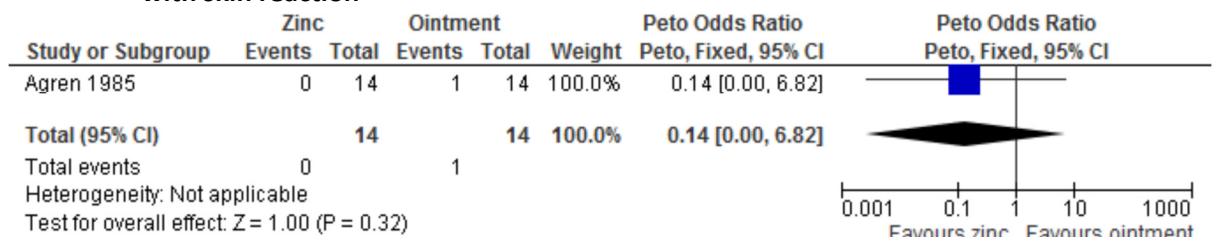
**Figure 781: Hydraluronic acid versus sodium hyaluronic – time to 50% reduction in ulcer diameter (days) (stage II)**



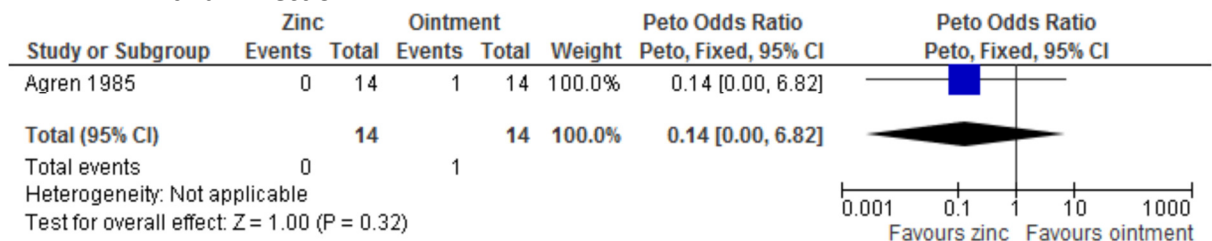
**Figure 782: Hyaluronic acid versus sodium hyaluronic – time to 50% reduction in ulcer diameter (days) (stage III)**



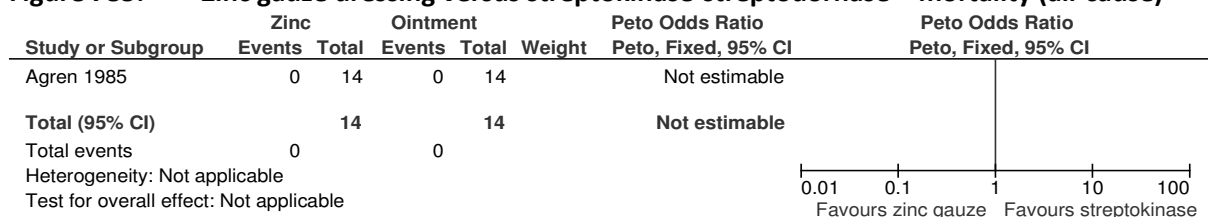
**Figure 783: Zinc gauze dressing versus streptokinase-streptodornase – proportion of patients with skin reaction**



