

1.0.7 DOC EIA

NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR HEALTH AND CARE EXCELLENCE

NICE guidelines

Equality impact assessment

Subarachnoid haemorrhage caused by a ruptured aneurysm: diagnosis and management

The impact on equality has been assessed during guidance development according to the principles of the NICE equality policy.

1.0 Checking for updates and scope: before scope consultation (to be completed by the Developer and submitted with the draft scope for consultation)

1.1 Have any potential equality issues been identified during the check for an update or during development of the draft scope, and, if so, what are they?

The risk of subarachnoid haemorrhage is greater in women (ratio 3:2).

Accurate description of symptoms is key in the diagnosis of subarachnoid haemorrhage and this is more difficult in people with learning disabilities who have communication difficulties.

1.2 What is the preliminary view on the extent to which these potential equality issues need addressing by the Committee? For example, if population groups, treatments or settings are excluded from the scope, are these exclusions justified – that is, are the reasons legitimate and the exclusion proportionate?

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No populations are excluded from the scope.

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