

HTG456 Surgical repair of vaginal wall prolapse using mesh

SNOMED CT provides clinical terms for entry into the patient record to record clinical information relevant to that encounter; the mandated classifications (OPCS-4 or ICD-10) provide a method to collect and aggregate data to allow accurate and consistent data analysis.

Procedure and device:

SNOMED CT preferred term (concept ID)

Anterior mesh vaginal repair (314487008)

Posterior colporrhaphy with mesh (429574002)

OPCS-4 code(s):

One of the following OPCS-4 codes is selected as appropriate:

P23.6 Anterior colporrhaphy with mesh reinforcement

Or

P23.7 Posterior colporrhaphy with mesh reinforcement

Plus one of the following codes if type of mesh is known:

Y28.1 Insertion of synthetic mesh into organ NOC

Or

Y28.2 Insertion of biological mesh into organ NOC

Or

Y28.3 Insertion of composite mesh into organ NOC

Diagnosis or health condition:

SNOMED CT preferred term (concept ID)

Vaginal wall prolapse (398022005)

ICD-10 code(s):

One of the following ICD-10 codes is selected as appropriate:

N81.1 Cystocele

Or

N81.2 Incomplete uterovaginal prolapse

Or

N81.3 Complete uterovaginal prolapse

Or

N81.4 Uterovaginal prolapse, unspecified

Or

N81.6 Rectocele

Clinical coding recommendations for NICE guidance

For each published interventional procedure and medical technologies guidance, we work with NHS Digital to provide relevant clinical coding information.

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The mandated classifications (OPCS-4 or ICD-10) provide a method to collect and aggregate data to allow accurate and consistent data analysis.

NICE and NHS Digital Information Representation Services work collaboratively to ensure the most appropriate SNOMED CT, OPCS-4 and ICD codes are provided.

NHS Digital is the national release centre for the UK edition of SNOMED CT, ICD and OPCS-4. Further SNOMED CT information including licensing, see [here](#). Further Classifications information, see [here](#).