

Type 2 diabetes in adults: management (medicines update)

[F1.2] Evidence reviews for subsequent pharmacological management of type 2 diabetes: sections 1.1.7 to 1.1.14

NICE guideline

Evidence reviews underpinning recommendations 1.9.1 to 1.9.5, 1.10.1 to 1.18.4, 1.19.1 to 1.19.3, 1.22.1 to 1.31.2 and recommendations for research in the NICE guideline

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Final

This evidence review was developed by NICE

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1.1.7. Summary of the effectiveness evidence (pairwise meta-analysis)

1.1.7.1. The following tables report both the hazard ratios as reported by studies and also the absolute risk reduction per thousand people where the raw number of events for each outcome are available. Hazard ratio data have not been converted to absolute risk reduction. Model 1: People with type 2 diabetes and heart failure

1.1.7.1.1. Adding - A single therapy compared to placebo

Table 1: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for adding individual drugs (GLP-1 receptor agonists and SGLT-2 inhibitors) compared to adding placebo for people with type 2 diabetes with heart failure

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|---|------------------------|--|------------------------|---|---|---|------------------------|------------------------|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=1,667), Moderate quality, 16 fewer per 1000 (45 fewer to 20 more) HR 0.89 (0.70 to 1.13) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=616), Low quality, 13 fewer per 1000 (26 fewer to 20 more) | 2 studies (n=2,113), Moderate quality, HR 0.78 (0.60 to 1.00) | 1 study (n=1,724), Low quality, 15 fewer per 1000 (43 fewer to 20 more) HR 0.87 (0.68 to 1.12) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiovascular mortality | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=1,1667), Moderate | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=616), Low quality, 10 | 1 study (n=1,461), Moderate quality, | 1 study (n=1,724), Very low | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|--|---|------------------------|---|---|---|------------------------|---|
| | | quality, 15 fewer per 1000 (38 fewer to 16 more) HR 0.85 (0.63 to 1.15) | | fewer per 1000 (13 fewer to 16 more) | HR 0.72 (0.51 to 1.02) | quality, 3 more per 1000 (20 fewer to 35 more) HR 1.01 (0.73 to 1.40) | | |
| 3-item MACE | 1 study (n=2,389), High quality, 3 more per 1000 (27 fewer to 37 more) HR 0.97 (0.81 to 1.16) | 1 study (n=1,667), Moderate quality, 34 fewer per 1000 (54 fewer to 4 more) HR 0.81 (0.65 to 1.01) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=573), Low quality, 5 more per 1000 (39 fewer to 73 more) HR 1.03 (0.64 to 1.66) | 2 studies (n=2,119), Moderate quality, HR 0.84 (0.67 to 1.04) | 1 study (n=1,724), Low quality, 6 more per 1000 (27 fewer to 47 more) HR 1.01 (0.81 to 1.26) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=1,957), Moderate quality, 10 more per 1000 (21 fewer to 48 more) HR 1.05 (0.82 to 1.34) |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|------------------------|---|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---|------------------------|------------------------|
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=1,667), Low quality, 4 fewer per 1000 (17 fewer to 18 more) HR 0.89 (0.53 to 1.49) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=1,724), Very low quality, 8 more per 1000 (9 fewer to 34 more) HR 1.21 (0.77 to 1.90) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=1,667), Moderate quality, 21 fewer per 1000 (39 fewer to 6 more) HR 0.74 (0.52 to 1.05) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=1,724), Low quality, 10 fewer per 1000 (31 fewer to 19 more) HR 0.85 (0.61 to 1.18) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=1,667), Low quality, 10 fewer per 1000 (21 fewer to 9 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | Moderate quality HR 0.72 (0.42 to 1.23) | | | | | | |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=1,667), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (29 fewer to 36 more) HR 0.98 (0.75 to 1.28) | 1 study (n=1,358), Low quality, 5 fewer per 1000 (32 fewer to 31 more) HR 0.93 (0.66 to 1.31) | 1 study (n=616), Moderate quality, 36 fewer per 1000 (49 fewer to 6 fewer) HR 0.40 (0.15 to 1.07) | 2 studies, (n=2,113), Moderate quality, HR 0.62 (0.45 to 0.84) | 1 study (n=1,724), Low quality, 30 fewer per 1000 (53 fewer to 1 more) HR 0.73 (0.55 to 0.97) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=1,957), Moderate quality, 28 fewer per 1000 (44 fewer to 6 fewer) HR 0.63 (0.44 to 0.90) |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcome identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=616), Low quality, 16 fewer per 1000 (22 fewer to 8 more) | 1 study (n=652), Low quality, HR 0.75 (0.40 to 1.41) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=599), Moderate quality, 78 fewer (117 | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---|---|------------------------|
| worsening kidney disease | | | | | | | fewer to 22 fewer) High quality, HR 0.5 (0.33 to 0.76) | |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=1,724), Low quality, 16 fewer per 1000 (34 fewer to 10 more) HR 0.78 (0.55 to 1.11) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=616), Low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (23 fewer to 47 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=616), High quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (0 fewer to 0 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| HbA1c change | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=616), High quality, | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | | | | MD 0.80 % lower (1.00 lower to 0.60 lower) | | | | |
| Weight change | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=616), High quality, MD 6.40 kg lower (7.60 lower to 5.20 lower) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

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2 **Table 2: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for adding individual drugs (DPP-4 inhibitors) compared to adding placebo for people**
3 **with type 2 diabetes with heart failure**

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=254), Moderate quality, 54 more per 1000 (4 fewer to 231 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin |
|--|--|---|---|--|
| Cardiovascular mortality | 1 study (n=1,533), Very low quality, 19 fewer per 1000 (40 fewer to 10 more) HR 0.77 (0.54 to 1.10) | 1 study (n=1,1873), Low quality, HR 0.96 (0.73 to 1.26) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=254), Low quality, 23 more per 1000 (15 fewer to 150 more) |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | 1 study (n=1,533), Very low quality, 20 fewer per 1000 (53 fewer to 20 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=2,643), Moderate quality, HR 0.97 (0.80 to 1.18) | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | 1 study (n=1,533), Very low quality, 6 more per 1000 (3 fewer to 31 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=254), Low quality, 24 fewer per 1000 (31 fewer to 37 more) |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | 1 study (n=1,533), Very low quality, 3 more per 1000 (22 fewer to 37 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | 1 study (n=1,533), Very low quality, 8 fewer per 1000 (12 fewer to 4 more) HR 0.89 (0.70 to 1.13) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | 1 study (n=1,533), Very low quality, 4 fewer per | 1 study (n=1,873), Moderate quality, 14 fewer | 1 study (n=2,643), Moderate quality, 4 more | 1 study (n=254), High quality, 22 more per 1000 (33 fewer to 144 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin |
|---|--|--|--|---|
| | 1000 (27 fewer to 29 more) HR 1.00 (0.71 to 1.41) | per 1000 (39 fewer to 18 more) HR 0.88 (0.68 to 1.14) | per 1000 (14 fewer to 28 more) Low quality HR 1.05 (0.79 to 1.40) | |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=254), Low quality, 39 more per 1000 (10 fewer to 191 more) |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=254), Low quality, 9 fewer per 1000 (39 fewer to 80 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| HbA1c change | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=227), Very low quality, MD 0.36% lower (0.71 lower to 0.01 lower) |
| Weight change | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

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1.1.7.1.2. Adding - A single therapy compared to insulin

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Table 3: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for adding individual drugs compared to adding insulin for people with type 2 diabetes with heart failure

4

| Outcomes for drugs compared to insulin | Sitagliptin | Exenatide | Liraglutide |
|--|------------------------|---|------------------------|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=26), Very low quality, 72 more per 1000 (63 fewer to 206 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiovascular mortality | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to insulin | Sitagliptin | Exenatide | Liraglutide |
|---|--|------------------------|--|
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | 1 study (n=22), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (161 fewer to 161 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=22), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (161 fewer to 161 more) |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to insulin | Sitagliptin | Exenatide | Liraglutide |
|--|--|---|---|
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=22), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (161 fewer to 161 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=22), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (161 fewer to 161 more) |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=22), Very low quality, MD 1.30% higher (0.11 to 2.49 higher) | 1 study (n=23), Very low quality, MD 0.3% higher (0.89 lower to 1.49 higher) | 1 study (n=22), Very low quality, MD 0.20% higher (0.99 lower to 1.39 higher) |
| Weight change | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=23), Very low quality, MD 2.40 kg/m ² lower (5.14 lower to 0.34 higher) | No outcomes identified |

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2 **1.1.7.2. Model 2: People with type 2 diabetes and cardiovascular disease**

3 **1.1.7.2.1. Adding - A single therapy compared to placebo**

4 **Table 6: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for adding individual drugs (GLP-1 receptor agonists and SGLT-2 inhibitors)**
5 **compared to adding placebo for people with type 2 diabetes with cardiovascular disease**

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Lixisenatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Lixisenatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|--|---|---|---|--|---|---|
| All-cause mortality | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=6,068), Moderate quality, 4 fewer per 1000 (15 fewer to 10 more) HR 0.94 (0.78 to 1.13) | 1 study (n=6,656), Moderate quality, HR 0.9 (0.75, 1.07) | 3 studies (n=8,861), Moderate quality, 4 fewer per 1000 (14 fewer to 7 more), Low quality HR 0.92 (0.79 to 1.07) | 3 studies (n=7,210), Moderate quality, 25 fewer per 1000 (38 fewer to 12 fewer) HR 0.68 (0.57, 0.81) | 1 study (n=8,246), High quality, 6 fewer per 1000 (18 fewer to 7 more), HR 0.93 (0.80 to 1.08) |
| Cardiovascular mortality | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=6,068), Moderate quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (11 fewer to 12 more) HR 0.98 (0.78, 1.22) | 1 study (n=6,656), Moderate quality, HR 0.86 (0.70, 1.06) | 3 studies (n=8,861), Low quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (8 fewer to 7 more), HR 0.94 (0.76 to 1.16) | 3 studies (n=7,210), Moderate quality, 20 fewer per 1000 (31 fewer to 10 fewer) Moderate quality HR 0.62 (0.49, 0.78) | 1 study (n=8,246), Moderate quality, 5 fewer per 1000 (15 fewer to 7 more), HR 0.92 (0.77 to 1.10) |
| 3-item MACE | 1 study (n=3,114), Low quality, 23 fewer per 1000 (47 fewer to 5 more), HR 0.87 (0.74 to 1.02) | 1 study (n=10,782), High quality, 12 fewer per 1000 (24 fewer to 1 more), HR 0.9 (0.82 to 0.99) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=6,656), Moderate quality, HR 0.83 (0.72, 0.95) | 1 study (n=6,974), Moderate quality, 14 fewer per 1000 (29 fewer to 2 more), Low | 1 study (n=97), Moderate quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (39 fewer to 39 more) | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Lixisenatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|---|---|--|--|---|
| | | | | | quality, HR 0.90 (0.79 to 1.03) | | |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=7,020), Moderate quality, 15 fewer per 1000 (30 fewer to 2 more) HR 0.89 (0.8, 0.99) | 1 study (n=8,246), High quality, 10 fewer per 1000 (25 fewer to 7 more), HR 0.92 (0.82 to 1.03) |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=6,068), High quality, 4 fewer per 1000 (21 fewer to 15 more) HR 0.97 (0.85, 1.10) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=6,656), Moderate quality, HR 0.88 (0.67, 1.16) | 1 study (n=6,974), Low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (9 fewer to 9 more), HR 0.97 (0.76 to 1.24) | 2 studies (n=7,117), Very low quality, 6 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 14 more) | 1 study (n=8,246), Low quality, 0 more per 1000 (7 fewer to 9 more), HR 1.00 (0.76 to 1.32) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Lixisenatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|---|--|--|---|--|
| | | | | | | Moderate quality, HR 1.24 (0.92, 1.67) | |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 outcome, 1 study (n=6,656), Moderate quality, HR 0.79 (0.63, 0.99) | 2 studies (n=7,896), Very low quality, 10 fewer per 1000 (22 fewer to 2 more) Low quality, HR 0.87 (0.74 to 1.02) | 2 studies (n=7,117), Very low quality, 6 fewer per 1000 (17 fewer to 4 more) Moderate quality (1 study) HR 0.87 (0.70, 1.80) | 1 study (n=8,246), Moderate quality, 2 more per 1000 (7 fewer to 14 more), HR 1.04 (0.86 to 1.26) |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=6,068), Low quality, 0 more per 1000 (3 fewer to 3 more) HR 1.11 (0.47, 2.59) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=922), Very low quality, 9 fewer per 1000 (22 fewer to 5 more) | 2 studies (n=7,113), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (8 fewer to 9 more) HR 0.99 (0.74, 1.32) | 1 study (n=8,238), Moderate quality, 6 fewer per 1000 (12 fewer to 2 more) |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=6,068), Moderate quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (10 fewer to 9 more) | 1 study (n=6,656), Moderate quality, HR 0.68 (0.51, 0.90) | 2 studies (n=7,896), Low quality, 10 fewer per 1000 (17 fewer to 1 fewer), | 2 studies (n=7,117), Moderate quality, 14 fewer per 1000 | 1 study (n=8,246), Moderate quality, 11 fewer per 1000 (16 |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Lixisenatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---|---|---|--|
| | | | HR 0.96 (0.75, 1.23) | | HR 0.78 (0.63 to 0.97) | (23 fewer to 4 fewer) HR 0.65 (0.50, 0.85) | fewer to 3 fewer HR 0.7 (0.54 to 0.91) |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=922), Very low quality, 7 more per 1000 (1 fewer to 14 more) | 1 study (n=7,020), Moderate quality, 6 fewer per 1000 (10 fewer to 1 fewer) | 1 study (n=8,238), Moderate quality, 3 fewer per 1000 (8 fewer to 3 more) |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=6,656), Moderate quality, clinically important benefit, HR 0.74 (0.67, 0.82) | 2 studies (n=1,887), Low quality, 22 more per 1000 (5 more to 53 more) | 2 studies (n=6,369), Moderate quality, 45 fewer per 1000 (59 fewer to 30 fewer) High quality, HR 0.62 (0.54, 0.71) | 1 study (n=8,246), Moderate quality, 8 fewer per 1000 (14 fewer to 1 more) |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=6,656), Low quality, HR 0.69 (0.18, 2.64) | 1 study (n=922), Very low quality, 7 more per 1000 (6 fewer to 19 more) | 1 study (n=7,020), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (2 fewer to 2 more) | 1 study (n=8,246), Very low quality, 0 more per 1000 (1 fewer to 2 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Lixisenatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---|--|--|---|
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=8,246), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (1 fewer to 1 more) |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study. (n=6,974), Low quality, 8 fewer per thousand (16 fewer to 2 more), HR 0.83 (0.66 to 1.04) | 1 study (n=97), Low quality, 20 more per 1000 (19 fewer to 60 more) | 1 study (n=8,238), Moderate quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 3 more) |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=6,656), Low quality, HR 4.62 (0.56, 38.04) | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=7,117), Very low quality, 0 more per 1000 (1 fewer to 2 more) | 1 study (n=8,238), Very low quality, 3 more per 1000 (1 more to 5 more) |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=922), Very low quality, 0 more per 1000 | 1 study (n=97), Moderate quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (39 | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Lixisenatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|---|---|---|---|--|
| | | | | | (12 fewer to 29 more) | fewer to 39 more) | |
| Remission | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=6,068), High quality, 14 more per 1000 (4 fewer to 34 more) | 1 study (n=6,656), Moderate quality, HR 1.19 (0.94, 1.50) | 2 studies (n=1,887), Low quality, 20 fewer per 1000 (55 fewer to 21 more) | 1 study (n=7,020), High quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (22 fewer to 23 more) | 1 study (n=8,238), High quality, 15 fewer per 1000 (35 fewer to 5 more) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=6,068), Moderate quality, 3 fewer per 1000 (7 fewer to 1 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=922), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (4 fewer to 4 more) | 1 study (n=7,020), Low quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 5 more) | 1 study (n=8,238), Moderate quality, 7 fewer per 1000 (16 fewer to 3 more) |
| HbA1c change | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=6,068), High quality, MD 0.27 % lower (0.31 | No outcomes identified | 1 outcome, 2 studies (n=897), Very low quality, MD 0.58% lower | 4 studies (n=7,292), Very low quality, MD 0.24 % lower (0.75 | 1 study (n=8,246), Low quality, MD 0.17% lower (0.26% |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Lixisenatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|---|------------------------|---|--|---|
| | | | lower to 0.23 lower) | | (0.74% lower to 0.42% lower) | lower to 0.26 higher) | lower to 0.08% lower) |
| Weight change | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=6,068) High quality, MD 0.70 kg lower (0.90 lower to 0.50 lower) | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=1,651), Low quality, MD 2.24 kg lower (2.93 lower to 1.56 lower) | 2 studies (n=190) Very low quality, MD 1.87 kg lower (3.01 lower to 0.73 lower) | 1 study (n=8,246), Very low quality, MD 2.6 kg lower (3.05 lower to 2.15 lower) |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=97), Low quality, MD 0.9 kg/m ² higher (1.28 lower to 3.08 higher) | No outcomes identified |

