Appendix H

GRADE Clinical study characteristics

Fluid and diet restriction for the management of bedwetting 1.1

Table 1.1-1: Fluid restriction and avoiding punishment with placebo compared to imipramine - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|-------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | Serious ³ | Serious⁴ |

¹ Results taken from Cochrane review and not study

Table 1.1-2: Fluid restriction and avoiding punishment with placebo compared to fluid restriction and avoiding punishment with imipramine - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | Serious ³ | no serious imprecision |

¹ Results taken from Cochrane review and not study

Table 1.1-3: Diet restriction compared to Imipramine - Clinical study characteristics

²The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ³ The fluid restriction group also received random waking ⁴ The confidence interval crosses the MID

² The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding

³ The fluid restriction group also received random waking

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who became completely dry | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Number of children who had a greater than 50% improvement in the number of dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ² |
| Number of children completely dry at follow up | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ² |
| Number of children who had a greater than 50% improvement in the number of dry nights at follow up | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ² |
| Number of children who dropped out of the trial | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MIDs

Lifting and waking in the management of bedwetting 1.2

Table 1.2-1: Random waking compared to placebo - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---------|-------------------|--------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | | | | | | |

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean wet nights per week at 4 weeks | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment (no sd) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

Table 1.2-2: Random waking compared to imipramine - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

Table 1.2-3: Random waking compared to enuresis alarm - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding
² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)
³ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Mean wet nights per week at 4 weeks | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment (no sd) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.2-4: Random waking compared to an enuresis alarm and imipramine - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding

Table 1-2-5: Random waking and star chart compared to no treatment - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.2-6: Waking and star chart compared to enuresis alarm - Clinical study characteristics

³ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable

² No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable

³ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| mean number of wet nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

Table 1-2-7: Waking (part of a 3 step program) compared to imipramine - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | serious ² | serious ³ |
| Number of children who relapsed after 12 months | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | serious ² | serious ³ |

Table 1.2-8: Waking (part of a 3 step program) compared to motivational therapy and 3 step program - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | serious ² | serious ³ |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² Children in random waking group also received bladder training ³ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who relapsed after 12 months | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | serious ² | serious ³ |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding

Table 1.2-9: Waking combined with fluid restriction and parents avoiding punishment of children and placebo compared to imipramine - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | serious ³ | serious ⁴ |

¹ Results taken from Cochrane review and not study

Table 1.2-10: Waking combined with fluid restriction and parents avoiding punishment of children and placebo compared to Waking combined with fluid restriction and parents avoiding punishment of children and imipramine - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | serious ³ | no serious imprecision |

¹ Results taken from Cochrane review and not study

Table 1.2-11: Waking with alarm clock set before child wets compared to waking with alarm clock set 2 to 3 hours after child goes to bed - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | |
|---------|-------------------|--------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|---|
| | | | | | | | ı |

² Children in random waking group also received bladder training

³ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

² The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding

³ Children in the waking group also received fluid restriction

⁴ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

² The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding

³ Children in the waking group also received fluid restriction

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Dry for 14 consecutive nights in first month | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who relapsed after 3 months | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ |
| Number of children who relapsed after 6 months | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

1.3 Bladder training and retention control training for the management of bedwetting

Table 1.3-1: Retention control training and placebo compared to and desmopressin - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at follow up | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who relapsed | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who dropped out | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.3-2: Retention control training and placebo compared to retention control training and desmopressin -Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at follow up | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who relapsed | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who dropped out | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.3-3: Stop start training compared to an enuresis alarm - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who dropped out | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crossed the MID(s)

Table 1.3-4: Stop start training compared to dry bed training with an enuresis alarm - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who dropped out | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.3-5: Stop start training compared to star charts - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who dropped out | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.3-6: Bladder training (part of a 3 step program) compared to imipramine - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | serious ² | serious ³ |
| Number of children who relapsed after 12 months | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | serious ² | serious ³ |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² Bladder training group also received random waking ³ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.3-7: Bladder training (part of a 3 step program) compared to motivational therapy and 3 step program -Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---------|-------------------|--------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | | | | | | |

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | serious ² | serious ³ |
| Number of children who relapsed after 12 months | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | serious ² | serious ³ |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² Bladder training group also received random waking ³ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.3-8: Retention control training compared to waiting list - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment (no sd) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

Table 1.3-9: Retention control training compared to desmopressin - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding

¹ Results taken from Cochrane review and not study ² The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding

³ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable

² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Star Charts in the management of bedwetting 1.4

Table 1.4-1: Star chart compared to enuresis alarms - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Number of children who dropped out | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.4-2: Star chart with rewards and enuresis alarm - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Number of relapses at 2.5 years | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | very serious ^{2,3} |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.4-3: Star chart compared to dry bed training - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---------|-------------------|--------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | | | | | | |

³ Wide confidence interval - strong uncertainty of where the effect lies

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Number of children who dropped out | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.4-4: Star chart compared to stop start training - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who dropped out | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.4-5: Star chart and placebo compared to star chart and imipramine - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---------|-------------------|--------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | | | | | | |

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------|
| Mean number of wet nights per month at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | serious1,2 | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious3 |

¹ Results taken from Cochrane review and not study ² The study had unclear allocation concealment ³ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.4-6: Star chart and waking compared to no treatment - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week in the last 3 weeks of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MIDs

Table 1.4-7: Star chart and waking compared to enuresis alarm - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |

³ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights per weeks in the last 3 weeks of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

Table 1.4-8: Star chart compared to no treatment - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Number of children who were dry for 14 consecutive nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | very serious ^{2,3} |
| Mean number of wet nights in 3 weeks at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Number of children who dropped out | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

Table 1.4-9: Star charts compared to enuresis alarms - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s) ³ Wide confidence interval - strong uncertainty of where the effect lies

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights in 3 weeks at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who failed or relapsed after 6 months | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who dropped out | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.4-10: Star chart compared to cognitive behavioural therapy - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who were dry for 14 consecutive nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights in 3 weeks at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who failed or relapsed after 6 months | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who dropped out | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.4-11: Star chart compared to play therapy - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Number of children who failed or relapsed | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights (excludes children who were lifted) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

Dry bed training for the management of bedwetting 1.5

Table1.5-1: Dry bed training without an alarm compared to no treatment - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome Number Design Limitations Inconsistency Indirectness of studies | Imprecision |
|---|-------------|
|---|-------------|

¹ Results taken from Cochrane review and not study ² The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ³ The confidence interval crosses the MID

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 2 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2,3} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁴ |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end treatment (no sd) | 2 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2,3,5} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁶ |
| Number of children who relapsed | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,7} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁴ |

Table 1.5-2: Dry bed training without an alarm compared to dry bed training with an alarm - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 2 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2,3} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment (no sd) | 2 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2,3,4} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ⁵ |
| Number of children who relapsed or failed | 2 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2,3} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ⁶ |

¹ Bollard 1981 did not report method of blinding
² Unclear allocation concealment in Bollard 1981 and Bollard 1982
³ Results from Bollard 1982 were obtained from the Cochrane review - results presented as a graph in paper
⁴ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)
⁵ Results (Bollard 1981) from Cochrane review - not reported in paper
⁶ No information any variability was given in the study, therefore replacition of standard deviation was not

⁶ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable

Unclear allocation concealment in Bollard 1981

¹ Bollard 1981 did not report method of blinding ² Unclear allocation concealment in Bollard 1981 and Bollard 1982

Table 1.5-3: Dry bed training without an alarm compared to dry bed training with an alarm with therapist at hospital- Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment (no sd) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ³ |
| Number of children who relapsed | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ⁴ |

¹ Bollard 1981 had an unclear blinding method and unclear allocation concealment

Table 1.5-4: Dry bed training without an alarm compared to dry bed training with an alarm with parent as therapist - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment (no sd) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,3} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

³ Results from Bollard 1982 were obtained from the Cochrane review - results presented as a graph in paper

⁴ Results (Bollard 1981) from Cochrane review - not reported in paper

⁵ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable

⁶ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

² Result from Cochrane review - paper did not present this results

³ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable

The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who relapsed | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁴ |

¹ Bollard 1981 had an unclear blinding method and unclear allocation concealment

Table 1.5-5: Dry bed training without an alarm compared to an alarm - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end treatment (no sd) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Number of children who relapsed | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁴ |

¹ Bollard 1981 had an unclear blinding method and unclear allocation concealment

Table 1.5-6: Dry bed training with an alarm compared to no treatment - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 2 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2,3} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |

² No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable

³ Result from Cochrane review - paper did not present this results

⁴ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

² Result from Cochrane review - paper did not present this results

³ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable

⁴ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment (no sd) | 2 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2,3,4} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁵ |
| Number of children who relapsed | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,6} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁷ |

¹ Bollard 1981 did not report method of blinding

Table 1.5-7: Dry bed training with an alarm with therapist at hospital compared to no treatment - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment (no sd) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Number of children who relapsed | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁴ |

¹ Bollard 1981 had an unclear blinding method and unclear allocation concealment

² Unclear allocation concealment in Bollard 1981 and Bollard 1982

³ Results from Bollard 1982 were from the Cochrane review - results presented as a graph in paper

⁴ Result (Bollard 1981) from Cochrane review - not reported in paper

⁵ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable

Unclear allocation concealment in Bollard 1981

⁷ The confidence Interval crosses the MID

² Results from Cochrane review - paper did not present this result

³ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable ⁴ The confidence interval crosses the MID

Table 1.5-8: Dry bed training with an alarm with parent as therapist compared to no treatment - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment (no sd) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Number of children who relapsed | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |

¹ Bollard 1981 had an unclear blinding method and unclear allocation concealment

Table 1.5-9: Dry bed training with an alarm with therapist at home compared to dry bed training with an alarm with therapist at hospital - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment (no sd) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Number of children who relapsed | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁴ |

¹ Bollard 1981 had an unclear blinding method and unclear allocation concealment

² Results from Cochrane review - paper did not present this result
³ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable

² Results from Cochrane review - paper did not present this result

³ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not

possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable ⁴ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.5-10: Dry bed training with an alarm with therapist at home compared to dry bed training with an alarm with parents as therapist - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment (no sd) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Number of children who relapsed | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁴ |

¹ Bollard 1981 had an unclear blinding method and unclear allocation concealment

Table 1.5-11: Dry bed training with an alarm with therapist at hospital compared to dry bed training with an alarm with parents as therapist - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment (no sd) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

² Results from Cochrane review - paper did not present this result

³ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable ⁴ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who relapsed | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁴ |

¹ Bollard 1981 had an unclear blinding method and unclear allocation concealment

Table 1.5-12: Dry bed training with an alarm compared to an alarm - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 2 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Mean number of wet nights at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ² | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment (no sd) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,4} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁵ |
| Number of children who dropped out | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ² | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Number of children who relapsed | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

¹ Bollard 1981 had an unclear blinding method and unclear allocation concealment

Table 1.5-13: Dry bed training with an alarm with parents as therapist compared to an alarm - Clinical study characteristics

² Results from Cochrane review - paper did not present this result

³ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable

⁴ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

² Bennett 1995 had a large drop out and unclear allocation concealment

³ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Results from Cochrane review - paper did not present this result

⁵ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment (no sd) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,3} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁴ |
| Number of children who relapsed | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

Table 1.5-14: Dry bed training with an alarm compared to stop start training - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who dropped out | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ Bennett 1995 had a large drop out and unclear allocation concealment ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.5-15: Dry bed training with an alarm compared to star charts - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---------|-------------------|--------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | | | | | | |

¹ Bollard 1981 had an unclear blinding method and unclear allocation concealment
² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)
³ Results from Cochrane review - paper did not present this result
⁴ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | very serious ^{2,3} |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who dropped out | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ Bennett 1995 had a large drop out and unclear allocation concealment ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s) ³ Wide confidence interval - strong uncertainty of where the effect lies

Table 1.5-16: Dry bed training without an alarm at hospital with parent and child compared to no treatment for children with bedwetting - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment (no sd) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

Table 1.5-17: Dry bed training without an alarm at home with parent and child compared to no treatment for children with bedwetting - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment (no sd) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

¹ Keating 1983 had no blinding and unclear allocation concealment ² Results obtained from Cochrane review - results were presented as graphs in the paper

³ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable

Table 1.5-18: Dry bed training without an alarm at hospital with parent compared to no treatment for children with bedwetting - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment (no sd) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

¹ Keating 1983 had no blinding and unclear allocation concealment

Table 1.5-19: Dry bed training without an alarm at hospital with parent and child compared to dry bed training without an alarm at home with parent and child for children with bedwetting - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment (no sd) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁴ |
| Number of children who relapsed | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

¹ Keating 1983 had no blinding and unclear allocation concealment

³ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

¹ Keating 1983 had no blinding and unclear allocation concealment

² Results obtained from Cochrane review - results were presented as graphs in the paper

³ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable

² Results obtained from Cochrane review - results were presented as graphs in the paper

³ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable

² Results obtained from Cochrane review - results were presented as graphs in the paper