**Figure 784: Zinc gauze dressing versus streptokinase-streptodornase – proportion of patients with an infection**

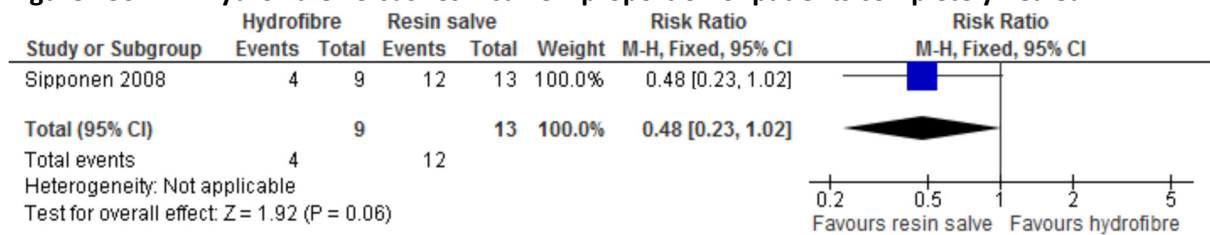


**Figure 785: Zinc gauze dressing versus streptokinase-streptodornase – mortality (all-cause)**

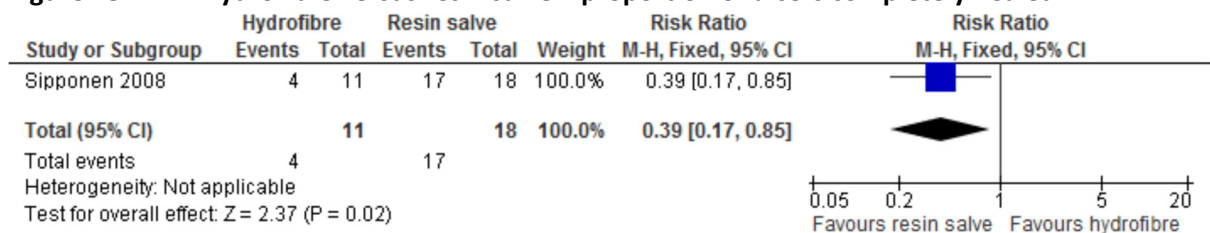




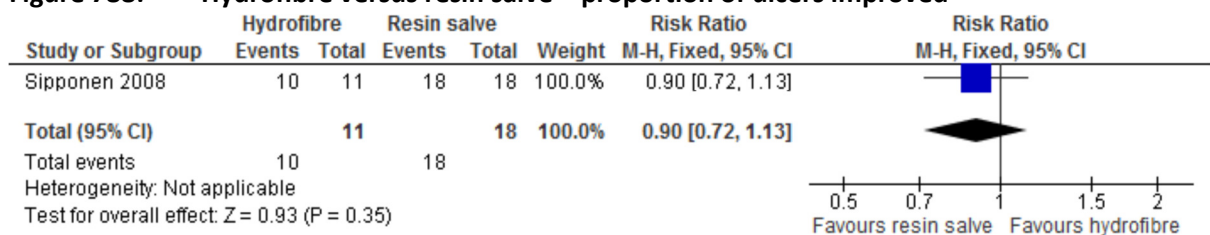
**Figure 786: Hydrofibre versus resin salve – proportion of patients completely healed**



**Figure 787: Hydrofibre versus resin salve – proportion of ulcers completely healed**



**Figure 788: Hydrofibre versus resin salve – proportion of ulcers improved**



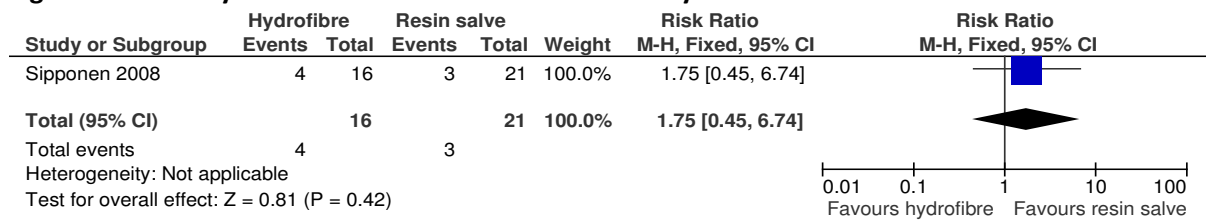
**Figure 789: Hydrofibre versus resin salve – proportion of ulcers worsened**



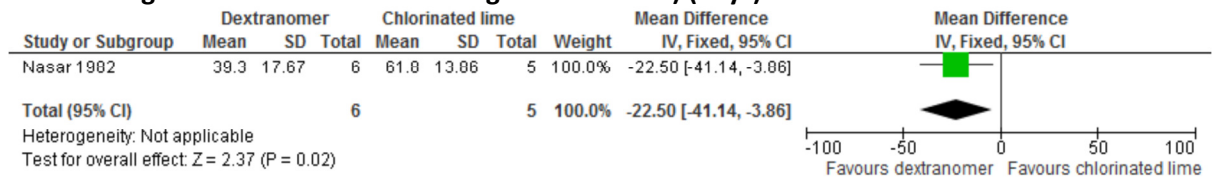
**Figure 790: Hydrofibre versus resin salve – proportion of patients with allergic skin irritation**