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Table 6: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for adding individual drugs (DPP-4 inhibitors and thiazolidinediones) compared to adding placebo for people with type 2 diabetes with cardiovascular disease

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Alogliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Pioglitazone |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Alogliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Pioglitazone |
|--|--|--|---|--|
| All-cause mortality | 1 study (n=5,380), Very low quality, 8 fewer per 1000 (19 fewer to 5 more), HR 0.88 (0.71 to 1.09) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=14,671), High quality, 1 more per 1000 (7 fewer to 10 more), HR 1.01 (0.90 to 1.13) | 2 studies (n=5,359), Very low quality, 3 fewer per 1000 (15 fewer to 12 more) HR 0.96 (0.78, 1.18) |
| Cardiovascular mortality | 1 study (n=5,380), Very low quality, 7 fewer per 1000 (16 fewer to 5 more), HR 0.85 (0.66 to 1.10) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=14,671), High quality, 2 more per 1000 (5 fewer to 10 more), HR 1.03 (0.89 to 1.19) | 1 study (n=5,238), Very low quality, 3 fewer per 1000 (13 fewer to 10 more) HR 0.94 (0.74, 1.19) |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=6,494), Low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (10 fewer to 9 more) HR 0.97 (0.86 to 1.09) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=5,238), Very low quality, 20 fewer per 1000 (34 fewer to 4 fewer) HR 0.82 (0.70, 0.96) |
| 4-item MACE | 1 study (n=5,380), Low quality, 7 fewer per 1000 (23 fewer to 12 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=14,671), High quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (11 fewer to 9 more), HR 0.98 (0.89 to 1.08) | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | 1 study (n=5,380), Very low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (5 fewer to 6 more), HR 0.91 (0.55 to 1.51) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=5,238), Very low quality, 8 fewer per 1000 (16 fewer to 3 more) HR 0.81 (0.61, 1.08) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Alogliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Pioglitazone |
|---|---|------------------------|---|---|
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | 1 study (n=5,380), Very low quality, 5 more per 1000 (8 fewer to 20 more), HR 1.08 (0.88 to 1.33) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=14,671), High quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (7 fewer to 5 more) | 2 studies (n= 5,359), Very low quality, 8 fewer per 1000 (18 fewer to 4 more) HR 0.83 (0.65, 1.06) |
| Unstable angina | 1 study (n=5,380), Very low quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (7 fewer to 6 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=14,671), Moderate quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (5 fewer to 3 more), HR 0.90 (0.70 – 1.16) | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | 1 study (n=5,380), Very low quality, 6 more per 1000 (3 fewer to 19 more), HR 1.19 (0.90 to 1.57) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=14,671), High quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (5 fewer to 6 more), HR 1.00 (0.83 to 1.20) | 1 study (n=5,238), Very low quality, 16 more per 1000 (4 more to 32 more) Add HR? |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=14,671), High quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (8 fewer to 9 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | 1 study (n=5,380), Very low quality, 1 more per 1000 (4 fewer to 6 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=14,671), Moderate quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (5 fewer to 3 more) | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Alogliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Pioglitazone |
|--|--|------------------------|--|--|
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=5,238), Very low quality, 3 fewer per 1000 (9 fewer to 5 more) |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 1 study (n=5,380), Very low quality, 2 more per 1000 (10 fewer to 17 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=5,238), Low quality, 78 more per 1000 (52 more to 107 more) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=5,380), Very low quality, 1 more per 1000 (4 fewer to 5 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=14,671), Moderate quality, 2 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 8 more), HR 1.12 (0.89 – 1.41) | No outcomes identified |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=5,380), Low quality, MD 0.33% lower (0.43 lower to 0.29 lower) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=2820), Low quality, MD 0.32% lower (0.35 lower to 0.29 lower) | 1 study (n=121), Very low quality, MD 0.84% lower (1.55 lower to 0.13 lower) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Alogliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Pioglitazone |
|--|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Weight change | 1 study (n=5,380), Low quality, MD 0.06 higher (0.25 lower to 0.37 higher) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

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1.1.7.2.2. Adding - A single therapy compared to insulin

Table 4 A summary matrix table showing the outcomes for adding drugs compared to adding insulin for people with type 2 diabetes with cardiovascular disease

| Outcomes for drugs compared to Insulin | Sitagliptin | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Tirzepatide | Glimepiride |
|--|------------------------|---|------------------------|--|------------------------|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=26), Very low quality, 72 more per 1000 (63 fewer to 206 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=1991), Moderate quality, 10 fewer per 1000 (20 fewer to 7 more) HR 0.70 (0.42, 1.17) | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiovascular mortality | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=1995), Low quality, 5 fewer per 1000 (13 fewer to 10 more) | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to Insulin | Sitagliptin | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Tirzepatide | Glimepiride |
|---|--|------------------------|--|--|------------------------|
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=1995), Moderate quality, 15 fewer per 1000 (29 fewer to 6 more) HR 0.74 (0.51, 1.07) | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=1995), Low quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (8 fewer to 12 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=1995), Low quality, 7 fewer per 1000 (15 fewer to 8 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=1995), Low quality, 4 fewer per 1000 (7 fewer to 5 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | 1 study (n=22), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (161 fewer to 161 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=22), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (161 fewer to 161 more) | 1 study (n=1995) Low quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (5 fewer to 8 more) | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to Insulin | Sitagliptin | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Tirzepatide | Glimepiride |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---|---|
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=1995), High quality, 293 fewer per 1000 (325 fewer to 258 fewer) | 1 study (n=58), High quality, 414 fewer per 1000 (535 fewer to 170 fewer) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to Insulin | Sitagliptin | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Tirzepatide | Glimepiride |
|---|---|--|--|---|--|
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=22), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (161 fewer to 161 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=22), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (161 fewer to 161 more) | 1 study (n=1995) Moderate quality, 7 fewer per 1000 (10 fewer to 2 more) | No outcomes identified |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=22), Very low quality, MD 1.3% higher (0.11 higher to 2.49 higher) | 1 study (n=23), Very low quality, MD 0.3% higher (0.89 lower to 1.49 higher) | 1 study (n=22), Very low quality, MD 0.2% higher (0.99 lower to 1.39 higher) | 1 study (n=1,959), High quality, MD 0.98% lower (1.06 lower to 0.90 lower) | 1 study (n=55), Moderate quality, MD 0.6% lower (1.29 lower to 0.09 lower) |
| Weight change | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=1,959), High quality, MD 11.35 kg lower (11.90 lower to 10.80 lower) | 1 study (n=55), Low quality, MD -2.9 kg lower (11.66 lower to 5.86 lower) |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=23), Very low quality, MD 2.40 lower (5.14 lower to 0.34 higher) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

1 **1.1.7.2.3. Adding - A single therapy compared to glimepiride**

2 **Table 5: A summary matrix table showing the outcomes for adding drugs compared to adding glimepiride for people with type 2**
3 **diabetes with cardiovascular disease**

| Outcomes for drugs compared to glimepiride | Linagliptin |
|---|--|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiovascular mortality | No outcomes identified |
| 3-item MACE | 1 study (n=3,925), Moderate quality, 11 fewer per 1000 (41 fewer to 25 more), HR 0.94 (0.77 to 1.15) |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to glimepiride | Linagliptin |
|---|------------------------|
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | No outcomes identified |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified |
| HbA1c change | No outcomes identified |
| Weight change | No outcomes identified |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified |

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1.1.7.2.4. Adding - a single therapy compared to sitagliptin

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Table 7: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for adding individual drugs compared to adding sitagliptin for people with type 2 diabetes with cardiovascular disease

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| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Liraglutide | Empagliflozin |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Liraglutide | Empagliflozin |
|---|--|------------------------|
| Cardiovascular mortality | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | 1 study (n=20), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (174 fewer to 174 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Liraglutide | Empagliflozin |
|--|---|---|
| Remission | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=20), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (174 fewer to 174 more) | No outcomes identified |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=20), Very low quality, MD 1.10% lower (1.98 lower to 0.22 lower) | 1 study (n=97), Moderate quality, MD 0.10% higher (0.14 lower to 0.34 lower) |
| Weight change | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=97), Very low quality, MD 0.20 kg higher (4.16 lower to 4.56 higher) |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

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1.1.7.2.5. Adding – A single therapy compared to vildagliptin

Table 6 A summary matrix showing the outcomes for adding individual drugs compared to adding vildagliptin for people with type 2 diabetes with cardiovascular disease

| Outcomes for drugs compared to vildagliptin | Dapagliflozin |
|---|--|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | 1 study, (n=49), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (76 fewer to 76 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to vildagliptin | Dapagliflozin |
|---|---|
| Cardiovascular mortality | 1 study, (n=49), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (76 fewer to 76 more) |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | 1 study, (n=49), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (76 fewer to 76 more) |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | 1 study, (n=49), Low quality, 40 more per 1000 (37 fewer to 117 more) |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | 1 study, (n=50), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (75 fewer to 75 more) |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcome identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to vildagliptin | Dapagliflozin |
|---|--|
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | No outcomes identified |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified |
| HbA1c change | 1 study, (n=43), Very low quality, MD 0.21% higher (0.53 lower to 0.95 higher) |
| Weight change | 1 study, (n=43), Low quality, MD 2.99 kg lower (4.16 lower to 1.82 lower) |
| BMI change | 1 study, (n=43), Low quality, MD 1.20 kg/m ² lower (1.68 lower to 0.72 lower) |

1 **1.1.7.2.6. Adding - A single therapy compared to pioglitazone**

2 **Table 8: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for adding individual drugs compared to adding pioglitazone for people with type 2**
3 **diabetes with cardiovascular disease**

| Outcomes for drugs compared to pioglitazone | Glimepiride |
|---|---|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | 1 study (n=543), Very low quality, 4 fewer per 1000 (20 fewer to 12 more) |
| Cardiovascular mortality | 1 study (n=543), Very low quality, 7 fewer per 1000 (22 fewer to 7 more) |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | 1 study (n=543), Very low quality, 7 more per 1000 (19 fewer to 64 more) |
| Non-fatal stroke | 1 study (n=543), Very low quality, 4 more per 1000 (3 fewer to 11 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to pioglitazone | Glimepiride |
|---|---|
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | 1 study (n=543), Very low quality, 7 more per 1000 (5 fewer to 72 more) |
| Unstable angina | 1 study (n=543), Very low quality, 7 fewer per 1000 (13 fewer to 25 more) |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | 1 study (n=543), Very low quality, 4 more per 1000 (10 fewer to 53 more) |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 1 study (n=543), Moderate quality, 218 more per 1000 (116 more 358 more) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=543), Moderate quality, MD 0.19% higher (0.01 higher to 0.37 higher) |
| Weight change | 1 study (n=543), Low quality, MD 2.9kg lower (7.06 lower to 1.26 higher) |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified |

1 **1.1.7.3. Model 3: People with type 2 diabetes and chronic kidney disease**

2 **1.1.7.3.1. Adding - A single therapy compared to placebo**

3 **Table 7: Summary matrix table for adding drugs compared to adding placebo for people with type 2 diabetes with chronic kidney**
4 **disease**

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Liraglutide | Semaglutide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|---|---|---|---|--|---|--|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=324), Moderate quality, (SF-36 – subscale physical component) MD 1.98 higher (0.57 higher to 3.39 higher) High quality, (SF-36 – subscale mental component) MD 1.98 higher (0.57 higher to 3.39 higher) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | 1 study (n=277), Very low quality, 21 more per 1000 (10 fewer to 52 more) | 1 study (n=3533), Moderate quality, HR 0.80 (0.67, 0.96) 2 studies (n=3857), Moderate quality, | 3 studies (n=4,798), Moderate quality, 6 fewer per 1000 (20 fewer to 10 more) | 4 studies (n=6750), Very low quality, 8 fewer per 1000 (30 fewer to 15 more) | 2 studies (n=2988), Moderate quality, 21 fewer per 1000 (36 fewer to 2 fewer) | 1 study (n=467), Very low quality, 3 more per 1000 (14 fewer to 66 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Liraglutide | Semaglutide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|--|---|---|--|---|------------------------|
| | | 28 fewer per 1000 (45 fewer to 7 fewer) | 2 studies (n=4709), Moderate quality, HR 0.84 (0.69 to 1.02) | | 1 study (n=2250), Moderate quality, HR 0.76 (0.59 to 0.98) | |
| Cardiovascular mortality | 1 study (n=277), Very low quality, 7 more per 1000 (17 fewer to 31 more) | 1 study (n=3533), Moderate quality, HR 0.71 (0.56, 0.90) 2 studies (n=3857), Moderate quality, 24 fewer per 1000 (37 fewer to 8 fewer) | 2 studies (n=4,709), Moderate quality, 12 fewer per 1000 (22 fewer to 1 more) Moderate quality, HR 0.79 (0.62 to 1.01) | 3 studies (n=6,457), Very low quality, 4 fewer per 1000 (14 fewer to 6 more) | 1 study (n=2250), Moderate quality, 24 fewer per 1000 (40 fewer to 1 fewer) HR 0.71 (0.52 to 0.97) | No outcomes identified |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=3533), Moderate quality, HR 0.82 (0.68, 0.99) 1 study (n=3533), Moderate quality, 24 fewer per 1000 (43 fewer to 2 fewer) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=5,884), Moderate quality, 9 fewer per 1000 (24 fewer to 9 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Liraglutide | Semaglutide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|------------------------|---|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=4,709), Moderate quality, 36 fewer per 1000 (52 fewer to 18 fewer), Moderate quality, HR 0.75 (0.64 to 0.88) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=3533), Moderate quality, HR 1.22 (0.84, 1.77) 7 more per 1000 (4 fewer to 22 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=3533), Moderate quality, HR 0.80 (0.55, 1.15) 7 fewer per 1000 (16 fewer to 6 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Liraglutide | Semaglutide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|------------------------|---|---|--|--|------------------------|
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=3533), Moderate quality, 6 fewer per 1000 (12 fewer to 1 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=324), Low quality, 6 fewer per 1000 (18 fewer to 6 more) | 2 studies (n=4,709) Moderate quality, 23 fewer (32 fewer to 12 fewer), High quality, HR 0.61 (0.47 to 0.79) | 1 study (n=5,884), Low quality, 15 fewer per 1000 (23 fewer to 4 fewer) | 1 study (n=2250) Moderate quality, 26 fewer per 1000 (39 fewer to 8 fewer) Moderate quality, HR 0.61 (0.42 – 0.89) | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=3857), Low quality, 1 more per 1000 (13 fewer to 19 more) | 1 study (n=4,397) Moderate quality, 6 fewer per 1000 (15 fewer to 7 more), HR 0.85 (0.64 to 1.13) | 1 study (n=252), Very low quality, 12 fewer per 1000 (35 fewer to 11 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Liraglutide | Semaglutide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|---|------------------------|---|---|---|--|------------------------|
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=3533), Moderate quality, HR 0.73 (0.59, 0.89) 27 fewer per 1000 (44 fewer to 7 fewer) | 1 study (n=4,401) High quality, 32 fewer per 1000 (43 fewer to 19 fewer) HR 0.60 (0.48 to 0.75) | 2 studies (n=545), Very low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (23 fewer to 20 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=3533), Moderate quality, HR 0.84 (0.63, 1.12) 7 fewer per 1000 (19 fewer to 8 more) | 1 study (n=4,401), Moderate quality, 22 fewer per 1000 (33 fewer to 9 fewer), HR 0.68 (0.54 to 0.86) | 1 study (n=252), Very low quality, 12 fewer per 1000 (22 fewer to 59 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=3533), Low quality, HR 0.97 (0.27, 3.48) 0 fewer per 1000 (4 fewer to 4 fewer) | 1 study (n=4,401), Low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (4 fewer to 1 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=3533), Moderate quality, 5 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 18 more) | No outcome identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=738), Low quality, 9 fewer per 1000 (14 fewer to 14 more) | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Liraglutide | Semaglutide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|---|--|--|---|--|--|
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | 1 study (n=277), Very low quality, 7 more per 1000 (17 fewer to 31 more) | 1 study (n=3533), Very low quality, 2 more per 1000 (3 fewer to 6 more) | 2 studies (n=4,705), Very low quality, 4 more per 1000 (1 fewer to 48 more) 1 study (n=4397), High quality, HR 10.8 (1.39 to 83.92) | 3 studies (n=6,498), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (2 fewer to 3 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified. | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 1 outcome, 1 study (n=277), Low quality, 56 fewer per 1000 (128 fewer to 55 more) | 1 outcome, 1 study (n=324), Moderate quality, 37 more per 1000 (3 fewer to 182 more) | 2 studies (n=4705), High quality, 7 fewer per 1000 (23 fewer to 13 more) 1 study (n=4397), Moderate quality, HR 0.92 (0.77 to 1.10) | 3 studies (n=866), Very low quality, 9 fewer per 1000 (53 fewer to 46 more) | 1 study. (n=738), Moderate quality, 4 fewer per 1000 (61 fewer to 69 more) | 1 study (n=467), Very low quality, 13 fewer per 1000 (78 fewer to 80 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Liraglutide | Semaglutide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|--|---|--|--|---|--|
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=277), Very low quality, 7 more per 1000 (7 fewer to 21 more) | 1 study (n=3533), Low quality, HR 1.02 (0.62, 1.68) 2 studies (n=3857), Very low quality, 1 more per 1000 (9 fewer to 10 more) | No outcomes identified | 4 studies (n=6,750), Low quality, 7 fewer per 1000 (12 fewer to 2 fewer) | 1 study (n=738), Low quality, 4 fewer per 1000 (14 fewer to 25 more) | No outcomes identified |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=277), Low quality, MD 0.66% lower (0.90 lower to 0.42 lower) | 2 studies (n=3857), High quality, MD 0.81% lower (0.89 lower to 0.72 lower) | 3 studies (n=4,921), High quality, MD 0.2% lower (0.32 lower to 0.08 lower) | 3 studies (n=627), Low quality, MD 0.23% lower (0.4 lower to 0.07 lower) | 1 study, (n=738), Moderate quality, MD 0.46 lower (0.59 lower to 0.33% lower) | 2 studies (n=1,172), Low quality, MD 0.14% lower (0.3 lower to 0.02 higher) |
| Weight change | 1 study (n=277), Moderate quality, MD 1.32 kg lower (2.24 lower to 0.40 lower) | 2 studies (n=3857), Very low quality, MD 3.72 kg lower (4.13 lower to 3.32 lower) | 3 studies (n=4,921), High quality, MD 0.90 kg lower (1.38 lower to 0.43 lower) | 2 studies (n=454), Low quality, MD 2.15 kg lower (4.22 lower to 0.08 lower) 1 study (n=292), Low quality, MD 0.87 lower (2.17 lower to 0.43 higher) | 1 study (n=738), High quality, MD 1.55 kg lower (2.0 lower to 1.1 lower) | 2 studies (n=1,009), Very low quality, MD 2.05 kg lower (2.53 lower to 1.57 lower) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Liraglutide | Semaglutide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|--|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| BMI change | 1 study (n=277), Low quality, MD 0.50 kg/m ² lower (0.83 lower to 0.17 lower) | 1 study (n=324), Moderate quality, MD 0.9 kg/m ² lower (1.2 lower to 0.6 lower) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