Table 1.5-20: Dry bed training without an alarm at hospital with parent and child compared to dry bed training without an alarm at hospital with parent for children with bedwetting - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment (no sd) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁴ |
| Number of children who relapsed | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

¹ Keating 1983 had no blinding and unclear allocation concealment

Table 1.5-21: Dry bed training without an alarm at home with parent and child compared to dry bed training without an alarm at hospital with parent and child for children with bedwetting - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment (no sd) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁴ |

⁴ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable

² Results obtained from Cochrane review - results were presented as graphs in the paper

³ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

⁴ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who relapsed | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

Table 1.5-22: Dry bed training with an alarm compared to no treatment for children with bedwetting -Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of dry nights per week at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |

¹ Nawaz 2002 had unclear allocation concealment

Table 1.5-23: Dry bed training with an alarm compared to an alarm for children with bedwetting - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ Keating 1983 had no blinding and unclear allocation concealment ² Results obtained from Cochrane review - results were presented as graphs in the paper ³ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

⁴ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable

² The confidence interval crosses the MID

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Mean number of dry nights per week at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who relapsed | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ Nawaz 2002 had unclear allocation concealment ² The confidence interval crosses the MID

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Table 1.5-24: Enuresis alarm compared to no treatment - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 6 | randomised trial | Very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at end of treatment (no SDs) | 1 | randomised trial | Very serious ² | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Number of drop outs at end of trial | 2 | randomised trial | Very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁴ |

Table 1.5-25: Unsupervised enuresis alarm compared to supervised enuresis alarm - Clinical study characteristics

¹ The studies had unclear allocation concealment and blinding
² The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding
³ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not

The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at end of treatment (no SDs) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

Table 1.5-26: Enuresis alarm compared to imipramine - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Over 80% improvement in number of wet nights at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at end of treatment (no SDs) | 2 | randomised trial | very serious ³ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁴ |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at follow-up (no SDs) | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁴ |

Table 1.5-27: Enuresis alarm compared to amitriptyline - Clinical study characteristics

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding
² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)
³ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s) ³ The studies had unclear allocation concealment and blinding

⁴ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights per week after treatment (no SDs) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

Table 1.5-28: Enuresis alarm compared to enuresis alarm with desmopressin - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 4 consecutive dry weeks | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at end of treatment (no SDs) | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Number of children relapsed at 6 months | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of drop outs at end of trial | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | very serious ^{2,4} |

Table 1.5-29: Enuresis alarm and placebo compared to enuresis alarm and desmopressin - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcom | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--------|-------------------|--------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | | | | | | |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible

¹ The study had unclear blinding
² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

³ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible

Wide confidence interval - strong uncertainty of where the effect lies

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment

Table 1-5-30: Enuresis alarm compared to enuresis alarm and imipramine - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights per week at follow-up | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

Table 1.5-31: Enuresis alarm compared to dry bed training - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who dropped out | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.5-32: Enuresis alarm compared to enuresis alarm and retention control training - Clinical study characteristics

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 4 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Mean change of number of wet nights during treatment (no SDs) | 2 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁴ |
| Mean change of number of wet nights during follow up (no SDs) | 2 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁴ |
| Number of children who relapsed at 6 months | 2 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Number of children who relapsed at 12 months | 2 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Number of drop outs by end of trial | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

Table 1.5-33: Enuresis alarm compared to enuresis alarm and star charts for correct behaviour - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---------|-------------------|--------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | | | | | | |

¹ The studies had unclear allocation concealment and blinding
² The results from Fielding (1980) were from the Cochrane review
³ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)
⁴ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 dry consecutive nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of relapses at 2.5 years | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.5-34: Enuresis alarm compared to enuresis alarm and star charts for dry night - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 dry consecutive nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of relapses at 2.5 years | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.5-35: Enuresis alarm and star chart for correct behaviour compared to enuresis alarm and star charts for dry night - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Number of children who achieved 14 dry consecutive nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision ² |
| Number of relapses at 2.5 years | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.5-36: Enuresis alarm compared to no treatment for children with bedwetting - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 4 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2,3,4} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at end of treatment | 2 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,3} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁵ |
| Number of children who relapsed at 6 months | 2 | randomised trial | very serious ^{2,4} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁵ |
| Number of drop outs at end of trial | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁵ |

⁵ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.5-37: Pad and bell enuresis alarm compared to body worn enuresis alarm - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | no serious limitations | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at end of treatment (no SDs) | 1 | randomised trial | no serious limitations | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ Lynch (1984) had unclear allocation concealment and blinding
² Wagner (1982) had unclear allocation concealment and blinding
³ Nawaz (2002) had unclear allocation concealment
⁴ Wagner (1985) had unclear allocation concealment and only the patients were blinded

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who relapsed at 6 months | 1 | randomised trial | no serious limitations | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ |
| Number of drop outs at end of trial | 1 | randomised trial | no serious limitations | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ |

Table 1.5-38: Enuresis alarm compared to desmopressin - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who achieved 5 wet nights in 28 nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ³ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at end of treatment | 2 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,3} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who relapsed at 3 months | 2 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,3} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Number of children who dropped out by the end of the trial | 2 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,3} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Adverse event - False alarm | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ³ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |

¹ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)
² No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible

Table 1.5-39: Enuresis alarm compared to imipramine for children with bedwetting - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at end of treatment (no SDs) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Number of children who relapsed at 6 months | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.5-40: Enuresis alarm compared to enuresis alarm with desmopressin for children with bedwetting -Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

 ¹ Ng (2005) had unclear allocation concealment
 ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)
 ³ Wille (1986) had unclear allocation concealment and blinding

³ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who relapsed at 3 months | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who dropped out by the end of the trial | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

Table 1.5-41: Enuresis alarm compared to dry bed training for children with bedwetting - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who relapsed at 6 months | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.5-42: Enuresis alarm compared to enuresis alarm and retention control training for children with bedwetting - Clinical study characteristics

| Outco | me Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|-------|----------------------|--------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | | | | | | |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ³ |
| Number of children who relapsed at 6 months | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ³ |
| Number of children who relapsed at 12 months | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ³ |

Table 1.5-43: Enuresis alarm compared to desmopressin for children with monosymptomatic nocturnal enuresis - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive or a 90% improvement in the number of dry nights | 2 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| 50%-90% reduction in number of wet nights at end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ² | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Mean number of wet nights per month at end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ² | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Number of children relapsed at 6 months | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ² | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who dropped out of the trial | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

