NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR HEALTH AND CARE EXCELLENCE

INTERVENTIONAL PROCEDURES PROGRAMME

Equality impact assessment

IPG598 Hypoglossal nerve stimulation for moderate to severe obstructive sleep apnoea

The impact on equality has been assessed during guidance development according to the principles of the NICE Equality scheme.

Briefing

1. Have any potential equality issues been identified during the briefing process (development of the brief or discussion at the committee meeting), and, if so, what are they?

Age: Obstructive sleep apnoea is more common in people who are over 40.

Gender: Obstructive sleep apnoea is more common in men than in women.

Disability: Some people with severe obstructive sleep apnoea are likely to be covered by the Equality Act 2010 if their condition has had a substantial adverse impact on normal day to day activities for over 12 months or is likely to do so.

Socioeconomic status: Obstructive sleep apnoea is more common in people of lower socioeconomic status.

2. What is the preliminary view as to what extent these potential equality issues need addressing by the committee? (If there are exclusions listed in the brief (for example, populations, treatments or settings), are these justified?)

This was not thought to have an impact on the assessment of the procedure. No exclusions were applied.

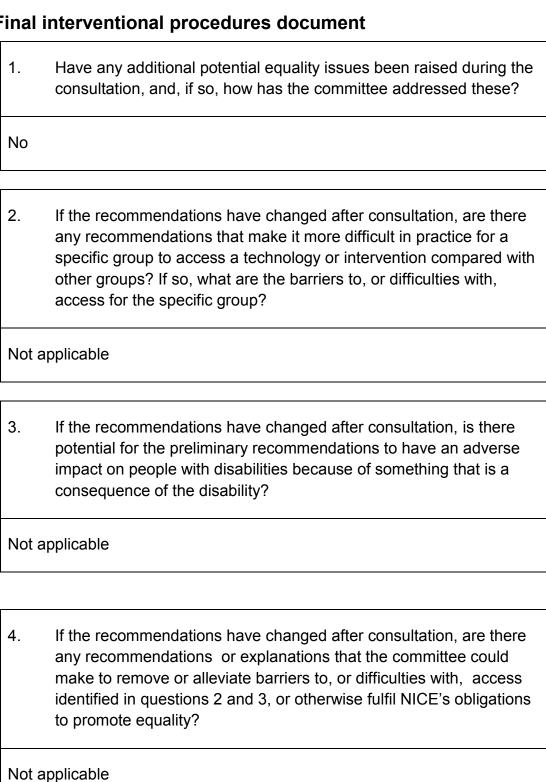
3.	Has any change to the brief (such as additional issues raised during the committee meeting) been agreed to highlight potential equality issues?
No	
4.	Have any additional stakeholders related to potential equality issues been identified during the committee meeting, and, if so, have changes to the stakeholder list been made?'
No	
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Jonsi	ıltation
1.	Have the potential equality issues identified during the briefing process been addressed by the committee, and, if so, how?
Age: Mean 56 years for patients included in the overview (for whom data on age were reported).	
Gender: 87% (246/283) of patients included in the overview were male (for whom data on gender were reported).	
-	pecific data relating to socioeconomic status was identified in the ure presented in the overview.
2.	Have any other potential equality issues been raised in the overview, specialist adviser questionnaires or patient commentary, and, if so, how has the committee addressed these?
No	

3.	Have any other potential equality issues been identified by the committee, and, if so, how has the committee addressed these?	
No		
4.	Do the preliminary recommendations make it more difficult in practice for a specific group to access a technology or intervention compared with other groups? If so, what are the barriers to, or difficulties with, access for the specific group?	
No		
5.	Is there potential for the preliminary recommendations to have an adverse impact on people with disabilities because of something that is a consequence of the disability?	
Not applicable		
6.	Are there any recommendations or explanations that the committee could make to remove or alleviate barriers to, or difficulties with, access identified in questions 4 or 5, or otherwise fulfil NICE's obligation to promote equality?	
Not applicable		
7.	Have the committee's considerations of equality issues been described in the consultation document, and, if so, where?	
No		

Approved by Programme Director and Clinical Advisor

Date: 04/10/2017

Final interventional procedures document



5.	Have the committee's considerations of equality issues been described in the final interventional procedures document, and, if so, where?
No	

Approved by Programme Director

Date: 5 October 2017