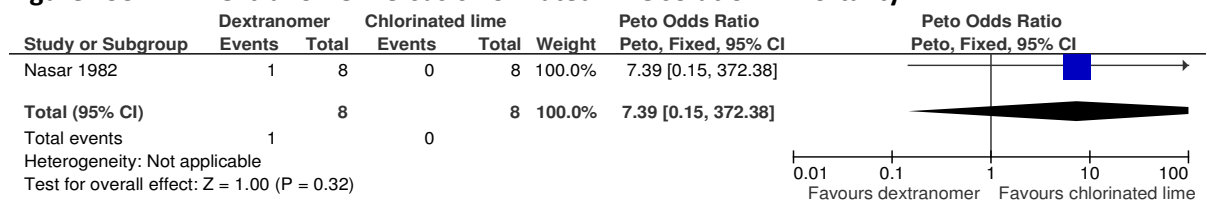
**Figure 791: Hydrofibre versus resin salve – mortality**



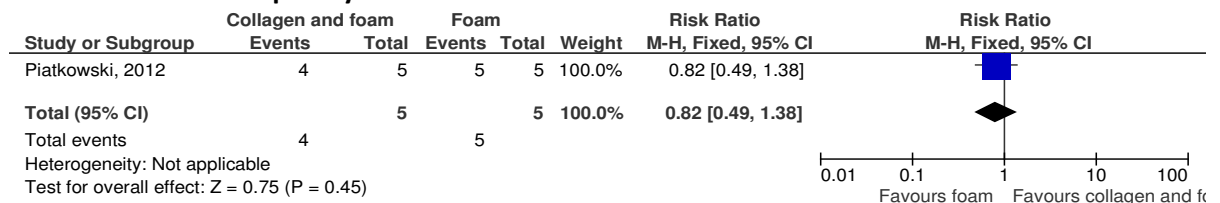
**Figure 792: Dextranomer versus chlorinated lime solution – Time to healing (defined as granulation and < 25% of original ulcer area) (days)**



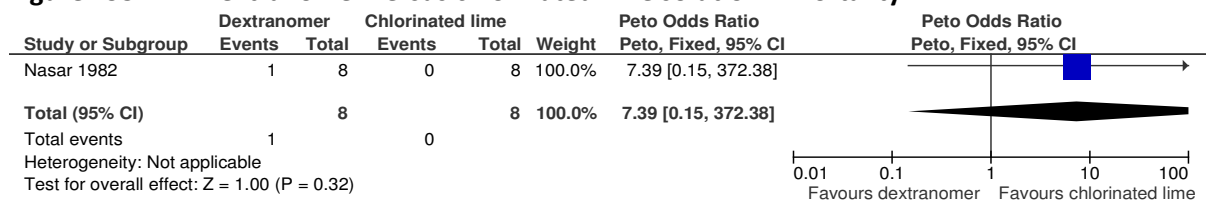
**Figure 793: Dextranomer versus chlorinated lime solution – mortality**



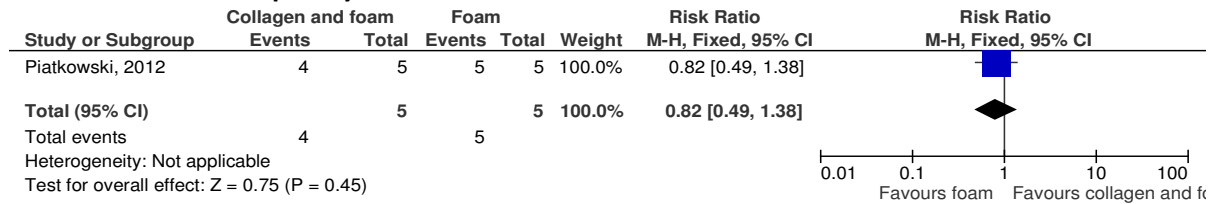
**Figure 794: Collagen and foam versus foam dressing – proportion of people with pressure ulcers completely healed**



