

## HTG236 - Minimally invasive total hip replacement

SNOMED CT provides clinical terms for entry into the patient record to record clinical information relevant to that encounter; the mandated classifications (OPCS-4 or ICD-10) provide a method to collect and aggregate data to allow accurate and consistent data analysis.

### Procedure and device:

#### SNOMED CT preferred term (concept ID)

#### OPCS-4 code(s):

A code from one of the following OPCS-4 categories is assigned with the fourth character depending on the type of replacement procedure performed:

**W37.- Total prosthetic replacement of hip joint using cement**

**W38.- Total prosthetic replacement of hip joint not using cement**

**W39.- Other total prosthetic replacement of hip joint**

**W93.- Hybrid prosthetic replacement of hip joint using cemented acetabular component**

**W94.- Hybrid prosthetic replacement of hip joint using cemented femoral component**

**W95.- Hybrid prosthetic replacement of hip joint using cement**

Together with the following code to denote minimally invasive approach:

**Y76.9 Unspecified minimal access to other body cavity**

*Includes: Minimally invasive approach to other body area NEC*

**Note:** The OPCS-4 code **Y53.4 Approach to organ under fluoroscopic control** can be assigned in addition if fluoroscopic guidance is utilised.

### Diagnosis or health condition:

#### SNOMED CT preferred term (concept ID)

#### ICD-10 code(s):

## **Clinical coding recommendations for NICE guidance**

For each published interventional procedure and medical technologies guidance, we work with NHS Digital to provide relevant clinical coding information.

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The UK Edition of SNOMED CT is managed by the Clinical Terminology Service of NHS Digital. For further information including licensing, see [UK Terminology Centre — NHS Digital](#).

The Clinical Classifications Service of NHS Digital is the central definitive source for clinical coding guidance and determines the coding standards associated with the classifications (OPCS-4 and ICD-10) to be used across the NHS. The Clinical Classifications Service and NICE work collaboratively to ensure the most appropriate classification codes are provided. [Clinical Classifications Service — NHS Digital](#).