1 **Table 8: Summary matrix table for adding drugs (DPP-4 inhibitors and thiazolidinediones) compared to adding placebo for people with**
2 **type 2 diabetes with chronic kidney disease**

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Pioglitazone |
|--|--|---|------------------------|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | 2 studies (n=493), Very low quality, 3 more per 1000 (11 fewer to 56 more) | 1 study (n=170), Very low quality, 12 fewer per 1000 (39 fewer to 106 more) | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Pioglitazone |
|---|---|------------------------|------------------------|
| Cardiovascular mortality | 1 study, (n=360), Low quality, 11 more per 1000 (4 fewer to 26 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | 2 studies (n=493), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (14 fewer to 14 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | 2 studies (n=493), Very low quality, 9 more per 1000 (4 fewer to 68 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | 2 studies (n=4543), Very low quality, 13 fewer per 1000 (28 fewer to 3 more), | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Pioglitazone |
|---|--|---|------------------------|
| | 1 study (n=4183), Moderate quality, HR 0.84 (0.68 to 1.04) | | |
| Acute kidney injury | 1 study (n=133), Very low quality, 12 more per 1000 (41 fewer to 200 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | 1 study (n=360), High quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (11 fewer to 11 more) | 1 study (n=170), Very low quality, 24 fewer per 1000 (56 fewer to 9 more) | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Pioglitazone |
|---|--|--|---|
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 2 studies (n=493), Very low quality, 93 more per 1000 (24 more to 184 more) | 1 study (n=170), Very low quality, 47 more per 1000 (18 fewer to 254 more) | 1 study (n=39), Very low quality, 5 fewer per 1000 (90 fewer to 535 more) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 2 studies (n= 493), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (21 fewer to 20 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=39), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (95 fewer to 95 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Pioglitazone |
|---|---|---|--|
| HbA1c change | 3 studies (n=556), Moderate quality, MD 0.6% lower (0.75 lower to 0.45 lower) | 1 study (n=60), Very low quality, MD 0.63% lower (1.24 lower to 0.02 lower) | 1 study (n=39), Low quality, MD 0.81% lower (1.46 lower to 0.16 lower) |
| Weight change | 2 studies (n=249), Very low quality, MD 0.95 kg lower (3.23 lower to 1.33 higher) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

1 **1.1.7.3.2. Adding - A single therapy compared to insulin**

2 **Table 9: Summary matrix table for adding drugs compared to adding insulin for people with type 2 diabetes with chronic kidney disease**

| Outcomes for drugs compared to insulin | Glimepiride | Dulaglutide | Exenatide |
|---|------------------------|--|------------------------|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=576), Very low quality, 0 more per 1000 (14 fewer to 48 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiovascular mortality | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=576), Very low quality, 0 more per 1000 (14 fewer to 48 more) | No outcomes identified |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to insulin | Glimepiride | Dulaglutide | Exenatide |
|---|------------------------|---|------------------------|
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=576), Very low quality, 71 fewer per 1000 (141 fewer to 14 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=576), Very low quality, 25 fewer per 1000 (52 fewer to 25 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=576), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (8 fewer to 8 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to insulin | Glimepiride | Dulaglutide | Exenatide |
|---|--|---|---|
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 1 study (n=58), High quality, 414 fewer per 1000 (535 fewer to 170 fewer) | 1 study (n=576), Low quality, 51 fewer per 1000 (67 fewer to 17 fewer) | 1 study (n=92), Very low quality, 217 fewer per 1000 (320 fewer to 23 fewer) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=576), Low quality, 259 fewer per 1000 (306 fewer to 200 fewer) | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=576), Low quality, 54 fewer per 1000 (62 fewer to 31 fewer) | 1 study (n=92), Very low quality, 44 fewer per 1000 (102 fewer to 15 more) |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=55), Moderate quality, MD 0.6% lower (1.29 lower to 0.09% higher) | 1 study (n=576), Low quality, MD 0.1% lower (0.34 lower to 0.14 higher) | 1 study (n=92), Very low quality, MD 0.22% higher (0.43 lower to 0.87 higher) |
| Weight change | 1 study (n=55), Low quality, MD 2.9 kg lower (11.66 lower to 5.86 higher) | 1 study (n=576), Low quality, MD 3.8 kg lower (4.81 lower to 2.79 lower) | 1 study (n=92), Very low quality, MD 2.68 kg lower (4.47 lower to 0.89 lower) |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

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1.1.7.3.3. Adding a single therapy compared to linagliptin

Table 10: Summary matrix table for adding drugs compared to adding linagliptin for people with type 2 diabetes with chronic kidney disease (adding to insulin)

| Outcomes for drugs compared to linagliptin | Empagliflozin |
|---|------------------------|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiovascular mortality | No outcomes identified |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to linagliptin | Empagliflozin |
|---|--|
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 1 study (n=107), Very low quality, 151 more per 1000 (26 fewer to 448 more) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=107), Very low quality, MD 0.34% lower (0.67 lower to 0.01 lower) |
| Weight change | No outcomes identified |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified |

1 Table 11: Summary matrix table for switching from or adding to drugs compared to switching or adding to linagliptin for people with
2 type 2 diabetes with chronic kidney disease

| Outcomes for drugs compared to linagliptin | Sitagliptin |
|---|---|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | 1 study (n=94), Very low quality, 4 fewer per 1000 (38 fewer to 233 more) |
| Cardiovascular mortality | No outcomes identified |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to linagliptin | Sitagliptin |
|---|---|
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | 1 study (n=94), Very low quality, 17 more per 1000 (34 fewer to 305 more) |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | 1 study (n=94), Very low quality, 5 fewer per 1000 (54 fewer to 221 more) |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | 1 study (n=94), Very low quality, 35 more per 1000 (41 fewer to 336 more) |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | 1 study (n=94), Very low quality, 4 fewer per 1000 (38 fewer to 233 more) |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | No outcomes identified |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=66), Very low quality, MD 0.34% higher (0.02 lower to 0.70 higher) |
| Weight change | 1 study (n=66), Very low quality, MD 1.10 kg higher (1.05 lower to 3.25 higher) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to linagliptin | Sitagliptin |
|---|------------------------|
| BMI change | No outcomes identified |

1 **1.1.7.3.4. Adding – A single therapy compared to sitagliptin**

2 **Table 12: Summary matrix table for adding drugs compared to adding sitagliptin for people with type 2 diabetes with chronic kidney**
3 **disease (adding to other glucose-lowering drugs)**

| Outcomes for drugs compared to sitagliptin | Vildagliptin |
|---|---|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | 1 study (n=148), Low quality, 7 fewer per 1000 (27 fewer to 136 more) |
| Cardiovascular mortality | 1 study (n=148), Very low quality, 12 more per 1000 (11 fewer to 36 more) |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to sitagliptin | Vildagliptin |
|---|--|
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 1 study (n=148), Low quality, 3 more per 1000 (80 fewer to 180 more) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=140), Moderate quality, MD 0.02% higher (0.33 lower to 0.37 higher) |
| Weight change | No outcomes identified |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified |

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1.1.7.3.5. Adding – A single therapy compared to dulaglutide

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Table 13: Summary matrix table for adding drugs compared to adding dulaglutide for people with type 2 diabetes with chronic kidney disease

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| Outcomes for drugs compared to dulaglutide | Semaglutide |
|---|--|
| Health-related quality of life | 1 study (n=107), overall score, DTR-QoL, Low quality, MD 0.9 (4.35 lower, 6.15 higher) |
| All-cause mortality | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to dulaglutide | Semaglutide |
|---|--|
| Cardiovascular mortality | No outcomes identified |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | 1 study (n=107), Very low quality, 19 more per 1000 (17 fewer to 54 more) |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | 1 study (n=107), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (36 fewer to 36 more) |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | 1 study (n=107), Very low quality, 88 more per 1000 (63 fewer to 365 more) |
| Remission | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | No outcomes identified |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to dulaglutide | Semaglutide |
|---|---|
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=107), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (36 fewer to 36 more) |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=107), Low quality, MD 0.4% lower (0.63 lower to 0.17 lower) |
| Weight change | 1 study (n=107), Low quality, MD 2.5 kg lower (3.36 lower to 1.64 lower) |
| BMI change | 1 study (n=107), Low quality, MD 1.0 kg/m ² lower (1.33 lower to 0.67 lower) |

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Table 14: Summary matrix table for switching drugs monotherapy compared to dulaglutide for people with type 2 diabetes with chronic kidney disease (switching from dulaglutide)

| Outcomes for drugs compared to dulaglutide | Semaglutide |
|---|------------------------|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiovascular mortality | No outcomes identified |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to dulaglutide | Semaglutide |
|---|--|
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 1 study (n=70), Very low quality, 29 more per 1000 (23 fewer to 573 more) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=70), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (54 fewer to 54 more) |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=63), Low quality, MD 0.6% lower (0.91 lower to 0.29 lower) |
| Weight change | 1 study (n=63), Low quality, MD 2.7 kg lower (3.55 lower to 1.85 lower) |
| BMI change | 1 study (n=63), Low quality, MD 1.0 kg/m ² lower (1.34 lower to 0.66 lower) |

1 **1.1.7.3.6. Switching or adding - A single therapy compared to liraglutide**

2 **Table 15: Summary table for switching from or adding to a drug compared to switching to or adding liraglutide for people with type 2**
3 **diabetes with chronic kidney disease**

| Outcomes for drugs compared to liraglutide | Linagliptin | Sitagliptin |
|---|---|---|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | 1 study (n=90), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (38 fewer to 257 more) | 1 study (n=94), Very low quality, 4 fewer per 1000 (38 fewer to 233 more) |
| Cardiovascular mortality | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | 1 study (n=90), Very low quality, 22 more per 1000 (18 fewer to 451 more) | 1 study (n=94), Very low quality, 39 more per 1000 (16 fewer to 545 more) |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | 1 study (n=90), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (52 fewer to 246 more) | 1 study (n=94), Very low quality, 5 fewer per 1000 (54 fewer to 221 more) |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to liraglutide | Linagliptin | Sitagliptin |
|---|---|---|
| Development of end stage kidney disease | 1 study (n=90), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (52 fewer to 246 more) | 1 study (n=94), Very low quality, 35 more per 1000 (41 fewer to 336 more) |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | 1 study (n=90), Very low quality, 22 more per 1000 (18 fewer to 451 more) | 1 study (n=94), Very low quality, 19 more per 1000 (18 fewer to 413 more) |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=64), Low quality, MD 0.05% lower (0.34 lower to 0.24 higher) | 1 study (n=66), Very low quality, MD 0.29% higher (0.11 lower to 0.69 higher) |
| Weight change | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| BMI change | 1 study (n=64), Very low quality, MD 0.1 kg/m ² higher (1.84 lower to 2.04 higher) | 1 study (n=66), Very low quality, MD 1.2 kg/m ² higher (0.62 lower to 3.02 higher) |

1 **Table 16: Summary table for monotherapy compared to liraglutide for people with type 2 diabetes with chronic kidney disease**
2 **(switching from liraglutide)**

| Outcomes for drugs compared to liraglutide | Semaglutide |
|---|---|
| Health-related quality of life | Overall (DTSQ), 1 study (n=37), Low quality, MD 8.20 higher (2.30 higher to 14.10 higher) |
| All-cause mortality | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiovascular mortality | No outcomes identified |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified, |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to liraglutide | Semaglutide |
|--|--|
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 1 study (n=40), Very low quality, 100 fewer per 1000 (144 fewer to 291 more) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=40), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (92 fewer to 92 more) |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=37), Low quality, MD 0.5% lower (0.86 lower to 0.14 lower) |
| Weight change | 1 study (n=37), Moderate quality, MD 0.2 kg lower (1.87 lower to 1.47 higher) |
| BMI change | 1 study (n=37), Moderate quality, MD 0 kg/m ² (0.65 lower to 0.65 higher) |

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1.1.7.3.1. Combination therapy compared to placebo

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Table 17: Summary table for combination therapy compared to placebo for people with type 2 diabetes with chronic kidney disease (adding to glucose-lowering drugs)

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| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dapagliflozin + Saxagliptin |
|--|---|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | 1 study (n=300), Very low quality, 7 more per 1000 (6 fewer to 19 more) |
| Cardiovascular mortality | No outcomes identified |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dapagliflozin + Saxagliptin |
|---|---|
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | 1 study (n=300), Very low quality, 13 more per 1000 (13 fewer to 39 more) |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | 1 study (n=300), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (13 fewer to 13 more) |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 1 study (n=300), Very low quality, 133 more per 1000 (25 more to 294 more) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=300), Very low quality, 6 more per 1000 (16 fewer to 29 more) |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=296), Very low quality, MD 0.58% lower (0.8 lower to 0.36 lower) |
| Weight change | 1 study (n=300), Low quality, MD 0.04 kg lower (1.32 lower to 1.24 higher) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dapagliflozin + Saxagliptin |
|---|------------------------------------|
| BMI change | No outcomes identified |