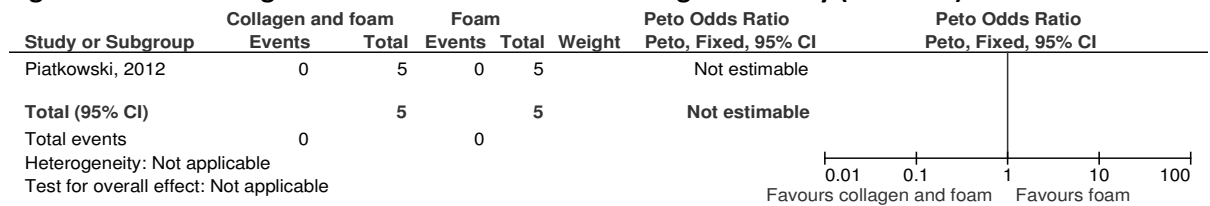
**Figure 795: Dextranomer versus chlorinated lime solution – mortality**



**Figure 796: Collagen and foam versus foam dressing – proportion of people with pressure ulcers completely healed**



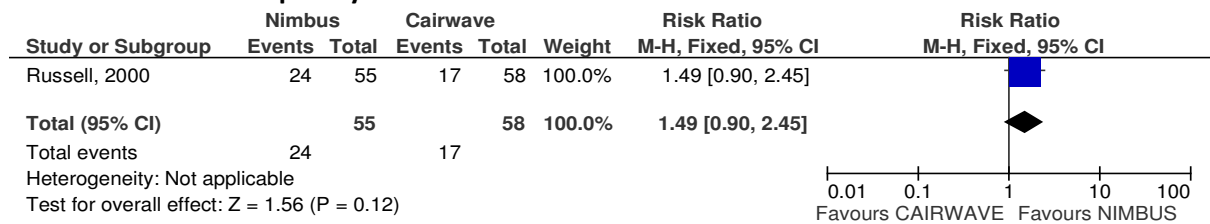
**Figure 797: Collagen and foam versus foam dressing – mortality (all-cause)**



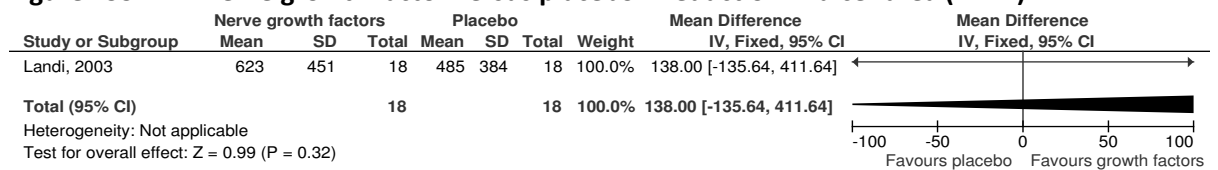
## 1.2.9 Management of heel pressure ulcers

### 1.2.9.1 Various interventions for management of heel ulcers

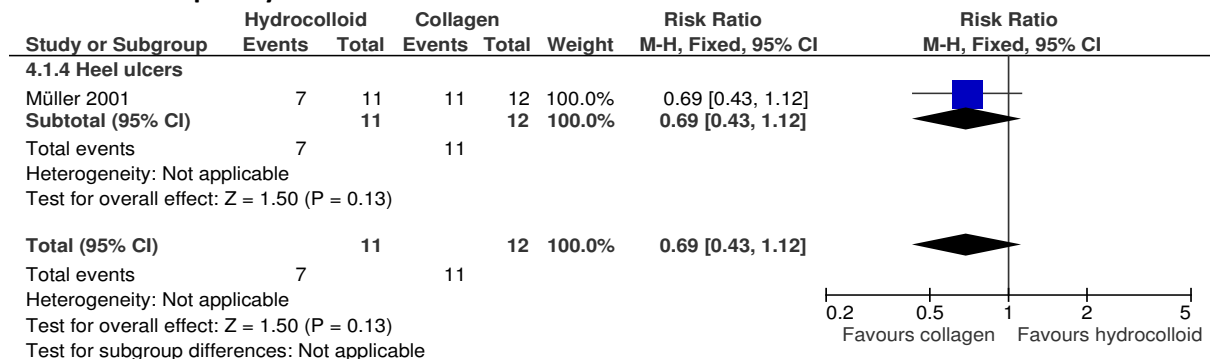
**Figure 798: Nimbus system versus Carewave system – proportion of people with pressure ulcers completely healed**