Table 1.5-44: Enuresis alarm compared to enuresis alarm with desmopressin for children with monosymptomatic nocturnal enuresis - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved at least 75% reduction in the number of wet nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ² | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who dropped out by the end of the trial | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.5-45: Enuresis alarm compared to no treatment for children with severe wetting - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ Longstaffe (2000) had unclear blinding
² Tuygun (2007) had unclear allocation concealment and blinding
³ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights per 3 weeks at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Number of drop outs at end of trial | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

Table 1.5-46: Enuresis alarm compared to enuresis alarm and desmopressin for children with severe wetting -Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 4 consecutive dry weeks | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at end of treatment (no SDs) | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Number of children relapsed at 6 months | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

Table 1.5-47: Enuresis alarm compared to enuresis alarm and desmopressin for children with family and behavioural problems - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---------|-------------------|--------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | | | | | | |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² Wide confidence interval - strong uncertainty of where the effect lies ³ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

¹ The study had unclear blinding
² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

³ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 4 consecutive dry weeks | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at end of treatment (no SDs) | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Number of Children relapsed at 6 months | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

Desmopressin and the management of bedwetting 1.6

Table 1.6-1: 20 micro grams intranasal desmopressin compared to placebo - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights in the last 2 weeks of treatment (no SDs) | 2 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

¹ Uygur (1997) had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² Muller (2001) had unclear allocation concealment

Table 1.6-2: Intranasal desmopressin compared to amitriptyline - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---------|-------------------|--------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | | | | | | |

¹ The study had unclear blinding
² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)
³ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible

³ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | no serious limitations | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | no serious limitations | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at follow up | 1 | randomised trial | no serious limitations | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ |
| Number of children who dropped out by end of trial | 1 | randomised trial | no serious limitations | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | very serious ^{1,2} |

Table 1.6-3: Intranasal desmopressin compared to imipramine - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week after treatment (no sd) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

Table 1.6-4 Tablet desmopressin compared to imipramine - Clinical study characteristics

¹ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)
² Wide confidence interval - strong uncertainty of where the effect lies

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding
² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)
³ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who dropped out by end of trial | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.6-5: Tablet desmopressin compared to imipramine for children with night and day wetting - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who had 0-1 wet nights per month | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.6-6: Intranasal desmopressin compared to intranasal desmopressin and amitriptyline - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | no serious limitations | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | no serious limitations | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ |

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights per week at end of follow up | 1 | randomised trial | no serious limitations | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ |
| Number of children who dropped out by end of trial | 1 | randomised trial | no serious limitations | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ |

¹ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.6-7: Tablet desmopressin compared to tablet desmopressin and oxybutynin - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who dropped out by end of trial | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.6-8: Tablet desmopressin compared to tablet desmopressin and oxybutynin for children with night and day wetting - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who had 0-1 wet nights per month | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 3 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2,3,4,5} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Mean number of wet nights per 2 weeks at end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | serious ^{3,5} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁶ |

¹ Ferrara (2008) had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² Schulman (2001) had unclear allocation concealment ³ Skoog (1997) had unclear allocation concealment ⁴ Results from Schulman (2001) from Cochrane review ⁵ Results from Skoog (1997) from Cochrane review ⁶ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.6-10: 0.4 mg tablet desmopressin compared to placebo - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 2 | randomised trial | serious ^{1,2,3,4} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Mean number of wet nights per 2 weeks at end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | serious ^{2,4} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |

Table 1.6-11: 0.6 mg tablet desmopressin compared to placebo - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 2 | randomised trial | serious ^{1,2,3,4} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁵ |

¹ Schulman (2001) had unclear allocation concealment ² Skoog (1997) had unclear allocation concealment ³ Results from Schulman (2001) from Cochrane review

⁴ Results from Skoog (1997) from Cochrane review

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights per 2 weeks at end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | serious ^{2,4} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |

Table 1.6-12: 0.2 mg tablet desmopressin compared to 0.4 mg tablet desmopressin - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 2 | randomised trial | serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Mean number of wet nights in last 2 weeks of treatment | 2 | randomised trial | serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

Table 1.6-13: 0.2 mg tablet desmopressin compared to 0.6 mg tablet desmopressin - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 2 | randomised trial | serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Mean number of wet nights in last 2 weeks of treatment | 2 | randomised trial | serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

¹ Schulman (2001) had unclear allocation concealment ² Skoog (1997) had unclear allocation concealment ³ Results from Schulman (2001) from Cochrane review ⁴ Results from Skoog (1997) from Cochrane review ⁵ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

¹ The studies had unclear allocation concealment ² Results from Schulman (2001) and Skoog (1997) from Cochrane review ³ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.6-14: 0.4 mg tablet desmopressin compared to 0.6 mg tablet desmopressin - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 2 | randomised trial | serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Mean number of wet nights in last 2 weeks of treatment | 2 | randomised trial | serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

Table 1.6-15: Tablet desmopressin compared to melt desmopressin - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights per week | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.6-16: Intranasal desmopressin compared to enuresis alarm for children with bedwetting - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 5 wet nights in 28 nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The studies had unclear allocation concealment ² Results from Schulman (2001) and Skoog (1997) from Cochrane review

³ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

¹ The studies had unclear allocation concealment ² Results from Schulman (2001) and Skoog (1997) from Cochrane review ³ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights per week at end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who dropped out by end of trial | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.6-17: Tablet desmopressin compared to enuresis alarm - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who relapsed at 3 months | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | very serious ^{2,3} |
| Number of children who dropped out at end of trial | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

Table 1.6-18: All desmopressin compared to enuresis alarm - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---------|-------------------|--------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | | | | | | |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s) ³ Wide confidence interval - strong uncertainty of where the effect lies

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 2 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment | 2 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of follow up | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Number of children who relapsed at 3 months | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Number of children who dropped out | 2 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

Table 1.6-19: Tablet desmopressin compared to imipramine for children with bedwetting - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who had 0-1 wet nights per month | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ Ng (2005) had unclear allocation concealment ² Wille (1986) had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ³ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.6-20: Tablet desmopressin compared to tablet desmopressin and enuresis alarm for children with bedwetting - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who relapsed at 3 months | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who dropped out by end of trial | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table1.6-21Tablet desmopressin compared to tablet desmopressin and oxybutynin for children with bedwetting - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who had 0-1 wet nights per month | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.6-22: 20 micro grams intranasal desmopressin compared to placebo for children with monosymptomatic nocturnal enuresis - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 2 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Mean number of wet nights in last 2 weeks of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ² | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Number of children who dropped out by end of trial | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

Table 1.6-23: 40 micro grams intranasal desmopressin compared to placebo for children with monosymptomatic nocturnal enuresis - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.6-24: 0.4 mg tablet desmopressin compared to placebo for children with monosymptomatic nocturnal enuresis - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---------|-------------------|--------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | | | | | | |

¹ Longstaffe (2000) had unclear blinding ² Rushton (1995) had unclear allocation concealment and blinding

³ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Mean number of wet nights per 2 weeks at end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ Yap (1998) had unclear allocation concealment ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.6-25: Intranasal desmopressin compared to enuresis alarm for children with monosymptomatic nocturnal enuresis - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who dropped out by end of trial | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

Table 1.6-26: Desmopressin compared to enuresis alarm - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| 50-90% reduction in the number of wet nights at end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per month at end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who relapsed at 6 months | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.6-27: All desmopressin compared to enuresis alarm for children with monosymptomatic nocturnal enuresis - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 2 | Randomised trial | serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| 50-90% reduction in the number of wet nights at end of treatment | 1 | Randomised trial | serious ² | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Mean number of wet nights per month at end of treatment | 1 | Randomised trial | serious ² | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who relapsed at 6 months | 1 | Randomised trial | serious ² | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Number of children who dropped out | 1 | Randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

Table 1.6-28: 10 micro grams intranasal desmopressin compared to placebo - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Mean number of wet nights per 2 weeks at end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding

Table 1.6-29: 40 micro grams intranasal desmopressin compared to placebo for young children - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | very serious ^{2,3} |
| Mean number of wet nights in the last 2 weeks of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |

¹ Longstaffe (2000) had unclear blinding
² Tuygun (2007) had unclear allocation concealment
³ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.6-30: 10 micro grams intranasal desmopressin compared to 40 micro grams intranasal desmopressin -Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.6-31: Side effects of tablet desmopressin compared to placebo - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children with vomiting causing withdrawal | 1 | randomised trial | serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Number of children with rrhinitis, pharyngitis, infection, headache or fever | 1 | randomised trial | serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

Table 1.6.32: Side effects of tablet desmopressin compared to melt desmopressin - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Number of children with headaches | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | very serious ^{2,3} |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s) ³ Wide confidence interval - strong uncertainty of where the effect lies

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment
² The results were taken from the Cochrane review and not the study
³ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Number of children with diarrhoea | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | very serious ^{2,3} |
| Number of children with viral gastroenteritis | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | very serious ^{2,3} |

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Table 1.7-1: Imipramine compared to placebo - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 6 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Number of children who had >80% improvement at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ³ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁴ |
| Number of children who showed >50% improvement in the number of dry nights | 2 | randomised trial | very serious ⁵ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁵ |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | serious ^{6,7} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁴ |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s) ³ Wide confidence interval - strong uncertainty of where the effect lies

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment (no sd) | 6 | randomised trial | very serious ^{5,8} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁹ |
| Mean number of wet nights per 2 weeks during treatment | 1 | randomised trial | serious ^{6,10} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁴ |
| Mean number of wet nights during 26 nights of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ³ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at follow up | 1 | randomised trial | serious ^{6,7} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁴ |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at follow up (no sd) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ³ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁹ |
| Number of children who dropped out | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{3,11} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | very serious ^{4,12} |

¹ All studies had unclear allocation concealment, 5 studies had unclear blinding

Table 1.7-2: Low dose imipramine compared to placebo - Clinical study characteristics

² Results from Agarwala (1968) and Poussaint (1965) were taken from Cochrane review

³ Study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding

⁴ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

⁵ Studies had unclear allocation concealment and blinding

⁶ Study had unclear allocation concealment

⁷ Results from Attenburrow (1984) from taken from the Cochrane review

⁸ Results from Drew (1966), Fournier (1987) and Harrison (1970) taken from the Cochrane review

⁹ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable

¹⁰ Results from Agarwala (1968) taken from the Cochrane review

¹¹ Results from Harrison (1970) taken from the Cochrane review

¹² Wide confidence interval - strong uncertainty of where the effect lies

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights during 26 nights of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.7-3: Low dose imipramine compared to high dose imipramine - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights during 26 nights of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ² |

¹ Study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.7-4: Imipramine compared to desmopressin - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who dropped out | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ² |

¹ Study had unclear allocation concealment

Table 1.7-5: Imipramine compared to desmopressin - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---------|---------|--------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | of | | | | | |
| | studies | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who had 0-1 wet nights per month | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,3} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment (no sd) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,3} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁴ |
| Mean number of wet nights per week after treatment with imipramine and desmopressin (separate treatments) (no sd) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,3} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁴ |

Table 1.7-6: Imipramine compared to alarm - Clinical study characteristics

¹ Study had unclear allocation concealment ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

³ Results taken from the Cochrane review

⁴ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who had >80% improvement in the number of dry nights at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who dropped out | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,3} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment (no sd) | 2 | randomised trial | very serious ^{3,4} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁵ |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of follow up (no sd) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁵ |

Table 1.7-7: Imipramine compared to imipramine and alarm - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of drop outs at end of trial | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |

¹ Study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding

² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

³ Results in Fournier (1982) were taken from the Cochrane review

⁴ The studies had unclear allocation concealment and blinding

⁵ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the many difference and Clauser pet estimable. possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights per week at follow-up (no SDs) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ³ |

¹ Study had unclear allocation concealment

Table 1.7-8: Imipramine compared to desmopressin and oxybutynin - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who dropped out | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ² |

Table 1.7-9: Imipramine compared to desmopressin and oxybutynin - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who had 0-1 wet nights per month | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ² |

² Results were taken from the Cochrane review

³ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable

¹ Study had unclear allocation concealment ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

¹ Study had unclear allocation concealment ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.7-10: Amitriptyline compared to placebo - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment (no sd) | 2 | randomised trial | serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ³ |

Table 1.7-11: Amitriptyline compared to desmopressin - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | no serious limitations | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ¹ |
| Number of children who dropped out of the trial | 1 | randomised trial | no serious limitations | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ¹ |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | no serious limitations | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ² |

¹ Study had unclear allocation concealment ² Results taken from the Cochrane review ³ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of follow up | 1 | randomised trial | no serious limitations | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ² |

Table 1.7-12: Amitriptyline compared to alarm - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment (no sd) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Median number of days to arrest | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

Table 1.7-13: Amitriptyline compared to amitriptyline and desmopressin - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---------|---------|--------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | of | | | | | |
| | studies | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

¹ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)
² No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable

Study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding
 No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | no serious limitations | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ |
| Number of children who dropped out of the trial | 1 | randomised trial | no serious limitations | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | no serious limitations | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of follow up | 1 | randomised trial | no serious limitations | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

Table 1.7-14: Nortriptyline compared to placebo - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------|
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment (no sds) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious1,2 | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious3 |