1 **1.1.7.3.2. Combination therapy compared to dapagliflozin**

2 **Table 18: Summary table for combination therapy compared to dapagliflozin for people with type 2 diabetes with chronic kidney disease**
3 **(adding to glucose-lowering drugs)**

| Outcomes for drugs compared to dapagliflozin | Dapagliflozin + Saxagliptin |
|---|---|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | 1 study (n=297), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (19 fewer to 18 more) |
| Cardiovascular mortality | No outcomes identified |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | 1 study (n=297), Very low quality, 20 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 42 more) |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to dapagliflozin | Dapagliflozin + Saxagliptin |
|---|--|
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | 1 study (n=297), Very low quality, 7 fewer per 1000 (20 fewer to 7 more) |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 1 study (n=297), Very low quality, 88 more per 1000 (14 fewer to 234 more) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=297), Very low quality, 13 more per 1000 (5 fewer to 31 more) |
| HbA1c change | No outcomes identified |
| Weight change | No outcomes identified |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified |

1

1 **1.1.7.4. Model 5: People with type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities**

2 **1.1.7.4.1. Adding — A single therapy compared to adding placebo**

3 **Table 19: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for adding individual drugs (GLP-1 receptor agonists, dual GIP/GLP-1 receptor co-**
 4 **agonists and SGLT-2 inhibitors) compared to adding placebo for people with type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with**
 5 **no other comorbidities**

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|---|---|---|---|--|---|------------------------|--|--|------------------------|
| Health-related quality of life | Overall (EQ-5D-5L UK Index) 1 study (n=300), Very low quality, MD 0.01 lower (0.07 lower to 0.05 higher) | Overall (IWQOL-Lite) 1 study (n=242), Low quality, MD 1.00 lower (5.13 lower to 3.13 higher) | 18 outcomes ^a 4 studies (n = 66, n=80, n=476 and n=826) Very low to high quality, | Mental component (SF-12) 1 study (n=348) Moderate quality, MD 0.33 higher (1.57 lower to 2.23 higher) | Mental component (SF-36) 5 studies (n=5715) High quality, MD 0.75 higher (0.28 lower to 1.22 higher) | Physical functioning (SF-36) 1 study (n=938) High quality, MD 2.00 higher (1.04 lower to 2.96 higher) | No outcomes identified | Overall (EQ-5D) 2 studies (n=354), Very low quality, MD 0.00 higher (0.03 lower to 0.04 higher) | Overall (EQ-5D-5L) 1 study (n=129) Moderate quality, MD 0.05 higher (0.01 higher to 0.09 higher) | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|-------------|---|-------------|---|---|-------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | Subscale barriers to activity (Diabetes Health Profile) 1 study (n=46), Low quality, MD 4.30 lower (9.75 lower to 1.15 higher) |), | Physical component (SF-12) 1 study (n=348) High quality, MD 1.73 higher (0.01 lower to 3.45 higher) | Physical subscale (SF-36) 5 studies (n=5715) High quality, MD 0.55 higher (0.17 lower to 0.93 higher) | | | | | |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|-------------|---|-------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | Subscale disinhibited eating (Diabetes Health Profile) 1 study (n=46), Low quality, MD 8.09 lower (19.75 lower to 3.57 higher) | | | | | | | | |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|-------------|---|-------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | <p>Subscale psychological distress (Diabetes Health Profile)</p> <p>1 study (n=46), Low quality, MD 2.73 higher (3.04 lower to 8.50 higher)</p> | | | | | | | | |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|-------------|---|-------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | Subscale well being (DMSAT) 1 study (n=242), Very low quality, MD 7.10 higher (0.95 lower to 15.15 higher) | | | | | | | | |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|--|---|--|---|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| All-cause mortality | 8 studies (n=12124), Moderate quality, 5 fewer per 1000 (14 fewer to 3 more) | 8 studies (n=16741), Moderate quality, 9 fewer per 1000 (17 fewer to 2 fewer) | 11 studies (n=13096), Very low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (9 fewer to 6 more) 1 study (n=9360), Moderate quality, HR 0.85 (0.74, 0.98) | 10 studies (n=4944), Very low quality, 3 fewer per 1000 (7 fewer to 1 more) | 11 studies (n=19953), Moderate quality, 7 fewer per 1000 (14 fewer to 0 more) 3 studies (n=16130), Low quality, HR 0.84 (0.62, 1.14) | 4 studies (n=1744), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (8 fewer to 7 more) | 6 studies (n=2797), Very low quality, 2 more per 1000 (3 fewer to 6 more) | 11 studies (n=21414), Low quality, 4 fewer per 1000 (10 fewer to 3 more) | 9 studies (n=3742), Very low quality, 1 more per 1000 (4 fewer to 5 more) | 3 studies (n=1589), High quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (5 fewer to 5 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|--|---|-------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|---|---|---------------|---------------|
| | 1 study (n=9901), Moderate quality, HR 0.90 (0.80, 1.01) | 1 study (n=14752), Moderate quality, HR 0.86 (0.77, 0.97) | | | | | 1 study (n=10142), Moderate quality, HR 0.87 (0.75, 1.01) | 1 study (n=17160), Moderate quality, HR 0.98 (0.82, 1.17) | | |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|---|--|---|--|--|---|---|---|---|--|
| Cardiovascular mortality | 8 studies (n=12124), Moderate quality, 10 fewer per 1000 (20 fewer to 1 more) | 8 studies (n=16741), Moderate quality, 5 fewer per 1000 (11 fewer to 1 more) | 9 studies (n=12566), Moderate quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (9 fewer to 7 more) 1 study (n=9360), Moderate quality, HR 0.78 (0.66, 0.92) | 9 studies (n=4462), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (4 fewer to 3 more) | 8 studies (n=17958), Moderate quality, 4 fewer per 1000 (10 fewer to 2 more) 3 studies (n=16130) Low quality, HR 0.84 (0.62, 1.14) | 2 studies (n=548), High quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (14 fewer to 14 more) | 5 studies (n=1879), Very low quality, 2 more per 1000 (4 fewer to 7 more) | 7 studies (n=20041), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (5 fewer to 4 more) | 5 studies (n=2067), Very low quality, 1 more per 1000 (4 fewer to 7 more) | 3 studies (n=1589), High quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (5 fewer to 5 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|--|---|-------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|---|---|---------------|---------------|
| | 1 study (n=9901), Moderate quality, HR 0.91 (0.78, 1.06) | 1 study (n=14752), Moderate quality, HR 0.88 (0.76, 1.02) | | | | | 1 study (n=10142), Moderate quality, HR 0.87 (0.71, 1.06) | 1 study (n=17160), Moderate quality, HR 0.92 (0.82, 1.04) | | |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|---|--|--|------------------------|--|------------------------|---|--|------------------------|------------------------|
| 3-item MACE | 1 study (n=9901), High quality, 14 fewer per 1000 (26 fewer to 1 fewer) | 1 study (n=14752), High quality, 8 fewer per 1000 (18 fewer to 2 more) | 1 study (n=9340), Moderate quality, 18 fewer per 1000 (31 fewer to 4 fewer) 1 study (n=9340), | No outcomes identified | 3 studies (n=16130), Moderate quality, 18 fewer per 1000 (26 fewer to 9 fewer) 3 studies (n=16130), Moderate quality HR 0.83 (0.76, 0.92) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=10142), Moderate quality, HR 0.85 (0.75, 0.97) | 1 study (n=17160), Moderate quality, 6 fewer per 1000 (13 fewer to 3 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|--|---|--|------------------------|------------------------|---|------------------------|---|------------------------|------------------------|
| | 1 study (n=9901), Moderate quality, HR 0.88 (0.79, 0.99) | 1 study (n=14752), High quality, HR 0.91 (0.83, 1.00) | Moderate quality, HR 0.87 (0.78, 0.97) | | | | | 1 study (n=17160) Moderate quality, HR 0.93 (0.84, 1.03) | | |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=475) Low quality, 3 fewer per 1000 (8 fewer to 53 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=6480) Moderate quality, 25 fewer per | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|--|------------------------|---|--|---|------------------------|---|--|---|------------------------|
| | | | | | 1000 (37 fewer to 12 fewer) HR 0.76 (0.65, 0.88) | | | | | |
| Non-fatal stroke | 3 studies (n=10500), Low quality, 7 fewer per 1000 (13 fewer to 1 fewer) | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=9766), Low quality, 4 fewer per 1000 (10 fewer to 4 more) 1 study (n=9340), Moderate quality, HR 0.89 | 2 studies (n=701), Low quality, 9 more per 1000 (1 fewer to 18 more) | 7 studies (n=18313), Low quality, 7 fewer per 1000 (11 fewer to 2 fewer) 3 studies (n=16130), Moderate quality, HR 0.81 (0.67, 0.99) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=10142), Moderate quality, HR 0.90 (0.71, 1.15) | 2 studies (n=17756), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (5 fewer to 4 more) | 1 study (n=275), Low quality, 11 fewer per 1000 (32 fewer to 10 more) | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|--|-----------|--------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|---|---------------|---------------|
| | 1 study (n=9901), Moderate quality, HR 0.76 (0.61, 0.95) | | (0.72, 1.10) | | | | | 1 study (n=17160), Moderate quality, HR 1.01 (0.84, 1.21) | | |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|--|--|--|--|---|------------------------|---|---|------------------------|------------------------|
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | 3 studies (n=10624), Low quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (8 fewer to 6 more) | 2 studies (n=619), Very low quality, 3 fewer per 1000 (5 fewer to 9 more) 2 studies (n=619), Very low quality, 3 fewer per 1000 (15 fewer to 8 more) | 2 studies (n=9766), Low quality, 7 fewer per 1000 (16 fewer to 2 more) 1 study (n=9340), Moderate quality, | 1 study (n=390), Low quality, 5 more per 1000 (5 fewer to 15 more) | 6 studies (n=17917), Moderate quality, 9 fewer per 1000 (14 fewer to 3 fewer) 3 studies (n=16130), Moderate quality, HR 0.81 (0.64, 1.03) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=10142), Moderate quality, HR 0.85 (0.69, 1.05) | 1 study (n=17160), Low quality, 6 fewer per 1000 (11 fewer to 1 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|--|-----------|----------------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|--|---------------|---------------|
| | 1 study (n=9901), Moderate quality, HR 0.96 (0.79, 1.16) | | HR 0.88 (0.75, 1.03) | | | | | 1 study (n=17160), Low quality, HR 0.89 (0.77, 1.02) | | |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|---|---|--|------------------------|---|------------------------|------------------------|--|---|------------------------|
| Unstable angina | 3 studies (n=10624), Low quality, 2 more per 1000 (3 fewer to 8 more) | 1 study (n=14752), Low quality, 3 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 8 more) | 2 studies (n=9766), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (7 fewer to 6 more) 1 study (n=9340), Low quality, HR 0.98 (0.76, 1.26) | No outcomes identified | 4 studies (n=16557) Low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (4 fewer to 3 more) 3 studies (n=16130), Moderate quality, HR 0.93 (0.72, 1.22) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=17160), Moderate quality, 1 more per 1000 (4 fewer to 6 more) | 1 study (n=266) Low quality, 11 fewer per 1000 (33 fewer to 11 more) | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|--|-----------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | 1 study (n=9901), Moderate quality, HR 1.14 (0.84, 1.54) | | | | | | | | | |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|---|--|---|------------------------|--|------------------------|---|--|---|------------------------|
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | 1 study (n=9901), Moderate quality, 3 fewer per 1000 (10 fewer to 6 more) | 2 studies (n=14798), Low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 5 more) | 1 study (n=9340), Moderate quality, 6 fewer per 1000 (14 fewer to 3 more) 1 study (n=9340), Moderate | No outcomes identified | 5 studies (n=17256) Moderate quality, 2 more per 1000 (7 fewer to 3 more) 3 studies (n=16130), Moderate, HR 0.91 (0.76, 1.09) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=10142), Moderate quality, HR 0.67 (0.52, 0.87) | 1 study (n=17160), Low quality, 9 fewer per 1000 (13 fewer to 4 fewer) | 1 study (n=275), Moderate quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (17 fewer to 17 more) | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|--|---|---|--------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|--|---------------|---------------|
| | 1 study (n=9901), Moderate quality, HR 0.93 (0.77, 1.12) | 1 study (n=14752), Moderate quality, HR 0.94 (0.78, 1.13) | 1 study, Moderate quality, HR 0.87 (0.73, 1.04) | | | | | 1 study (n=17160), Low quality, HR 0.73 (0.61, 0.88) | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|---|--|---|------------------------|--|------------------------|------------------------|---|---|------------------------|
| Acute kidney injury | 2 studies (n=10192), Very low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (5 fewer to 4 more) | 1 study (n=463), Low quality, 4 more per 1000 (4 fewer to 13 more) | 3 studies (n=10068), Low quality, 2 more per 1000 (3 fewer to 9 more) | No outcomes identified | 6 studies (n=9144), Very low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (8 fewer to 5 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=17160), Low quality, 6 fewer per 1000 (9 fewer to 2 fewer) 1 study (n=17160), Low quality, HR 0.69 (0.55, 0.87) | 2 studies (n=494), Very low quality, 9 more per 1000 (8 fewer to 26 more) | No outcomes identified |
|----------------------------|---|--|---|------------------------|--|------------------------|------------------------|---|---|------------------------|

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|---|---|------------------------|--|------------------------|---|--|---|--|---|------------------------|
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | 1 study (n=9901), High quality, 9 fewer per 1000 (20 fewer to 2 more) | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=9420), Low quality, 15 fewer per 1000 (23 fewer to 5 fewer) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=3297), Moderate quality, 23 fewer per 1000 (33 fewer to 9 fewer) | 1 study (n=938), Low quality, 2 more per 1000 (3 fewer to 43 more) | 1 study (n=10142), High quality, HR 0.73 (0.67, 0.79) | 4 studies (n=19109), Moderate quality, 11 fewer per 1000 (14 fewer to 7 fewer) | 2 studies (n=286), Moderate quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (19 fewer to 19 more) | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|--|-----------|--|--------------|--|-------------|---------------|---|---------------|---------------|
| | 1 study (n=9901), Moderate quality, HR 0.89 (0.78, 1.01) | | 1 study (n=9340), Moderate quality, HR 0.78 (0.67, 0.91) | | 1 study (n=3297), Moderate quality, HR 0.64 (0.46, 0.89) | | | 1 study (n=17160), Moderate quality, HR 0.54 (0.43, 0.67) | | |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|---|---|---|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|--|------------------------|------------------------|
| Development of end stage kidney disease | 1 study (n=9901), Low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (2 fewer to 1 more) | 1 study (n=14752), Moderate quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (4 fewer to 2 more) | 2 studies (n=10184), Very low quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (5 fewer to 3 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=10142), Low quality, HR 0.77 (0.30, 1.97) | 3 studies (n=17874), Low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (3 fewer to 0 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|-------------|-----------|--|--------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|---|---------------|---------------|
| | | | 1 study (n=9340), Moderate quality, HR 0.87 (0.61, 1.24) | | | | | 1 study (n=17160), Moderate quality, HR 0.31 (0.13, 0.78) | | |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|------------------------|---|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|------------------------|------------------------|
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=14752), Low quality, 0 more per 1000 (1 fewer to 1 more) | 2 studies (n=10185), Very low quality, 1 more per 1000 (1 fewer to 2 more) 1 study (n=9340), Very low quality, HR 1.59 (0.52, 4.86) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=17160), Very low quality, 0 more per 1000 (0 more to 1 more) 1 study (n=17160), Very low quality, HR 0.60 (0.22, 1.65) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|---|--|------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|------------------------|------------------------|
| Cardiac arrhythmia | 2 studies (n=10006), Very low quality, 5 more per 1000 (3 fewer to 13 more) | 1 study (n=14752), Moderate quality, 4 fewer per 1000 (10 fewer to 3 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=3297), Low quality, 5 fewer per 1000 (14 fewer to 9 more) | 1 study (n=938), Low quality, 5 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 65 more) | 1 study (n=10142), Moderate quality, 2 more per 1000 (3 fewer to 9 more) | 1 study (n=17160), Low quality, 3 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 0 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|-------------|-----------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | | | | | | 1 study (n=10142), Moderate quality, HR 0.84 (0.64, 1.12) | | | |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|---|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|--|---|---|
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | 2 studies (n=528), High quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (12 fewer to 12 more) | 2 studies (n=209), Very low quality, 5 more per 1000 (38 fewer to 49 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=354), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (16 fewer to 16 more) | 3 studies (n=17498), Low quality, 2 more per 1000 (0 more to 3 more) | 7 studies (n=1872) Very low quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (9 fewer to 5 more) | 1 study (n=462), High quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (10 fewer to 10 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---|--|------------------------|------------------------|
| | | | | | | | 1 study (n=3486, Low quality, HR 1.57 (0.40, 6.16)) | 1 study (n=17160), Low quality, HR 2.18 (1.10, 4.30) | | |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---|------------------------|---|--|------------------------|
| Progression of liver disease | 1 study (n=9901), Moderate quality, 3 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 0 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=938), Low quality, 3 more per 1000 (1 fewer to 8 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=17160), Very low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (4 fewer to 2 more) 1 study (n=17160), Low quality, HR 0.92 (0.68, 1.25) | 1 study (n=129), Low quality, 31 more per 1000 (11 fewer to 73 more) | No outcomes identified |
|-------------------------------------|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---|------------------------|---|--|------------------------|