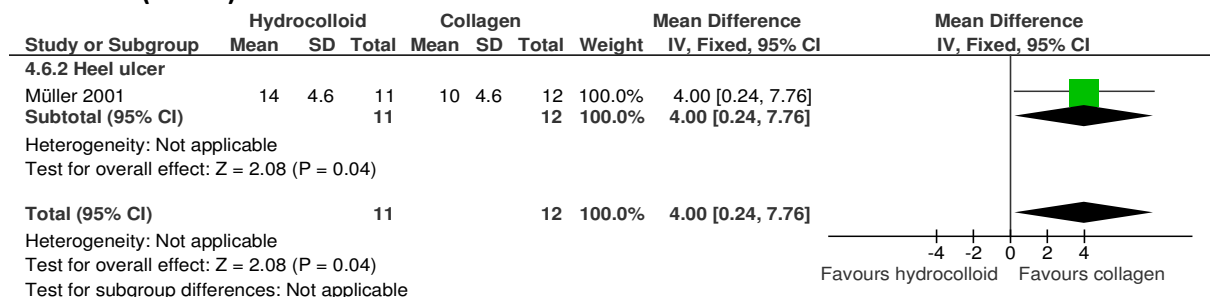
**Figure 799: Nerve growth factor versus placebo – reduction in ulcer area (mm<sup>2</sup>)**



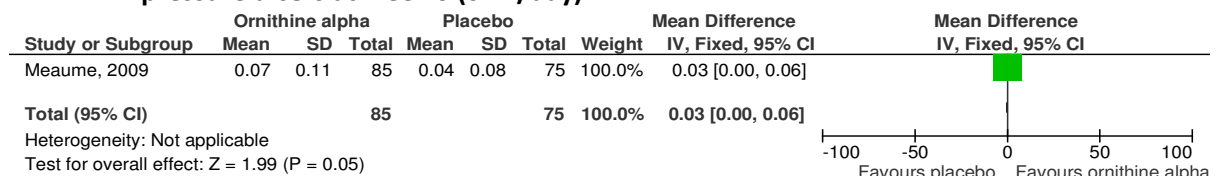
**Figure 800: Hydrocolloid dressing versus collagen – proportion of people with pressure ulcers completely healed**



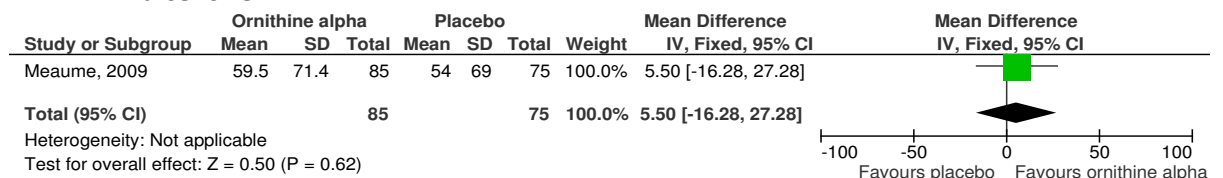
**Figure 801: Hydrocolloid dressing versus collagen - mean time to healing of pressure ulcers (weeks)**



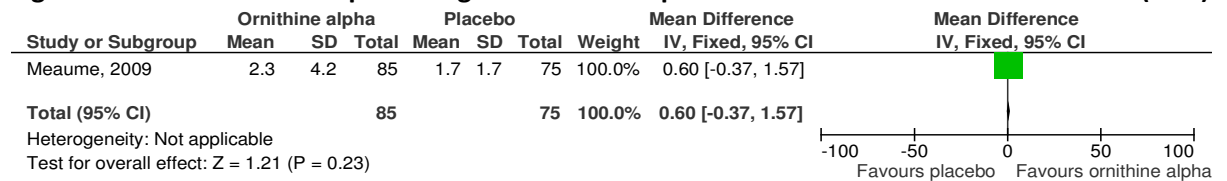
**Figure 802: Ornithine alpha-ketoglutarate versus placebo – rate of complete healing of pressure ulcers at week 6 (cm<sup>2</sup>/day)**



**Figure 803: Ornithine alpha-ketoglutarate versus placebo – mean % reduction in pressure ulcer size**



**Figure 804: Ornithine alpha-ketoglutarate versus placebo – mean surface area reduction (cm<sup>2</sup>)**



**Figure 805: Ornithine alpha-ketoglutarate versus placebo – all-cause mortality**

