

# HTG490 Subcutaneous automated low-flow pump implantation for refractory ascites caused by cirrhosis

## Procedure and device:

### OPCS-4 code(s):

**T46.2 Drainage of ascites NEC**

**Y75.2 Laparoscopic approach to abdominal cavity NEC (if performed laparoscopically)**

**M49.8 Other specified other operations on bladder**

**Y75.2 Laparoscopic approach to abdominal cavity NEC (if performed laparoscopically)**

**Y02.1 Implantation of prosthesis into organ NOC**

**S62.8 Other specified other operations on subcutaneous tissue**

**Y75.2 Laparoscopic approach to abdominal cavity NEC (if performed laparoscopically)**

**Z92.6 Abdomen NEC**

## Diagnosis or health condition:

### ICD-10 code(s):

**K74.6 Other and unspecified cirrhosis of liver**

Or

**K70.3 Alcoholic cirrhosis of liver**

Plus

**R18.X Ascites**

**Note:** Code **R18.X** is classified to ICD-10 **Chapter XVIII Signs, symptoms and abnormal laboratory findings**. Generally, codes from this chapter are only assigned where no specific diagnosis has been made that explains the symptom. However, these codes may be used in a secondary position to a code for a specific diagnosis, where a symptom is treated as a problem in its own right. Consequently, **R18.X** may be sequenced in a secondary position.

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## Clinical coding recommendations for NICE guidance

For each published interventional procedure guidance, we work with NHS England to provide relevant clinical coding information.

The mandated classifications (OPCS-4 or ICD-10) provide a method to collect and aggregate data to allow accurate and consistent data analysis.

NICE and NHS England Terminology and Classifications Delivery Service work collaboratively to ensure the most appropriate OPCS-4 and ICD-10 codes are provided.

NHS England is the national release centre for the UK edition of ICD-10 and OPCS-4. Further Classifications information, see [here](#).