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|---|--|--|--|---|--|---|---|--|--|
| Remission | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 6 studies (n=1523), Moderate quality, 38 more per 1000 (5 fewer to 91 more) | 13 studies (n=3878), Low quality, 56 more per 1000 (10 more to 102 more) | 13 studies (n=13945), Low quality, 69 more per 1000 (6 more to 142 more) | 10 studies (n=4944), Moderate quality, 44 more per 1000 (18 more to 76 more) | 7 studies (n=3426), Very low quality, 26 more per 1000 (19 fewer to 102 more) | 4 studies (n=1748), Very low quality, 136 more per 1000 (45 fewer to 556 more) | 4 studies (n=1537), Very low quality, 45 more per 1000 (32 fewer to 121 more) | 11 studies (n=4320), Low quality, 13 more per 1000 (8 fewer to 34 more) | 12 studies (n=4476), ModerateHigh quality, 13 more per 1000 (7 fewer to 34 more) | 3 studies (n=1589), Moderate quality, 25 more per 1000 (0 more to 64 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|---|---|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|---|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|
| | | | | | | | 1 study (n=3486, Low quality, HR 1.04 (0.78, 1.39)) | | | |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | 3 studies (n=890), Low quality, 11 fewer per 1000 (56 fewer to 51 more) | 1 study (n=259), Low quality, 94 fewer per 1000 (158 fewer to 8 more) | 2 studies (n=601), Low quality, 16 fewer per 1000 (95 fewer to 63 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemia | 7 studies (n=11424), Very low | 11 studies (n=17877), Very low | 13 studies (n=1418) | 10 studies (n=4944), Moderate | 8 studies (n=18259), Very low | 4 studies (n=1748), Very low | 3 studies (n=1399), Very low | 11 studies (n=21414), Low | 9 studies (n=3463), Very low | 1 study (n=462), Low |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|--|---|
| mic episodes | low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 3 more) | quality, 3 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 8 more) | 4), Moderate quality, 5 fewer per 1000 (10 fewer to 0 more) | quality, 2 more per 1000 (1 fewer to 6 more) | quality, 4 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 10 more) | quality, 2 more per 1000 (4 fewer to 9 more) | quality, 5 fewer per 1000 (20 fewer to 9 more) | quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (5 fewer to 0 more) | quality, 0 more per 1000 (5 fewer to 6 more) | quality, 7 fewer per 1000 (19 fewer to 6 more) |
| HbA1c change | 9 studies (n=12907), Low quality, MD 0.90% lower (1.08 lower to 0.73 lower) | 13 studies (n=18502), Very low quality, MD 0.72% lower (0.82 lower to 0.63 lower) 1 study (n=30), Moderate | 19 studies (n=13820), Very low quality, MD 0.88% lower (1.03 lower to | 10 studies (n=4866), Low quality, MD 0.51% lower (0.63 lower to 0.40 lower) | 8 studies (n=16549), Low quality, MD 1.00% lower (1.22 lower to 0.78 lower) | 3 studies (n=1675), High quality, MD 1.53% lower (1.65 lower to 1.42 lower) | 8 studies (n=12824), Very low quality, MD 0.71% lower (0.87 lower to 0.54 lower) | 12 studies (n=20714), Very low quality, MD 0.54% lower (0.62 lower to 0.45 lower) | 14 studies (n=3785), Very low quality, MD 0.74% lower (0.99 lower to 0.49 lower) | 3 studies (n=1589), High quality, MD 0.73% lower (0.81 lower to 0.64 lower) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|-------------|--|---|--------------|---|---|---------------|---|---------------|---------------|
| | | quality, MD 0.52 mmol/mol lower (0.86 lower to 0.17 lower) | 0.72 lower) 1 study (n=49), Very low quality, MD 2.90 mmol/mol lower (8.09 lower to | | 2 studies (n=121), Very low quality, MD 14.67 mmol/mol lower (27.41 lower to 1.94 lower) | 1 study (n=65), Moderate quality, MD 25.50 mmol/mol lower (26.02 lower to 24.98 lower) | | 1 study (n=66), Moderate quality, MD 5.49 mmol/mol lower (10.13 lower to 0.85 lower) | | |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|-------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | | 2.29 higher) | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| Weight change | 9 studies (n=12288), High quality, MD 1.44 kg lower (1.60 lower to 1.27 lower) | 14 studies (n=18565), Very low quality, MD 1.58 kg lower (2.00 lower to 1.17 lower) | 19 studies (n=12772), Very low quality, MD 2.02 kg lower (2.85 lower to 1.20 lower) | 10 studies (n=4910), High quality, MD 0.74 lower (-1.02 lower to 0.46 lower) | 10 studies (n=16672), Low quality, MD 3.52 kg lower (4.06 lower to 2.98 lower) | 4 studies (n=1740), Very low quality, MD 6.55 kg lower (12.94 lower to 0.16 lower) | 7 studies (n=12244), Very low quality, MD 2.16 kg lower (2.67 lower to 1.65 lower)1 study (n=595), Low quality, MD 2.93 % lower (3.89 lower to 1.97 lower) | 13 studies (n=20546), Very low quality, MD 1.80 kg lower (2.12 lower to 1.49 lower) | 14 studies (n=3866), Very low quality, MD 2.22 kg lower (2.62 lower to 1.81 lower) | 2 studies (n=968), High quality, MD 1.94 kg lower (2.26 lower to 1.62 lower) |
|----------------------|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|---|---|--|------------------------|---|---|------------------------|--|---|------------------------|
| BMI change | 3 studies (n=10111), High quality, MD 0.53 kg/m ² lower (0.61 lower to 0.46 lower) | 3 studies (n=239), Very low quality, MD 1.28 kg/m ² lower (1.51 lower to 1.06 lower) | 9 studies (n=4300), Very low quality, MD 1.08 kg/m ² lower (1.37 lower to 0.79 lower) | No outcomes identified | 4 studies (n=2585), Low quality, MD 1.26 kg/m ² lower (1.60 lower to 0.91 lower) | 2 studies (n=1200), Very low quality, MD 0.83 kg/m ² lower (6.76 lower to 5.10 higher) | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=166), Very low quality, MD 0.45 kg/m ² lower (2.85 lower to 1.94 higher) | 2 studies (n=202), Moderate quality, MD 0.58 kg/m ² lower (0.92 lower to 0.24 lower) | No outcomes identified |

1 (a) Health-related quality of life outcomes for liraglutide compared to placebo: SF-36 physical functioning subscale, SF-36 vitality (energy/fatigue) subscale, SF-36 mental health
2 (emotional wellbeing) subscale, IWQoL overall, MDQoL general health perception subscale, MDQoL treatment impact subscale, MDQoL current health perception subscale,
3 MDQoL hypoglycaemia subscale, MDQoL treatment satisfaction subscale, MDQoL social or vocational worry subscale, MDQoL social stigma subscale,
4 -36 physical role functioning (limitations) subscale, SF-36 emotional role functioning subscale, SF-36 general health subscale, MDQoL lifestyle flexibility subscale, MDQoL
5 glycaemia control perception subscale, SF-36 bodily pain subscale, SF-36 social functioning subscale.

6

1
2
3

Table 20: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for adding individual drugs (biguanides, DPP-4 inhibitors, sulfonylureas and thiazolidinediones) compared to adding placebo for people with type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | Overall (IWQOL) 1 study (n=183), Low quality, MD 0.30 higher (3.83 lower to 4.43 higher) Well being subscale (DMSAT) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|--|-----------|------------|-------------|-------------|---|--------------|-------------|-----------|--------------|
| | | | | | 1 study (n=183), Low quality, MD 1.10 lower (9.37 lower to 7.17 higher) | | | | |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|---|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|---|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|---|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|---|--|---|---|
| All-cause mortality | 2 studies (n=802) Very low quality, 12 more per 1000 (8 fewer to 32 more) | 4 studies (n=1911), Very low quality, 2 more per 1000 (5 fewer to 10 more) | 10 studies (n=10270) Very low quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (12 fewer to 8 more) 1 study (n=6979), High quality, HR 0.98 (0.84, 1.14) | 7 studies (n=19289) Very low quality, 4 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 10 more) 1 study (n=16492) Very low quality, HR 1.11 (0.96, 1.28) | 16 studies (n=6563), Very low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (3 fewer to 2 more) | 12 studies (n=3850) Very low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 3 more) | 2 studies (n=300), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (18 fewer to 18 more) | 1 study (n=180), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (22 fewer to 22 more) | 6 studies (n=2334), Very low quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (8 fewer to 5 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|---|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|--|---|---|---|--|--|---|--|---|--|
| Cardiovascular mortality | 1 study (n=390) Very low quality, 10 more per 1000 (4 fewer to 141 more) | 3 studies (n=1417), Very low quality, 2 more per 1000 (6 fewer to 10 more) | 10 studies (n=10270) Very low quality, 2 more per 1000 (3 fewer to 6 more) 1 study (n=6979) High quality, HR 0.96 (0.81, 1.14) | 5 studies (n=18519) Very low quality, 1 more per 1000 (4 fewer to 6 more) 1 study (n=16492) Low quality, HR 1.03 (0.87, 1.22) | 11 studies (n=4392), Very low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (5 fewer to 2 more) | 8 studies (n=2275) Very low quality, 0 more per 1000 (6 fewer to 6 more) | 2 studies (n=300), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (18 fewer to 18 more) | 1 study (n=180), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (22 fewer to 22 more) | 4 studies (n=1653), Very low quality, 0 more per 1000 (6 fewer to 6 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|--|-----------|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-----------|--------------|
| | | | | | | | | | |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=16492) Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (8 fewer to 8 more) 1 study (n=16492) Low quality, HR 1.00 (0.89, 1.12) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=1275), Very low quality, 8 more per 1000 (14 fewer to 89 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=7282) High quality, 1 more per 1000 (13 fewer to 18 more) 1 study (n=6980), | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | | | High quality, HR 1.00 (0.88, 1.14) | | | | | | |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=1566) Very low quality, 9 more per | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|--|---|--|---|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| | | | 1000 (5 fewer to 23 more) | | | | | | |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 4 studies (n=7794) Very low quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (8 fewer to 4 more) 1 study (n=6979), Moderate quality, HR 0.88 (0.63, 1.23) | 2 studies (n=16983) Very low quality, 2 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 6 more) 1 study (n=16413), Very low quality, HR 1.11 (0.88, 1.40) | 1 study (n=497) Very low quality, 4 fewer per 1000 (12 fewer to 4 more) | 3 studies (n=1258) Very low quality, 5 fewer per 1000 (13 fewer to 2 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=933), Very low quality, 1 more per 1000 (7 fewer to 10 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|---|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|--|------------------------|--|--|--|---|------------------------|--|------------------------|--|
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=494), Low quality, 8 more per 1000 (1 fewer to 16 more) | 4 studies (n=7812) Very low quality, 6 more per 1000 (3 fewer to 14 more) 1 study (n=6979), Moderate quality, HR 1.15 (0.91, 1.45) | 2 studies (n=16878) Very low quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 4 more) 1 study (n=16413), Very low quality, HR 0.95 (0.80, 1.13) | 3 studies (n=1391), Very low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 4 more) | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=300), Very low quality, 12 fewer per 1000 (19 fewer to 35 more) | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=1141), Very low quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (8 fewer to 15 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|---|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|---|---|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 3 studies (n=7491) Very low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 4 more) 1 study (n=6978), Low quality, HR 0.87 (0.57, 1.33) | 1 study (n=16492) Very low quality, 2 more per 1000 (1 fewer to 6 more) 1 study (n=16492), Very low quality, HR 1.19 (0.89, 1.59) | 2 studies (n=1138), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (5 fewer to 5 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|---|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|--|---|------------------------|---|---|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | 1 study (n=390) Very low quality, 5 fewer per 1000 (17 fewer to 47 more) | No outcomes identified | 4 studies (n=7858) Very low quality, 5 fewer per 1000 (15 fewer to 5 more) 1 study (n=6978), Moderate quality, HR 0.90 (0.74, 1.09) | 1 study (n=16413) Very low quality, 7 more per 1000 (2 more to 14 more) 1 study (n=16413) Very low quality, HR | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=1232), Very low quality, 2 more per 1000 (4 fewer to 9 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | | | | 1.27 (1.07, 1.51) | | | | | |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=6979), Moderate quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (8 fewer to 7 more) | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|---|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|--|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---|
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=6979), High quality, 17 fewer per 1000 (35 fewer to 3 more) | 1 study (n=16492), Very low quality, 2 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 7 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=933), Very low quality, 17 fewer per 1000 (28 fewer to 9 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|--|-----------|------------|--|---|-------------|--------------|-------------|-----------|--------------|
| | | | 1 study (n=6979), Moderate quality, HR 0.86 (0.78, 0.95) | 1 study (n=16492), Very low quality, HR 1.10 (0.89, 1.36) | | | | | |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|--|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=7284), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 6 more) | 1 study (n=16492), Very low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (3 fewer to 2 more) 1 study (n=16492) Very low quality, HR 0.90 (0.61, 1.33) | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|---|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|---|---|------------------------|------------------------|---|------------------------|------------------------|
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=6979) Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (1 fewer to 1 more) | 1 study (n=16492) Very low quality, 1 more per 1000 (0 more to 2 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=363), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (13 fewer to 13 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|--|--|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=241), Low quality, 6 more per 1000 (6 fewer to 18 more) | 1 study (n=315), Very low quality, 6 fewer per 1000 (18 fewer to 6 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcome identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|---|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|---|------------------------|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=478), High quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (12 fewer to 12 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=467), Very low quality, 3 fewer per 1000 (4 fewer to 30 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified |

| | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=278), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (14 fewer to 14 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|--|--|--|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| Remission | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 4 studies (n=789) High quality, 21 more per 1000 (70 fewer to 125 more) | 4 studies (n=1910), Very low quality, 9 more per 1000 (23 fewer to 51 more) | 12 studies (n=12025) Very low quality, 4 more per 1000 (11 fewer to 20 more) | 8 studies (n=19862) Very low quality, 2 more per 1000 (10 fewer to 15 more) | 20 studies (n=7467), Very low quality, 18 more per 1000 (1 more to 35 more) | 15 studies (n=5260) Very low quality, 4 more per 1000 (6 fewer to 15 more) | 4 studies (n=1071), Very low quality, 172 more per 1000 (15 more to 641 more) | 1 study (n=180), Moderate quality, 65 more per 1000 (15 more to 115 more) | 7 studies (n=1340), Very low quality, 198 more per 1000 (21 more to 529 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|--|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|---|---|
| | | | | | | | | | |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 2 studies (n=562), Very low quality, 46 more per 1000 (21 fewer to 704 more) | 3 studies (n=1417), Very low quality, 6 fewer per 1000 (17 fewer to 6 more) | 12 studies (n=12025), Very low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 4 more) | 6 studies (n=19040), Very low quality, 4 more per 1000 (0 more to 7 more) | 16 studies (n=6253), Very low quality, 1 more per 1000 (5 fewer to 6 more) | 13 studies (n=4482), Very low quality, 3 fewer per 1000 (8 fewer to 2 more) | 4 studies (n=1272), Very low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (9 fewer to 8 more) | 1 study (n=180), Low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (11 fewer to 158 more) | 2 studies (n=1325), Very low quality, 7 more per 1000 (1 more to 14 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | 1 study (n=16492), Very low quality, HR 1.22 (0.82, 1.82) | | | | | |
| HbA1c change | 6 studies (n=1221), Very low quality, MD 0.47% lower (0.80 lower to 0.13 lower) | 3 studies (n=1417), Very low quality, MD 0.53% lower (0.63 lower to 0.42 lower) | 12 studies (n=11690), Low quality, MD 0.53 % lower (0.62 lower to 0.44 lower) | 8 studies (n=19721), Very low quality, MD 0.50% lower (0.67 lower to 0.33 lower) | 23 studies (n=7623), Very low quality, MD 0.71% lower (0.80 lower to 0.61 lower) | 14 studies (n=4495), Very low quality, MD 0.69% lower (0.77 lower to 0.62 lower) | 4 studies (n=694), Very low quality, MD 0.69% lower (1.10 lower to 0.29 lower) | 1 study (n=61), Low quality, MD 0.90% lower (1.78 lower to 0.02 lower) | 12 studies (n=2757), Very low quality, MD 0.70% lower (0.91 lower to 0.48 lower) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|---|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|---|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|--|---|---|--|--|---|--|---|------------------------|--|
| Weight change | 4 studies (n=781), Very low quality, MD 1.19 kg lower (3.92 lower to 1.54 higher) | 4 studies (n=1910), High quality, MD 0.17 kg higher (0.09 lower to 0.43 higher) | 10 studies (n=4463), Moderate quality, MD 0.10 kg higher (0.08 lower to 0.28 higher) | 6 studies (n=18705), Very low quality, MD 0.21 kg higher (0.15 lower to 0.57 higher) | 20 studies (n=6172), Low quality, MD 0.13 kg higher (0.13 lower to 0.39 higher) | 7 studies (n=1943), Very low quality, MD 0.07 kg lower (0.89 lower to 1.04 higher) | 2 studies (n=291), Very low quality, MD 0.24 kg lower (8.30 lower to 7.81 higher) | No outcomes identified | 9 studies (n=2379), Very low quality, MD 3.55 kg higher (2.54 higher to 4.55 higher) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Metformin | Alogliptin | Linagliptin | Saxagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|---|------------------------|--|------------------------|---|
| | | | | | | | | | |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 4 studies (n=17882), Low quality, MD 0.02 kg/m ² higher (0.06 lower to 0.10 higher) | 3 studies (n=466), Very low quality, MD 1.50 kg/m ² lower (2.35 lower to 0.66 lower) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=159), Very low quality, MD 1.09 kg/m ² higher (0.65 higher to 1.53 higher) | No outcomes identified | 4 studies (n=1216), Very low quality, MD 1.03 kg/m ² higher (0.42 higher to 1.65 higher) |

1.1.7.4.2. Adding — Insulin combination therapy compared to placebo

Table 21: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for individual drugs compared to placebo for people with type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Insulin degludec/liraglutide |
|--|--|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | 1 study (n=434) Low quality, 3 more per 1000 (3 fewer to 10 more) |
| Cardiovascular mortality | No outcomes identified |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | 1 study (n=434), Low quality, 3 more per 1000 (3 fewer to 10 more) |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to placebo | Insulin degludec/liraglutide |
|---|--|
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 1 study (n=434), High quality, 245 more per 1000 (113 more to 439 more) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=434), Moderate quality, 50 more per 1000 (8 fewer to 164 more) |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=434), Low quality, 7 more per 1000 (3 fewer to 17 more) |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=435), Moderate quality, MD 1.02% lower (1.18 lower to 0.86 lower) |
| Weight change | 1 study (n=435), Low quality, MD 1.48 kg higher (0.90 higher to 2.06 higher) |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified |

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1.1.7.4.3. *Adding — Monotherapy compared to metformin*

Table 22: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for individual drugs compared to metformin for people with type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities

| Outcomes for drugs compared to metformin | Linagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|--|---|------------------------|---|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | 1 study (n=50), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (75 fewer to 75 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=3062), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (3 fewer to 3 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=702), Very low quality, 6 fewer per 1000 (17 fewer to 5 more) |
| Cardiovascular mortality | 1 study (n=50), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (75 fewer to 75 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=3062), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (3 fewer to 3 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to metformin | Linagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|--|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=63), Very low quality, 31 more per 1000 (29 fewer to 92 more) |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=78), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (49 fewer to 49 more) |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=914), Very low quality, 2 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 6 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=63) Very low quality, 131 fewer per 1000 (180 fewer to 93 more) |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to metformin | Linagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|---|---|--|--|--|------------------------|--|
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 1 study (n=309), Very low quality, 5 more per 1000 (5 fewer to 16 more) | 1 study (n=27,502), Very low quality, 27 more per 1000 (10 fewer to 63 more) | 2 studies (n=3976), Very low quality, 3 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 4 more) | 1 study (n=67), Very low quality, 134 more per 1000 (86 fewer to 485 more) | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=721), Very low quality, 40 fewer per 1000 (77 fewer to 13 more) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=67), Very low quality, 86 more per 1000 (43 fewer to 557 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=309), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (13 fewer to 13 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=67), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (56 fewer to 56 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=639), Low quality 0 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 6 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to metformin | Linagliptin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|--|---|--|---|---|---|---|
| HbA1c change | 2 studies (n=373), Moderate quality, MD 0.10% higher (0.08 higher to 0.12 higher) | 2 studies (n=207), Very low quality, MD 0.33% lower (1.25 lower to 0.60 higher) | 2 studies (n=3,899), Low quality, MD 0.14% lower (0.20 lower to 0.08 lower) | 1 study (n=64), Very low quality, MD 0.05% higher (0.52 lower to 0.62 higher) | 1 study (n=41), Very low quality, MD 0.50% higher (0.34 lower to 1.34 higher) | 7 studies (n=1,050), Low quality, MD 0.10% higher (0.02 lower to 0.22 higher) |
| Weight change | 1 study (n=48), Moderate quality, MD 2.60 higher (1.21 higher to 3.99 higher) | 2 studies (n=207), Very low quality, MD 1.47 kg higher (0.53 lower to 3.47 higher) | 1 study (n=2985), Low quality, MD 0.51 kg lower (0.77 lower to 0.25 lower) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=41), Very low quality, MD 1.30 kg higher (1.35 lower to 3.95 higher) | 3 studies (n=759), Very low quality, MD 2.47 kg higher (0.96 lower to 5.89 higher) |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=207), Very low quality, MD 0.41 kg/m ² higher (0.02 higher to 0.80 higher) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 3 studies (n=253), Very low quality, MD 0.80 kg/m ² higher (1.56 lower to 3.17 higher) |

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1.1.7.4.4. Adding — Combination therapy compared to metformin

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Table 23: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for combinations of drugs compared to metformin for people with type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities

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| Outcomes for drugs compared to metformin | Glimepiride + metformin | Liraglutide + metformin | Pioglitazone + metformin |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to metformin | Glimepiride + metformin | Liraglutide + metformin | Pioglitazone + metformin |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| All-cause mortality | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiovascular mortality | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to metformin | Glimepiride + metformin | Liraglutide + metformin | Pioglitazone + metformin |
|---|--|--|---|
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 1 study (n=65), Very low quality, 77 more per 1000 (131 fewer to 417 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=81), Very low quality, 68 more per 1000 (83 fewer to 392 more) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=65), Very low quality, 3 more per 1000 (70 fewer to 340 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=65), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (58 fewer to 58 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=64), Low quality, MD 0.66 % lower (1.11 lower to 0.21 lower) | 1 study (n=85), Very low quality, MD 0.80% lower (1.13 lower to 0.47 lower) | 1 study (n=76), Low quality, MD 0.38% lower (0.70 lower to 0.06 lower) |
| Weight change | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=85), Low quality, MD 4.00 kg/m ² higher (1.92 higher to 6.08 higher) | No outcomes identified |

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1.1.7.4.5. Adding — Monotherapy compared to alogliptin

Table 24: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for individual drugs compared to alogliptin for people with type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities

| Outcomes for drugs compared to alogliptin | Glipizide |
|--|--|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | 1 study (n=2620), Very low quality, 2 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 15 more) |
| Cardiovascular mortality | 1 study (n=2620), Very low quality, 2 more per 1000 (1 fewer to 16 more) |
| 3-item MACE | 1 study (n=2620), Very low quality, 5 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 20 more) |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | 1 study (n=2620), Very low quality, 1 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 12 more) |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | 1 study (n=2620), Very low quality, 2 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 14 more) |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to alogliptin | Glipizide |
|--|---|
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 1 study (n=2620), Low quality, 213 more per 1000 (144 more to 312 more) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=2620), Very low quality, 5 more per 1000 (0 more to 49 more) |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=1089), Low quality, MD 0.11% higher (0.02 higher to 0.20 higher) |
| Weight change | No outcomes identified |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified |

1

1.1.7.4.6. Adding — Monotherapy compared to linagliptin

Table 25: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for individual drugs compared to linagliptin for people with type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities

| Outcomes for drugs compared to linagliptin | Empagliflozin | Glimepiride |
|--|---|---|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | 1 study (n=106), Moderate quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (36 fewer to 36 more) | 2 studies (n=7584), Moderate quality, 8 more per 1000 (4 fewer to 22 more) 1 study (n=6033), Moderate quality, HR 1.10 (0.94, 1.28) |
| Cardiovascular mortality | 1 study (n=106), Moderate quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (36 fewer to 36 more) | 2 studies (n=7584), High quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (8 fewer to 10 more) 1 study (n=6033), High quality, HR 1.00 (0.81, 1.23) |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=6033), High quality, 2 more per 1000 (15 fewer to 20 more) 1 study (n=6033), High quality, HR 1.01 (0.88, 1.16) |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=7584), Very low quality, 18 more per 1000 (10 fewer to 103 more) 1 study (n=6033), Moderate quality, HR 1.15 (0.87, 1.52) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to linagliptin | Empagliflozin | Glimepiride |
|---|--|--|
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=1551), Low quality, 5 more per 1000 (3 fewer to 28 more) 1 study (n=287), Low quality, HR 0.99 (0.78, 1.26) |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=7584), Low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 6 more) 1 study (n=116), Low quality, HR 0.93 (0.65, 1.33) |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=7584), Moderate quality, 5 fewer per 1000 (11 fewer to 2 more) 1 study (n=204), Moderate quality, HR 0.83 (0.63, 1.09) |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | 1 study (n=106), Low quality, 19 more per 1000 (18 fewer to 56 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=1551), Low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (3 fewer to 12 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to linagliptin | Empagliflozin | Glimepiride |
|---|--|---|
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 1 study (n=106), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (65 fewer to 213 more) | 2 studies (n=7584), Low quality, 303 more per 1000 (199 more to 443 more) 1 study (n=6033), High quality, HR 4.35 (3.85, 4.91) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=106), Moderate quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (36 fewer to 36 more) | 2 studies (n=7584), High quality, 17 more per 1000 (8 more to 35 more) 1 study (n=6033), High quality, HR 5.63 (4.76, 6.67) |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=104), Moderate quality, MD 0.95% lower (1.41 lower to 0.49 lower) | 2 studies (n=7552), Low quality, MD 0.09% lower (0.30 lower to 0.11 higher) |
| Weight change | 1 study (n=104), Moderate quality, MD 1.70 kg lower (2.58 lower to 0.82 lower) | 2 studies (n=7584), Very low quality, MD 2.10 kg higher (0.96 higher to 3.24 higher) |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

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1.1.7.4.7. **Adding — Monotherapy and combination therapy compared to saxagliptin**

Table 26: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for individual drugs and drug combinations compared to saxagliptin for people with type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities

| Outcomes for drugs compared to saxagliptin | Vildagliptin | Liraglutide | Dapagliflozin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Dapagliflozin + saxagliptin |
|--|--|------------------------|--|---|--|---|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | 2 studies (n=202) Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (27 fewer to 27 more) | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=943), Very low quality, 4 more per 1000 (4 fewer to 13 more) | 1 study (n=718), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (3 fewer to 42 more) | 1 study (n=858), Low quality, 5 fewer per 1000 (16 fewer to 6 more) | 2 studies (n=943), Very low quality, 2 more per 1000 (5 fewer to 9 more) |
| Cardiovascular mortality | 2 studies (n=202), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (27 fewer to 27 more) | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=943), Very low quality, 4 more per 1000 (4 fewer to 13 more) | 1 study (n=718), Very low quality, 3 fewer per 1000 (8 fewer to 3 more) | 1 study (n=858), Low quality, 2 more per 1000 (6 fewer to 10 more) | 2 studies (n=943), High quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 6 more) |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to saxagliptin | Vildagliptin | Liraglutide | Dapagliflozin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Dapagliflozin + saxagliptin |
|---|--|------------------------|---|--|------------------------|---|
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=379), Low quality, 5 more per 1000 (5 fewer to 16 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | 1 study (n=73), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (52 fewer to 52 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=355), Moderate quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (11 fewer to 11 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=355), Moderate quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (11 fewer to 11 more) |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to saxagliptin | Vildagliptin | Liraglutide | Dapagliflozin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Dapagliflozin + saxagliptin |
|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=588), High quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (7 fewer to 7 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=588), High quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (7 fewer to 7 more) |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 3 studies (n=319), Very low quality, 11 fewer per 1000 (42 fewer to 92 more) | 1 study (n=121), Very low quality, 16 more per 1000 (35 fewer to 231 more) | 2 studies (n=943), Low quality, 6 fewer per 1000 (10 fewer to 11 more) | 2 studies (n=1097), Moderate quality, 223 more per 1000 (135 more to 353 more) | 1 study (n=858), Low quality, 91 more per 1000 (64 more to 118 more) | 2 studies (n=943), Low quality, 4 more per 1000 (7 fewer to 36 more) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=73), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (52 fewer to 52 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 2 studies (n=190), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (29 fewer to 29 more) | 1 study (n=121), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (32 fewer to 32 more) | 2 studies (n=943), Very low quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (9 fewer to 5 more) | 1 study (n=379), Low quality, 0 more per 1000 (5 fewer to 79 more) | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=941), Very low quality, 2 more per 1000 (5 fewer to 9 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to saxagliptin | Vildagliptin | Liraglutide | Dapagliflozin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Dapagliflozin + saxagliptin |
|--|---|---|--|---|---|---|
| HbA1c change | 3 studies (n=319), Low quality, MD 0.08% lower (0.20 lower to 0.04 higher) | 1 study (n=121), Low quality, MD 0.27% lower (0.47 lower to 0.07 lower) | 2 studies (n=862), Low quality, MD 0.12% lower (0.50 lower to 0.25 higher) | 1 study (n=373), High quality, MD 0.06% lower (0.23 lower to 0.11 higher) | 1 study (n=846), Low quality, MD 0.06% higher (0.05 lower to 0.17 higher) | 2 studies (n=874), Very low quality, MD 0.75% lower (1.61 lower to 0.12 higher) |
| Weight change | 1 study (n=117), Low quality, MD 0.10 kg higher (0.63 lower to 0.83 higher) | 1 study (n=121), Low quality, MD 5.10 kg lower (6.01 lower to 4.19 lower) | 1 study (n=297), Low quality, MD 2.40 kg lower (3.10 lower to 1.70 lower) | 2 studies (n=947), Moderate quality, MD 1.70 kg higher (1.32 higher to 2.08 higher) | 1 study (n=850), Very low quality, MD 2.80 kg higher (2.25 higher to 3.35 higher) | 2 studies (n=876), High quality, MD 1.79 kg lower (2.22 lower to 1.36 lower) |
| BMI change | 2 studies (n=190), Low quality, MD 0.01 kg/m ² lower (0.25 lower to 0.24 higher) | 1 study (n=121), Low quality, MD 1.8 kg/m ² lower (2.11 lower to 1.49 lower) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

