As outlined in the guidelines manual NICE has a duty to take reasonable action to avoid unlawful discrimination and promote equality of opportunities. The purpose of this form is to document that equalities issues have been considered in reaching the final scope for a clinical guideline.

Taking into account each of the equality characteristics below the form needs:

- To confirm that equality issues have been considered at every stage of the scoping (from drafting the key clinical issues, stakeholder involvement and wider consultation to the final scope)
- Where groups are excluded from the scope, to comment on any likely implications for NICE’s duties under equality legislation
- To highlight planned action relevant to equalities.

This form is completed by the National Collaborating Centre (NCC) Director and the Guideline Development Group (GDG) Chair for each guideline and submitted with the final scope for sign off by the Chair of the Guidelines Review Panel (GRP) and the lead from the Centre for Clinical Practice.
# EQUALITY CHARACTERISTICS

**Sex/gender**
- Women
- Men

**Ethnicity**
- Asian or Asian British
- Black or black British
- People of mixed race
- Irish
- White British
- Chinese
- Other minority ethnic groups not listed

**Disability**
- Sensory
- Learning disability
- Mental health
- Cognitive
- Mobility
- Other impairment

**Age**\(^1\)
- Older people
- Children and young people
- Young adults

\(^1\) Definitions of age groups may vary according to policy or other context.

**Sexual orientation & gender identity**
- Lesbians
- Gay men
- Bisexual people
- Transgender people

**Religion and belief**

**Socio-economic status**

Depending on policy or other context, this may cover factors such as social exclusion and deprivation associated with geographical areas (e.g. the Spearhead Group of local authorities and PCTs, neighbourhood renewal fund areas etc) or inequalities or variations associated with other geographical distinctions (e.g. the North/South divide, urban versus rural).

**Other categories**\(^2\)
- Travellers
- Refugees and asylum seekers
- Migrant workers
- Looked after children
- Homeless people

\(^2\) This list is illustrative rather than comprehensive.
GUIDELINES EQUALITY IMPACT ASSESSMENT FORM: SCOPING

Guideline title: The Epilepsies Update

1. Have relevant equality issues been identified during scoping?
   - Please state briefly any relevant issues identified and the plans to tackle them during development
   - For example
     o if the effect of an intervention may vary by ethnic group, what plans are there to investigate this?
     o If a test is likely to be used to define eligibility for an intervention, how will the GDG consider whether all groups can complete the test?

This update guideline only covers the pharmacological management of the epilepsies in adults and children in primary and secondary care.

Antiepileptic drug (AEDs) treatment is not different within the ethnic minorities and learning disabilities populations. The only sub groups where particular issues are raised are with women who are pregnant or of child-bearing age and older people. A specific subgroup modified GRADE profile or a separate clinical question will be formulated to address the specific issues for this particular group.
2. If there are exclusions listed in the scope (for example, populations, treatments or settings) are these justified?

- Are the reasons legitimate? (they do not discriminate against a particular group)
- Is the exclusion proportionate or is there another approach?

This update guideline only covers the pharmacological management of the epilepsies in adults and children in primary and secondary care.

This update guideline does not specifically exclude specific groups of the general population. People from ethnic minorities and people with learning disabilities will be included in the update guideline, however they have not been specifically listed as subgroups as AED treatment is not different within these populations.

The guideline only excludes neonates, which was an exclusion present in the original guideline. This is currently considered to be a separate group that would require separate guidance.

3. Have relevant bodies and stakeholders been consulted?

- Have relevant bodies been consulted?
- Have comments from stakeholders that highlight potential for discrimination or promoting equality been considered in the final draft?

All stakeholder comments that highlight potential for discrimination or promoting equality have been considered. The view is that the present scope does not discriminate any group, as people from ethnic minorities and people with learning disabilities will be included. These groups have not been specifically listed as subgroups as AED treatment is not different within these populations.