¹ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)
² No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding
² Results taken from the Cochrane review
³ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable

Table 1.7-15: Imipramine compared to placebo for children with bedwetting - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ² |
| Number of children who had >90% improvement in the number of dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ² |
| Number of children who had 50 to 90% improvement in the number of dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ² |
| Number of children who relapsed at 6 months | 2 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ² |

¹ Study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.7-16: Imipramine compared to desmopressin - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who had 0-1 wet nights per month | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

Table 1.7-17: Imipramine compared to oxybutynin - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 2 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ² |
| Number of children who had 50-90% improvement in the number of dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ³ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week during treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ³ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ³ |
| Number of children who relapsed at 6 months | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ³ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ² |

Table 1.7-18: Imipramine compared to alarm - Clinical study characteristics

¹ Study had unclear allocation concealment ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

¹ Studies had unclear allocation concealment ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s) ³ Study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who relapsed at 6 months | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at end of treatment (no SDs) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

Table 1.7-19: Imipramine compared to imipramine and oxybutynin - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 2 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ² |
| Number of children who had 50-90% improvement in the number of dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ³ | no serious inconsistency | serious ² | no serious imprecision |

¹ The study had clear allocation concealment and blinding
² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)
³ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible and the mean difference and CI were not estimable

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights per week during treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ³ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Number of children who relapsed at 6 months | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ³ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ² |

Table 1.7-20 : Imipramine compared to desmopressin and oxybutynin - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who had 0-1 wet nights per month | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

Table 1.7-21: Imipramine compared to placebo for children with severe wetting - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---------|---------|--------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | of | | | | | |
| | studies | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

¹ Studies had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s) ³ Study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding

¹ Study had unclear allocation concealment ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved >90% improvement in the number of dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | very serious ^{2,3} |

Table 1.7-22: Imipramine and placebo compared to placebo - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ² |
| Number of children who achieved greater than 50% improvement in the number of dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ² |

¹ Study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² the confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.7-23: Imipramine and placebo compared to nortriptyline and placebo - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---------|---------|--------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | of | | | | | |
| | studies | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

Study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding
 The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)
 Wide confidence interval - strong uncertainty of where the effect lies

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ² |
| Number of children who achieved greater than 50% improvement in the number of dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ² |

¹ Study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.7-24: Nortriptyline and placebo compared to placebo - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ² |
| Number of children who achieved greater than 50% improvement in the number of dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ² |

¹ Study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.7-25: Imipramine compared to placebo - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Number of children with anxiety | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | serious | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children with lethargy | 1 | randomised trial | serious ^{3,4} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | very serious ^{2,5} |
| Number of children with sleep disturbances | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children with dizziness | 1 | randomised trial | serious ^{3,4} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children with giddiness | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children with dizziness and dry mouth | 1 | randomised trial | serious ^{3,4} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children with gastrointestinal | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,4} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | very serious ^{2,5} |
| Number of children with upset stomach | 1 | randomised trial | serious ³ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | very serious ^{2,5} |
| Number of children with abdominal pain | 2 | randomised trial | no serious limitations | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children with abdominal pain and epistaxis | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children with vomiting and drowsiness leading to withdrawal | 1 | randomised trial | serious ^{3,4} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children with vomiting, sweating and sickness | 1 | randomised trial | serious ^{3,4} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children with anorexia | 1 | randomised trial | serious ^{3,4} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children with weight loss | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children with constipation | 1 | randomised trial | serious ^{3,4} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | very serious ² |

Table 1.7-26: Low dose imipramine compared to placebo - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children with anxiety | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ² |
| Number of children with sleep disturbances | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ² |

¹ Unclear allocation concealment and blinding
² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)
³ Unclear allocation concealment
⁴ Results taken from the Cochrane review
⁵ Wide confidence interval - strong uncertainty of where the effect lies

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children with abdominal pain | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ² |
| Number of children with weight loss | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ² |

Table 1.7-27: Low dose imipramine compared to high dose imipramine - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children with anxiety | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ² |
| Number of children with sleep disturbances | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ² |
| Number of children with abdominal pain | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ² |
| Number of children with weight loss | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Serious ² |

Table 1.7-28: Imipramine compared to desmopressin - Clinical study characteristics

¹ Unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² Wide confidence interval - strong uncertainty of where the effect lies

¹ Unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² Wide confidence interval - strong uncertainty of where the effect lies

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children with pallor, restlessness and cold extremities | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

Table 1.7-29: Amitriptyline compared to placebo - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who became irritable | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Number of children who were calmer | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Number of children who were drowsy | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Number of children with fatigue | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Number of children with stomach ache | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Number of children with lower appetite | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

¹ Unclear allocation concealment and blinding
² Results taken from the Cochrane review
³ Wide confidence interval - strong uncertainty of where the effect lies

Table 1.7-30: Nortiptyline compared to placebo - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Headache, aching arms and sore tummy | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

Table 1.7-31: Imipramine compared to placebo - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children with dry mouth or nausea | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ Unclear allocation concealment

Table 1.7-32: Imipramine compared to oxybutynin - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children with dry mouth or nausea | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

Unclear allocation concealment and blinding
 Results taken from the Cochrane review
 Wide confidence interval - strong uncertainty of where the effect lies

¹ Unclear allocation concealment and blinding
² Results taken from the Cochrane Review
³ Wide confidence interval - strong uncertainty of where the effect lies

² Wide confidence interval - strong uncertainty of where the effect lies

¹ Unclear allocation concealment ² Wide confidence interval - strong uncertainty of where the effect lies

Table 1.7-33: Imipramine compared to imipramine and oxybutynin - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children with dry mouth or nausea | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

Anticholinergic medication for the management of Nocturnal 1.8 **Enuresis**

Table 1.7-34: Oxybutynin compared to imipramine - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week during treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ Study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.7-35: Oxybutynin compared to oxybutynin and imipramine - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

Unclear allocation concealment and blinding
 Wide confidence interval - strong uncertainty of where the effect lies

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights per week during treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ Study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.7-36: Oxybutynin compared to placebo for children with monosymptomatic NE - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved >90% improvement in the number of dry nights dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who achieved 50 to 90% improvement in the number of dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who relapsed at 6 months | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ Study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.7-37: Oxybutynin compared to imipramine for children with monosymptomatic NE - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---------|-------------------|--------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | | | | | | |

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved >90% improvement in the number of dry nights dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who achieved 50 to 90% improvement in the number of dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who relapsed at 6 months | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ Study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.7-38: Oxybutynin compared to oxybutynin and imipramine for children with monosymptomatic NE - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved >90% improvement in the number of dry nights dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who achieved 50 to 90% improvement in the number of dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who relapsed at 6 months | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ Study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.7-39: Oxybutynin compared to placebo - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children with dry mouth or nausea | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ Study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding

Table 1.7-40: Oxybutynin compared to imipramine - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children with dry mouth or nausea | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ Study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 15-15: Oxybutynin compared to oxybutynin and imipramine - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children with dry mouth or nausea | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ Study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Dose escalation in the management of bedwetting 1.9

Table 1.9-1: Increasing desmopressin compared to placebo - Clinical study characteristics

² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Number of children who required full dosage of 0.6 mg desmopressin | 1 | randomised trial | serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Number of children who only required 0.2mg desmopressin | 1 | randomised trial | serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Number of children who only required 0.4mg desmopressin | 1 | randomised trial | serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | very serious ^{3,4} |
| Number of children who achieved over 50% reduction in number of wet nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{2, 5} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Mean number of wet nights in first 2 of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Mean number of wet nights in last 2 weeks of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Number of children who had dropped out by end of trial | 1 | randomised trial | serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | very serious ^{3,4} |

Treatment for children who do not respond to initial 1.10 treatment with desmopressin and / or enuresis alarms for the management of bedwetting

Table 1.10-1: Enuresis alarm compared to DBT for children resistant to enuresis alarms - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 2 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment (no sd) | 2 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,4} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁵ |
| Number of children who relapsed | 2 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Number of children who dropped out | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,6} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

¹ Studies had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² Result from Butler (1988) from Cochrane review

Table 1.10-2: Desmopressin compared to placebo for children resistant to enuresis alarms - Clinical study characteristics

¹ Results were obtained from Cochrane review, paper did not present this outcome

² Unclear allocation concealment

³ The confidence interval crossed the MID(s)

⁴ Wide confidence interval - strong uncertainty of where the effect lies

⁵ No intention to treat analysis

³ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

⁴ Results from Butler (1988) and Butler (1990) taken from the Cochrane review

⁵ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible

The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment (no sd) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,3} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁴ |
| Number of children who relapsed | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s) ³ Results taken from the Cochrane review

Table 1.10-3: Enuresis alarm and placebo compared to enuresis alarm and desmopressin for children resistant to enuresis alarm or desmopressin - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 28 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who dropped out | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.10-4: Desmopressin compared to placebo for children resistant to tricyclics - Clinical study characteristics

⁴ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per month at the end of treatment | 2 | randomised trial | serious ^{3,4} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Mean number of wet nights per month at follow up | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

Table 1.10-5: Desmopressin compared to placebo for children with severe wetting resistant to enuresis alarms -Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment (no sd) | 1 | randomised trial | serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment ² Results taken from the Cochrane review

Table 1.10-6: Desmopressin tablets compared to placebo for children with bedwetting resistant to enuresis alarms or desmopressin - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---------|-------------------|--------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | | | | | | |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment
² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)
³ The studies had unclear allocation concealment
⁴ Results from Tuvemo (1978) taken from the Cochrane review

³ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | serious ³ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment (no sd) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁴ |

Table 1.10-7: Desmopressin spray compared to placebo for children with bedwetting resistant to enuresis alarms or desmopressin - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment (no sd) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁴ |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and it was unclear who was blinded ² Results taken from the Cochrane review ³ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and it was unclear who was blinded
² Results taken from the Cochrane review
³ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)
⁴ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible

Table 1.10-8: Tablet desmopressin compared to intranasal desmopressin for children with bedwetting resistant to enuresis alarms or desmopressin - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment (no sd) | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁴ |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and it was unclear who was blinded ² Results taken from the Cochrane review

Table 1.10-9: Imipramine compared to placebo for children with bedwetting resistant to enuresis alarms and desmopressin - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | very serious ^{2,3} |
| Number of children who achieved >50% improvement | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights in the last 2 weeks of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

⁴ No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible

The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

4 No information on variability was given in the study, therefore calculation of standard deviation was not possible

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who dropped out | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

Table 1.10-10: Imipramine compared to tolterodine for children with bedwetting resistant to enuresis alarms and desmopressin - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | very serious ^{2,3} |
| Number of children who achieved >50% improvement | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights in the last 2 weeks of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who dropped out | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

Table 1.10-11: Tolterodine compared to placebo for children with bedwetting resistant to enuresis alarms and desmopressin - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---------|-------------------|--------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | | | | | | |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment
² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)
³ Wide confidence interval - strong uncertainty of where the effect lies

¹ The study unclear allocation concealment
² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)
³ Wide confidence interval - strong uncertainty of where the effect lies

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Number of children who achieved >50% improvement | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights in the last 2 weeks of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who dropped out | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.10-12: Desmopressin compared to placebo for children treatment resistant to imipramine therapy -Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.10-13: Desmopressin and placebo compared to desmopressin and tolterodine for monosymptomatic children resistant to desmopressin - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---------|-------------------|--------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | | | | | | |

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who achieved 50% improvement | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

Table 1.10-14: Enuresis alarm and desmopressin compared to enuresis alarm and placebo - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children with headaches | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.10-15: Desmopressin compared to placebo - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Number of children with headaches | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | very serious ^{2,3} |
| Number of children with abdominal pain | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | very serious ^{2,3} |
| Number of children with nausea and vertigo | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment
² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)
³ Wide confidence interval - strong uncertainty of where the effect lies

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children with slight mood change | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children with insomnia | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children with palpitations | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children with slight nausea | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment

Table 1.10-17: Tolterodine compared to imipramine - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children with slight mood change | 1 | randomised trial | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Children resistant to TRICYCLIC therapy

Desmopressin compared to placebo for children resistant to imipramine therapy Two randomised controlled trials, Aladjem (1982) (Aladjem et al. 137-40) and Tuvemo (1978) (Tuvemo 753-55) compared desmopressin to placebo in children who had not responded to tricyclics. Aladjem (1982) (Aladjem et al. 137-40) gave children 10 µg intranasal desmopressin and Tuvemo (1978) (Tuvemo 753-55) gave children 20 µg micrograms intranasal desmopressin.

² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.10-18: Desmopressin compared to placebo for children resistant to tricyclics - Clinical summary of findings

| Outcome | Desmopressin | Placebo | Relative risk (95% CI) | Absolute effect | Quality |
|---|--------------|-------------|------------------------------|---|----------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 6/15 (40%) | 1/17 (5.9%) | RR 6.8 (0.92 to 50.24) | 342 more per 1000 (from 5 fewer to 1000 more) | LOW |
| Mean number of wet nights per month at the end of treatment | 33 | 35 | - | MD -9.71 (- 10.93 to - 8.49) | MODERATE |
| Mean number of wet nights per month at follow up | 15 | 17 | - | MD -1.2 (- 7.54 to 5.14) | LOW |

Oxybutynin for children who had previously failed to respond to imipramine

One observational study **Kosar (1999)** (Kosar, Arikan, and Dincel 115-18)

considered oxybutynin treatment for children who had not responded to treatment with imipramine.. The study outcome was the mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment. Children had an age range of 6 to 18 years and had 3 months of treatment. All patients had failed to respond to imipramine (25 mg for children aged 6 to 8 years and 50 mg from children aged over 8 years). Children were given 10 mg daily oxybutynin for one month, if they did not respond they were given 15 mg daily oxybutynin for one month, they did not respond again their dose was increased to 20 mg daily oxybutynin.

Children resistant to IMIPRAMINE

Desmopressin compared to no treatment for children with bedwetting for children resistant to imipramine therapy

One randomised controlled trial **Terho (1984)** (Terho and Kekomaki 925-27) compared 20 µg intranasal desmopressin to no treatment for children resistant to imipramine.

Table 1.10-19: Desmopressin compared to placebo for children treatment resistant to imipramine therapy - Clinical summary of findings

| Outcome | Desmopressin | Placebo | Relative risk (95% CI) | Absolute effect | Quality |
|--|--------------|---------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------|
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment | 49 | 49 | - | MD -26.6 (- 37.46 to - 15.74) | LOW |

1.11 Psychological treatments for the management of bedwetting

Table 1.11-1: Psychotherapy compared to enuresis alarms - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ Study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding

Table 1.11-2: 3 step program compared to motivational therapy - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---------|-------------------|--------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | | | | | | |

² The confidence interval crossed the MID(s)

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | serious ² | serious ³ |
| Number of children who relapsed at 12 months | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | serious ² | serious ³ |

Table 1.11-3: 3 step program compared to imipramine - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | serious ² | serious ³ |
| Number of children who relapsed at 12 months | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | serious ² | serious ³ |

Table 1.11-4: Motivational therapy and 3 step program compared to imipramine - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | serious ² | no serious imprecision |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² 3 step program also included bladder training and random waking ³ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² 3 step program also included bladder training and random waking ³ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who relapsed at 12 months | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | serious ² | serious ³ |

Table 1.11-5: CBT compared to no treatment - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who became dry for 3 weeks | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per 3 weeks at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |
| Number of children who dropped out | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |

Table 1.11-6: CBT compared to enuresis alarms - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who became dry for 3 weeks | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per 3 weeks at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² 3 step program also included bladder training and random waking ³ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² Wide confidence interval - strong uncertainty of where the effect lies

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children failed or relapsed at 6 months | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who dropped out | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.11-7: CBT compared to enuresis star charts - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who became dry for 3 weeks | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Mean number of wet nights per 3 weeks at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children failed or relapsed at 6 months | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who dropped out | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Information and Educational interventions for the 1.12 management of bedwetting

Table 1.12-1: CD Rom information and enuresis alarm intervention compared to usual enuresis alarm treatment - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---------|-------------------|--------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | | | | | | |

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | Very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who relapsed at 6 months | 1 | randomised trial | Very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ Study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding

Table 1.12-2: Written leaflet information and enuresis alarm intervention compared to usual enuresis alarm treatment - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | Very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who relapsed at 6 months | 1 | randomised trial | Very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ Study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.12-3: CD rom information and enuresis alarm intervention compared to written leaflet information and enuresis alarm intervention - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | Very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who relapsed at 6 months | 1 | randomised trial | Very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

¹ Study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MIDs

Alternative treatments for the management of bedwetting

Table 1.13-1: Hypnotherapy compared to imipramine - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who became completely dry or had a reduced number of wet nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who relapsed at 6 months | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

Table 1.13-2: Acupuncture compared to sham acupuncture - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Number of children who failed to achieve 14 consecutive dry nights or relapsed after treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

Table 1.13-3: Chiropractic treatment compared to no treatment - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of 2 weeks of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding

Table 1.13-4: Chiropractic treatment compared to sham chiropractic treatment - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Number of children who had greater than 50% improvement in the number of dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | very serious ^{3,4} |
| Mean number of wet nights per 2 weeks at follow up | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² Results taken from the Cochrane review

Table 1.13-5: Homotoxicological remedies compared to placebo - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | Very serious ^{2,3} |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² Results taken from the Cochrane review ³ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

² Results taken from the Cochrane review

³ Study did not give standard deviations - unclear estimate of effect

³ The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)

⁴ Wide confidence interval - strong uncertainty of where the effect lies

Table 1.13-6: Homotoxicological remedies compared to desmopressin - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Number of children who achieved 14 consecutive dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding

Table 1.13-7: Trance with suggestions compared to no treatment - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at follow up | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

Table 1.13-8: Suggestions without trance compared to no treatment - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at follow up | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding
² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)
³ Wide confidence interval - strong uncertainty of where the effect lies

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² Results from Cochrane review ³ Study did not give standard deviations - unclear estimate of effect

Table 1.13-9: Trance without suggestions compared to no treatment - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at follow up | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² Results taken from the Cochrane review

Table 1.13-10: Trance with suggestions compared to suggestions without trance - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at follow up | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² Results taken from the Cochrane review

Table 1.13-11: Trance with suggestions compared to trance without suggestions - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---------|-------------------|--------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | | | | | | |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² Results from Cochrane review

³ Study did not give standard deviations - unclear estimate of effect

³ Study did not give standard deviations - unclear estimate of effect

³ Study did not give standard deviations - unclear estimate of effect

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at follow up | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

Table 1.13-12: Suggestions without trance compared to trance without suggestions - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Mean number of wet nights per week at the end of treatment | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |
| Mean number of wet nights per week at follow up | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ^{1,2} | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ |

Table 1.13-13: Laser acupuncture compared to desmopressin - Clinical study characteristics

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|---------|-------------------|--------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | | | | | | |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² Results taken from the Cochrane review ³ Study did not give standard deviations - unclear estimate of effect

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² Results taken from the Cochrane review ³ Study did not give standard deviations - unclear estimate of effect

| Outcome | Number of studies | Design | Limitations | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of children who achieved at greater than 90% improvement in the number of dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |
| Number of children who achieved 50% to 90% improvement in the number of dry nights | 1 | randomised trial | very serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² |

¹ The study had unclear allocation concealment and blinding ² The confidence interval crosses the MID(s)