1 **1.1.7.4.8. Adding — Monotherapy and combination therapy compared to sitagliptin**

2 **Table 27: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for individual drugs (GLP-1 receptor agonists and SGLT-2 inhibitors) compared to**
3 **sitagliptin for people with type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities**

| Outcomes for drugs compared to sitagliptin | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|------------------------|---|---|------------------------|---|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified | Overall (EQ-5D Index) 1 study (n=268), Very Low quality, MD 0.01 lower (0.07 lower to 0.05 higher) | Mental component (SF-36) 1 study (n=2454), Low quality, MD 0.27 lower (0.85 lower to 0.31 higher) Physical component (SF36) | No outcomes identified | Mental component (SF-36 v2) 2 studies (n=2367), High quality, MD 0.05 higher (0.52 lower to 0.63 higher) Physical component (SF36 v2) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to sitagliptin | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|-------------|---|---|--------------|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | <p>Overall (IWQOL-Lite)</p> <p>1 study (n=303), Moderate quality, MD 1.30 lower (4.35 lower to 1.75 higher)</p> | <p>1 study (n=2454), Low quality, MD 0.66 higher (0.11 higher to 1.21 higher)</p> | | <p>2 studies (n=2367), High quality,, MD 0.09 higher (0.33 lower to 0.52 higher)</p> | | | | |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to sitagliptin | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|-------------|--|-------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | Subscale well being (DMSAT) 1 study (n=303), Moderate quality, MD 8.20 higher (1.54 higher to 14.86 higher) | | | | | | | |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to sitagliptin | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|--|--|---|---|--|---|---|------------------------|--|
| All-cause mortality | 1 study (n=921), Very low quality, 5 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 12 more) | 1 study (n=326), Very low quality, 6 fewer per 1000 (18 fewer to 6 more) | 4 studies (n=4204), Low quality, 8 fewer per 1000 (16 fewer to 0 more) 1 study (n=2529), Low quality, HR 0.66 (0.41, 1.07) | 1 study (n=319), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (12 fewer to 12 more) | 4 studies (n=4457), Very low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 4 more) | 2 studies (n=1856), Very low quality, 1 more per 1000 (3 fewer to 5 more) | 1 study (n=613), High quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 6 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=745), Low quality, 2 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 6 more) |
| Cardiovascular mortality | 1 study (n=921), Very low quality, 3 fewer per 1000 (9 fewer to 3 more) | 1 study (n=326), Very low quality, 6 fewer per 1000 (18 fewer to 6 more) | 3 studies (n=3540), Low quality, 6 fewer per 1000 (13 fewer to 1 more) 1 study (n=2529), Low quality, HR 0.44 (0.20, 0.95) | 1 study (n=319), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (12 fewer to 12 more) | 4 studies (n=4457), Very low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (4 fewer to 3 more) | 1 study (n=755), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (0 more to 0 more) | 1 study (n=613), High quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 6 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=745), Low quality, 2 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 6 more)" |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to sitagliptin | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|--|------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=2515), Low quality, 16 fewer per 1000 (28 fewer to 0 more) 1 study (n=2515), Low quality, HR 0.70 (0.48, 1.02) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=2530), Very low quality, 19 fewer per 1000 (31 fewer to 2 fewer) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=367), Low quality, | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=1861), Low quality, | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to sitagliptin | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|------------------------|---|---|------------------------|--|------------------------|---|------------------------|------------------------|
| | | | 5 fewer per 1000 (16 fewer to 5 more) | | 4 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 10 more) | | | | |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=303), Moderate quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (14 fewer to 14 more) | 1 study (n=13919), Low quality, 26 fewer per 1000 (77 fewer to 25 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=1861), Low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (8 fewer to 5 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=326), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (12 fewer to 12 more) | 1 study (n=2530), Very low quality, 6 fewer per 1000 (10 fewer to 2 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=1861), Low quality, 2 more per 1000 (3 fewer to 8 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=2515), Low quality, 13 fewer per 1000 (18 fewer to 3 fewer) | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=2364), Very low quality, 3 fewer per 1000 (9 fewer to 4 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=52, Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (72 fewer to 72 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to sitagliptin | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|---|------------------------|--|---|------------------------|---|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | | | 1 study (n=2515), Low quality, HR 0.47 (0.25, 0.88) | | | | | | |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=326), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (12 fewer to 12 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=2364), Very low quality, 2 more per 1000 (4 fewer to 9 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=1861), Low quality, 1 more per | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to sitagliptin | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|---|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--|------------------------|---|
| | | | | | 1000 (1 fewer to 2 more) | | | | |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=367), Low quality, 5 fewer per 1000 (16 fewer to 5 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=367), Low quality, 5 more per 1000 (5 fewer to 16 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=60, Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (63 fewer to 63 more)) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=745), High quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 6 more) |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to sitagliptin | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|--|---|---|--|---|---|--|------------------------|--|
| Remission | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=629), Very low quality, 15 fewer per 1000 (33 fewer to 3 more) | 7 studies (n=4387), Very low quality, 30 fewer per 1000 (92 fewer to 72 more) | 1 study (n=319), Very low quality, 12 fewer per 1000 (18 fewer to 42 more) | 3 studies (n=3954), High quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (18 fewer to 20 more) | 2 studies (n=1856), Very low quality, 51 more per 1000 (44 fewer to 196 more) | 2 studies (n=665), Low quality, 3 fewer per 1000 (30 fewer to 46 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=745), Very low quality, 2 more per 1000 (16 fewer to 45 more) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=367), High quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (11 fewer to 11 more) | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=2364), Low quality, 2 more per 1000 (5 fewer to 18 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=921), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (5 fewer to 5 more) | 2 studies (n=629), Moderate quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (9 fewer to 9 more) | 6 studies (n=69777), Very low quality, 2 more per 1000 (3 fewer to 6 more) | 1 study (n=319), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (12 fewer to 12 more) | 3 studies (n=3589), Moderate quality, 5 fewer per 1000 (11 fewer to 0 more) | 2 studies (n=1856), Very low quality, 2 more per 1000 (9 fewer to 23 more) | 2 studies (n=665), Very low quality, 3 more per 1000 (10 fewer to 16 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=745), Very low quality, 4 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 10 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to sitagliptin | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Canagliflozin | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Ertugliflozin |
|--|---|--|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=921), Low quality, MD 0.53 % lower (0.68 lower to 0.38 lower) | 2 studies (n=629), Moderate quality, MD 0.44 lower (0.74 lower to 0.14 lower)" | 8 studies (n=2419), Very low quality, MD 0.33% lower (0.56 lower to 0.10 lower) | 1 study (n=319), Low quality, MD 0.00% lower (0.28 lower to 0.28 higher) | 4 studies (n=4460), Very low quality, MD 0.39% lower (0.61 lower to 0.17 lower) | 2 studies (n=1834), Very low quality, MD 0.22% lower (0.51 lower to 0.07 higher) | 3 studies (n=723), High quality, MD 0.05% higher (0.21 lower to 0.31 higher) | 1 study (n=44), Low quality, MD 1.70 mmol/mol lower (3.20 lower to 0.20 lower) | 1 study (n=745), Low quality, MD 0.10% lower (0.28 lower to 0.08 higher) |
| Weight change | 1 study (n=921), Low quality, MD 0.89 kg lower (1.49 lower to 0.29 lower) | 2 studies (n=629), Low quality, MD 0.69 kg lower (2.26 lower to 0.88 higher) | 6 studies (n=1761), Very low quality, MD 2.10 kg lower (2.65 lower to 1.55 lower) | 1 study (n=312), Very low quality, MD 1.30 kg lower (2.10 lower to 0.50 lower) | 4 studies (n=4460), Very low quality, MD 2.03 kg lower (2.77 lower to 1.30 lower) | 2 studies (n=1835), Moderate quality, MD 2.31 kg lower (2.77 lower to 1.86 lower) | 1 study (n=60, Very low quality, MD 1.59 kg lower (2.70 lower to 0.48 lower) | 1 study (n=44, Very low quality, MD 0.30 higher (4.26 lower to 4.86 higher) | 1 study (n=745), Very low quality, MD 2.70 kg lower (3.41 lower to 1.99 lower) |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 4 studies (n=556), Very low quality, MD 0.68 kg/m ² lower (1.01 lower to 0.35 lower) | No outcomes identified | 4 studies (n=4460), Very low quality, MD 0.75 kg/m ² lower (1.02 lower to 0.49 lower) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

1 **Table 28: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for individual drugs (sulfonylureas and pioglitazone) and drug combinations**
 2 **compared to sitagliptin for people with type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities**

| Outcomes for drugs compared to sitagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone | Dapagliflozin + saxagliptin | Ertugliflozin + sitagliptin |
|---|---|------------------------|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Health-related quality of life | Mental component (SF-36) 1 study (n=2458), Low quality, MD 0.06 higher (0.52 lower to 0.64 higher) Physical component (SF-36) 1 study (n=2458), Low quality, MD 0.23 lower (0.78 lower to 0.32 higher) | No outcomes identified | Overall – EQ-5D 1 study (n=269), Very low quality, MD 0.03 lower (0.09 lower to 0.03 higher) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to sitagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone | Dapagliflozin + saxagliptin | Ertugliflozin + sitagliptin |
|---|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| | | | | | |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to sitagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone | Dapagliflozin + saxagliptin | Ertugliflozin + sitagliptin |
|--|---|---|--|--|---|
| | | | | | |
| All-cause mortality | 2 studies (n=3556), Very low quality, 2 more per 1000 (7 fewer to 15 more) 1 study (n=2521), Low quality, HR 0.86 (0.61, 1.21) | 1 study (n=1172), Very low quality, 12 more per 1000 (0 more to 107 more) | 1 study (n=331), Very low quality, 6 fewer per 1000 (18 fewer to 6 more) | 1 study (n=461), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (8 fewer to 8 more) | 1 study (n=734), Low quality, 2 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 6 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to sitagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone | Dapagliflozin + saxagliptin | Ertugliflozin + sitagliptin |
|---|--|--|------------------------|--|---|
| Cardiovascular mortality | 2 studies (n=3541), Very low quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (7 fewer to 6 more) 1 study (n=2509), Very low quality, HR 0.77 (0.40, 1.48) | 1 study (n=1172), Very low quality, 5 more per 1000 (1 fewer to 11 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=461), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (8 fewer to 8 more) | 1 study (n=734), High quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 6 more) |
| 3-item MACE | 1 study (n=2506), Low quality, 7 fewer per 1000 (21 fewer to 12 more) 1 study (n=2511), Low quality, HR 0.86 (0.61, 1.21) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | 1 study (n=2522), Very low quality, 8 fewer per 1000 (23 fewer to 12 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | 1 study (n=41), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (92 fewer to 92 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to sitagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone | Dapagliflozin + saxagliptin | Ertugliflozin + sitagliptin |
|---|---|------------------------|---|---|------------------------------------|
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | 1 study (n=41), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (92 fewer to 92 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | 1 study (n=2522), Very low quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (7 fewer to 9 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=331), Very low quality, 6 more per 1000 (6 fewer to 18 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | 2 studies (n=2547), Very low quality, 0 more per 1000 (12 fewer to 12 more) 1 study (n=2511), Very low quality, HR 1.01 (0.61, 1.67) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=331), Very low quality, 6 more per 1000 (6 fewer to 18 more) | 1 study (n=461), Very low quality, 4 more per 1000 (4 fewer to 13 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to sitagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone | Dapagliflozin + saxagliptin | Ertugliflozin + sitagliptin |
|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=461), Very low quality, 18 fewer per 1000 (38 fewer to 3 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=734), Low quality, 2 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 6 more) |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 4 studies (n=4339), Very low quality, 317 more per 1000 (125 more to 638 more) 1 study (n=2484), Low quality, HR 2.56 (2.32, 2.82) | 1 study (n=1172), Low quality, 714 more per 1000 (490 more to 1031 more) 1 study (n=1172), Low quality, HR 20 (11.11, 33.33) | 3 studies (n=581), Very low quality,, 17 fewer per 1000 (33 fewer to 20 more) | 1 study (n=461), Very low quality, 12 more per 1000 (17 fewer to 81 more) | 1 study (n=734), Very low quality, 17 more per 1000 (9 fewer to 76 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to sitagliptin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone | Dapagliflozin + saxagliptin | Ertugliflozin + sitagliptin |
|--|---|---|---|--|--|
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 4 studies (n=4584), Very low quality, 10 more per 1000 (3 more to 24 more) | 1 study (n=1172), Low quality, 34 more per 1000 (5 more to 156 more) 1 study, Low quality, HR 12.5 (2.13, 100) | 3 studies (n=581), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (12 fewer to 12 more) | 1 study (n=461), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (8 fewer to 8 more) | 1 study (n=734), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 6 more) |
| HbA1c change | 4 studies (n=2071), Very low quality, MD 0.18% higher (0.17 lower to 0.52 higher) | 1 study (n=1135), Low quality, 0.02% lower (0.14 lower to 0.10 higher) | 4 studies (n=787), Very low quality, MD 0.12% lower (0.37 lower to 0.14 higher) | 1 study (n=461), Very low quality, MD 0.48% lower (0.72 lower to 0.24 lower) | 1 study (n=734), Very low quality, MD 0.60% lower (0.77 lower to 0.43 lower) |
| Weight change | 3 studies (n=1491), Very low quality, MD 1.52 kg higher (0.48 higher to 2.56 higher) | 1 study (n=1135), Very low quality, MD 2.30 kg higher (1.38 higher to 3.22 higher) | 4 studies (n=787), Very low quality, MD 1.62 kg higher (1.52 higher to 1.73 higher) | 1 study (n=461), Low quality, MD 1.50 kg lower (2.33 lower to 0.67 lower) | 1 study (n=734), Very low quality, MD 2.50 kg lower (3.23 lower to 1.77 lower) |
| BMI change | 1 study (n=418), Low quality, MD 0.39 kg/m ² higher (0.15 higher to 0.63 higher) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=222), Low quality, MD 3.50 kg/m ² higher (2.62 higher to 4.38 higher) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

1 **1.1.7.4.9. Adding — Monotherapy compared to vildagliptin**

2 **Table 29: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for individual drugs compared to vildagliptin for people with type 2 diabetes at high**
3 **cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities**

| Outcomes for drugs compared to vildagliptin | Liraglutide | Empagliflozin | Gliclazide | Glimepiride | Pioglitazone |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|--|---|--|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=1045), Very low quality, 1 more per 1000 (1 fewer to 22 more) | 2 studies (n=5871), Very low quality, 0 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 5 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiovascular mortality | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=42), Very low quality, 48 more per 1000 (43 fewer to 139 more) | 1 study (n=2772), Very low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (1 fewer to 7 more) | No outcomes identified |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=42), Very low quality, 48 fewer per 1000 (139 fewer to 43 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=575), Low quality, 4 more per 1000 (3 fewer to 75 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to vildagliptin | Liraglutide | Empagliflozin | Gliclazide | Glimepiride | Pioglitazone |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|------------------------|
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=2772), Very low quality, 1 more per 1000 (1 fewer to 13 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to vildagliptin | Liraglutide | Empagliflozin | Gliclazide | Glimepiride | Pioglitazone |
|--|---|---|--|---|---|
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 1 study (n=118), Very low quality, 22 fewer per 1000 (69 fewer to 144 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=42), Low quality, 238 more per 1000 (17 fewer to 1326 more) | 2 studies (n=5871), Moderate quality, 153 more per 1000 (112 more to 205 more) | 1 study (n=575), Low quality, 0 more per 1000 (3 fewer to 53 more) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=118), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (33 fewer to 33 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=42), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (88 fewer to 88 more) | 2 studies (n=3143), Low quality, 10 more per 1000 (4 more to 15 more) | 1 study (n=575), High quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (7 fewer to 7 more) |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=118), Low quality, MD 0.25% lower (0.45 lower to 0.05 lower) | 1 study (n=107), Very low quality, MD 0.15% lower (0.61 lower to 0.31 higher) | 2 studies (n=821), Low quality, MD 0.07% lower (0.23 lower to 0.09 higher) | 4 studies (n=5505), Low quality, MD 0.13% lower (0.21 lower to 0.05 lower) | 1 study (n=576), High quality, MD 0.00% lower (0.18 lower to 0.18 higher) |
| Weight change | 1 study (n=118), Low quality, MD 5.20kg lower (6.08 lower to 4.32 lower) | 1 study (n=107), Low quality, MD 0.12 kg lower (1.44 lower to 1.20 higher) | 2 studies (n=1044) | 3 studies (n=3315), Low quality, MD 1.50 kg higher (1.23 higher to 1.78 higher) | 1 study (n=576), Moderate quality, MD 2.40 kg higher (1.69 higher to 3.11 higher) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to vildagliptin | Liraglutide | Empagliflozin | Gliclazide | Glimepiride | Pioglitazone |
|--|---|------------------------|---|--|------------------------|
| | | | Low quality, MD 1.22 kg higher (0.47 higher to 1.97 higher) | | |
| BMI change | 1 study (n=118), Low quality, MD 1.8 kg/m ² lower (2.09 lower to 1.51 lower) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=153), Very low quality, MD 0.60 kg/m ² higher (0.13 higher to 1.07 higher) | No outcomes identified |

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1.1.7.4.10. Adding — Monotherapy compared to dulaglutide

Table 30: Summary table for individual drugs compared to dulaglutide for people with type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities

| Outcomes for drugs compared to dulaglutide | Liraglutide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide |
|--|---|---|---|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified | Subscale mental (SF-36 v2), 1 study (n=458). Low quality, MD 0.26 higher (0.86 lower to 1.38 higher) Subscale physical (SF-36 v2), 1 study (n=458), Low quality, MD 0.12 lower (0.88 lower to 0.64 higher) | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | 1 study (n=599), High quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (7 fewer to 7 more) | 2 studies (n=1657), Very low quality, 3 fewer per 1000 (10 fewer to 5 more) | 1 study (n=265), Moderate quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (26 fewer to 26 more) |
| Cardiovascular mortality | 1 study (n=599), High quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (7 fewer to 7 more) | 2 studies (n=1657) Very low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (7 fewer to 4 more) | No outcomes identified |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to dulaglutide | Liraglutide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide |
|---|--|---|------------------------|
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=458), High quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (21 fewer to 21 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=458), High quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (21 fewer to 21 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | 1 study (n=599), Low quality, 3 more per 1000 (3 fewer to 10 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to dulaglutide | Liraglutide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide |
|---|---|--|---|
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 1 study (n=599), Moderate quality, 30 more per 1000 (8 fewer to 100 more) | 2 studies (n=490), Very low quality, 26 fewer per 1000 (118 fewer to 67 more) | 1 study (n=265), Low quality, 29 more per 1000 (21 fewer to 246 more) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=599), Low quality, 7 fewer per 1000 (16 fewer to 27 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=599), High quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (7 fewer to 7 more) | 2 studies (n=1657), Very low quality, 5 fewer per 1000 (15 fewer to 5 more) | No outcomes identified |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=599), High quality, MD 0.06% lower (0.20 lower to 0.08 higher) | 3 studies (n=1689), Very low quality, MD 0.25% lower (0.56 lower to 0.06 higher) | 1 study (n=265), Moderate quality, MD 0.68% lower (0.86 lower to 0.50 lower) |
| Weight change | 1 study (n=599), High quality, MD 0.71 kg higher (0.16 higher to 1.26 higher) | 3 studies (n=1689), Low quality, MD 2.45 kg lower (3.26 lower to 1.64 lower) | 1 study (n=265), Moderate quality, MD 2.07 kg lower (3.96 lower to 0.18 lower) |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=1657), Very low quality, MD 0.74 kg/m ² lower (1.05 lower to 0.43 lower) | 1 study (n=265), Moderate quality, MD 1.30 kg/m ² lower (1.93 lower to 0.67 lower) |

1.1.7.4.11. Adding — Monotherapy and combination therapy compared to exenatide

Table 31: Summary table for individual drugs and drug combinations compared to exenatide for people with type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities

| Outcomes for drugs compared to exenatide | Dulaglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Dapagliflozin | Glimepiride | Pioglitazone | Dapagliflozin + exenatide |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|--|------------------------|------------------------|---|---------------------------|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | Subscale mental component (SF-36) 1 study (n=809), Low quality, MD 0.16 higher (1.14 lower to 1.46 higher) Subscale physical component (SF-36) 1 study (n=809), Low quality, MD 0.46 higher (0.64 lower to 1.56 higher) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | Overall EQ-5D 1 study (n=259), Very low quality, MD 0.02 lower (0.08 lower to 0.04 higher) | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | 1 study (n=835), Very | 1 study (n=634), Low | 1 study (n=809) | 1 study (n=463), Very | 1 study (n=1019), Low | 1 study (n=325), Very | 1 study (n=461), Very |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to exenatide | Dulaglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Dapagliflozin | Glimepiride | Pioglitazone | Dapagliflozin + exenatide |
|---|--|--|---|---|---|--|---|
| | low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (0 more to 0 more) | quality, 0 fewer per 1,000 (9 fewer to 9 more) | Very low quality, 5 fewer per 1000 (12 fewer to 2 more) | low quality, 4 more per 1000 (10 fewer to 19 more) | quality, 0 more per 1000 (7 fewer to 24 more) | low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (12 fewer to 12 more) | low quality, 9 more per 1000 (8 fewer to 26 more) |
| Cardiovascular mortality | 1 study (n=835), Very low quality, 4 more per 1000 (1 fewer to 9 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=463), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (12 fewer to 12 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=325) Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (12 fewer to 12 more) | 1 study (n=461), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (12 fewer to 12 more) |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=325), Very | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to exenatide | Dulaglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Dapagliflozin | Glimepiride | Pioglitazone | Dapagliflozin + exenatide |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|------------------------|---|--|
| | | | | | | low quality, 6 more per 1000 (6 fewer to 18 more) | |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=463), Very low quality, 4 more per 1000 (15 fewer to 23 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=325), Very low quality, 6 more per 1000 (6 fewer to 18 more) | 1 study (n=461), Very low quality, 9 fewer per 1000 (21 fewer to 3 more) |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to exenatide | Dulaglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Dapagliflozin | Glimepiride | Pioglitazone | Dapagliflozin + exenatide |
|---|---|---|--|---|--|---|---|
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 1 study (n=835), Low quality, 54 fewer per 1000 (86 fewer to 8 fewer) | 1 study (n=634), High quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (0 more to 0 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=463), Very low quality, 4 more per 1000 (4 fewer to 13 more) | 2 studies (n=1130), High quality, 276 more per 1000 (202 more to 360 more) | 1 study (n=325), Very low quality, 6 fewer per 1000 (27 fewer to 14 more) | 1 study (n=461), Very low quality, 17 more per 1000 (1 more to 34 more) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=1019), Moderate quality, 58 more per 1000 (13 more to 119 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=835), Low quality, 7 fewer per 1000 (17 fewer to 3 more) | 1 study (n=634), High quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 6 more) | 1 study (n=809), Very low quality, 0 more per 1000 (30 fewer to 48 more) | 1 study (n=463), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (8 fewer to 8 more) | 1 study (n=1019), Low quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 2 more) | 1 study (n=325), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (12 fewer to 12 more) | 1 study (n=461), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (8 fewer to 8 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to exenatide | Dulaglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Dapagliflozin | Glimepiride | Pioglitazone | Dapagliflozin + exenatide |
|--|--|---|--|--|---|--|--|
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=835), Moderate quality, MD 0.13% lower (0.32 lower to 0.06 higher) | 1 study (n=630), High quality, MD 0.17% higher (0.03 higher to 0.31 higher) | 1 study (n=809), Very low quality, MD 0.60% lower (0.77 lower to 0.43 lower) | 1 study (n=457), Very low quality, MD 0.23% higher (0.10 lower to 0.56 higher) | 2 studies (n=480), Low quality, MD 0.03% higher (0.04 lower to 0.10 higher) | 1 study (n=325), Low quality, MD 0.30% higher (0.05 higher to 0.55 higher) | 1 study (n=455), Very low quality, MD 0.41% lower (0.73 lower to 0.09 lower) |
| Weight change | 1 study (n=835), Moderate quality, MD 0.52 kg higher (0.18 lower to 1.22 higher) | 1 study (n=630), High quality, MD 1.02 kg higher (0.46 higher to 1.58 higher) | 1 study (n=809), Low quality, MD 3.70 kg lower (4.50 lower to 2.90 lower) | 1 study (n=457), Very low quality, MD 2.22 kg lower (3.55 lower to 0.89 lower) | 2 studies (n=1120), Low quality, MD 4.03 kg lower (4.61 lower to 3.45 lower) | 1 study (n=325) Moderate quality, MD 5.10 kg higher (4.26 higher to 5.94 higher) | 1 study (n=455), Very low quality, MD 1.71 kg lower (2.96 lower to 0.46 lower) |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=809), Low quality, MD 1.40 kg/m ² lower (1.68 lower to 1.12 lower) | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=1120), High quality, MD 1.79 kg/m ² higher (1.53 higher to 2.04 higher) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

1 **1.1.7.4.12. Adding — Monotherapy and non-insulin combination therapy compared to liraglutide**

2 **Table 32: Summary table for individual drugs and insulin drug combinations compared to liraglutide for people with type 2 diabetes at**
3 **high cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities**

| Outcomes for drugs compared to liraglutide | Exenatide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Glimepiride | Empagliflozin + liraglutide |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|--|---------------------------|------------------------|--|------------------------------------|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | Subscale mental component (SF-36 v2) 1 study (n=577), Low quality, MD 1.00 higher (0.11 lower to 2.11 higher) Subscale physical component (SF-36 v2) 1 study (n=577), Low quality, MD 0.70 higher (0.41 lower to 1.81 higher) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | Subscale mental component (SF-36) 1 study (n=2440), Low quality, MD 0.33 higher (0.25 lower to 0.91 higher) Subscale physical component (SF-36) 1 study (n=2440), Low quality, MD 0.89 lower (1.44 lower to 0.34 lower) | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | 1 study (n=911), | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=1146), Very | 1 study (n=156), Very low | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=2516), Low | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to liraglutide | Exenatide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Glimepiride | Empagliflozin + liraglutide |
|--|--|------------------------|--|---|------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| | Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (9 fewer to 8 more) | | low quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (11 fewer to 8 more) | quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (25 fewer to 25 more) | | quality, 13 more per 1000 (0 more to 34 more) 1 study (n=2516), Low quality, HR 1.61 (1.00, 2.59) | |
| Cardiovascular mortality | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=1146), Very low quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (9 fewer to 5 more) | 1 study (n=156), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (25 fewer to 25 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=2498), Very low quality, 6 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 22 more) 1 study (n=2498), Very low quality, HR 1.78 (0.79, 4.01) | No outcomes identified |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=2498), Low quality, 9 more per 1000 (6 fewer to 30 more) | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to liraglutide | Exenatide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Glimepiride | Empagliflozin + liraglutide |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|---|---|------------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| | | | | | | 1 study (n=2498), Low quality, HR 1.24 (0.85, 1.81) | |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=2516), Very low quality, 11 more per 1000 (5 fewer to 33 more) | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=569), Low quality, 7 more per 1000 (3 fewer to 17 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=569), Low quality, 4 fewer per 1000 (10 fewer to 3 more) | 1 study (n=309), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (13 fewer to 13 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to liraglutide | Exenatide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Glimepiride | Empagliflozin + liraglutide |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|---|---|------------------------|--|------------------------------------|
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=569), Low quality, 4 more per 1000 (3 fewer to 10 more) | 1 study (n=309), Very low quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (12 fewer to 70 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=2516), Very low quality, 4 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 19 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=309), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (13 fewer to 13 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=2493), Low quality, 13 more per 1000 (2 more to 34 more) 1 study (n=2516), Low quality, HR 2.16 (1.14, 4.09) | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=569), Low quality, 4 fewer per 1000 (10 fewer to 3 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to liraglutide | Exenatide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Glimepiride | Empagliflozin + liraglutide |
|---|------------------------|---|------------------------|---|------------------------|---|------------------------------------|
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=966), Very low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (4 fewer to 1 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=404), Very low quality, 5 more per 1000 (5 fewer to 15 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=156), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (25 fewer to 25 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to liraglutide | Exenatide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Glimepiride | Empagliflozin + liraglutide |
|---|--|--|--|--|---|---|------------------------------------|
| Remission | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 2 studies (n=1378), Moderate quality, 42 more per 1000 (3 more to 91 more) | 1 study (n=404), Low quality, 10 more per 1000 (9 fewer to 87 more) | 2 studies (n=1146), Very low quality, 12 fewer per 1000 (20 fewer to 5 more) | 1 study (n=309), Very low quality, 28 more per 1000 (42 fewer to 146 more) | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=3430), Very low quality, 29 more per 1000 (119 fewer to 569 more) 1 study (n=2464), Low quality, HR 2.64 (2.32, 3.00) | No outcomes identified |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 2 studies (n=1378), Very low quality, 1 more per 1000 (3 fewer to 6 more) | 1 study (n=404), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (10 fewer to 10 more) | 1 study (n=577), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (7 fewer to 7 more) | 2 studies (n=465), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (12 fewer to 12 more) | 1 study (n=61), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (62 fewer to 62 more) | 2 studies (n=3482), Very low quality, 8 more per 1000 (1 more to 22 more) | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to liraglutide | Exenatide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Dapagliflozin | Empagliflozin | Glimepiride | Empagliflozin + liraglutide |
|--|---|---|--|--|---|--|--|
| HbA1c change | 2 studies (n=1242), Moderate quality, MD 0.26% higher (0.16 higher to 0.35 higher) | 1 study (n=404), Moderate quality, MD 0.60% higher (0.40 higher to 0.80 higher) | 2 studies (n=1127), Very low quality, MD 0.41% lower (0.99 lower to 0.17 higher) | 1 study (n=309), Very low quality, MD 0.36% higher (0.01 lower to 0.73 higher) | 2 studies (n=141), Very low quality, MD 0.46 higher (0.41 lower to 1.33 higher) | 2 studies (n=1613), Low quality, MD 0.00% higher (0.23 lower to 0.23 higher) | 1 study (n=80), Low quality, MD 0.70% lower (1.12 lower to 0.28 lower) |
| Weight change | 2 studies (n=1268), Moderate quality, MD 0.69 kg higher (0.30 higher to 1.07 higher)" | 1 study, High quality, MD 0.60 kg higher (0.18 lower to 1.38 higher) | 2 studies (n=1126), Very low quality, MD 2.55 kg lower (5.03 lower to 0.07 lower) | 2 studies (n=465), Low quality, MD 0.24 kg lower (1.92 lower to 1.43 higher) | 2 studies (n=141), High quality, MD 0.34 lower (1.30 lower to 0.61 higher) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=80), Very low quality, MD 1.10 kg higher (3.07 lower to 5.27 higher) |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=1121), Very low quality, MD 0.90 kg/m ² lower (1.68 lower to 0.12 lower) | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=141), Low quality, MD 0.51 kg/m ² lower (1.55 lower to 0.53 higher) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=80), Low quality, MD 1.10 kg/m ² lower (2.49 lower to 0.29 higher) |

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1.1.7.4.13. Adding — Insulin combination therapy compared to liraglutide

| Outcomes for drugs compared to liraglutide | Insulin degludec/liraglutide |
|--|------------------------------|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to liraglutide | Insulin degludec/liraglutide |
|---|---|
| All-cause mortality | 2 studies (n=1788), Very low quality, 2 more per 1000 (3 fewer to 6 more) |
| Cardiovascular mortality | 1 study (n=1247), Low quality, 2 more per 1000 (1 fewer to 6 more) |
| 3-item MACE | 1 study (n=1247), Low quality, 2 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 40 more) |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | 1 study (n=541), Low quality, 17 fewer per 1000 (21 fewer to 8 more) |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | 1 study (n=1247), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (2 fewer to 24 more) |
| Unstable angina | 1 study (n=541), High quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (9 fewer to 9 more) |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 3 studies (n=2326), Low quality, 315 more per 1000 (82 more to 988 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to liraglutide | Insulin degludec/liraglutide |
|--|---|
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=1239), Low quality, 4 more per 1000 (0 more to 8 more) |
| HbA1c change | 2 studies (n=1883), Moderate quality, MD 0.54% lower (0.62 lower to 0.45 lower) 1 study (n=541), Moderate quality, MD 6.87 mmol/mol lower (8.32 lower to 5.42 lower) |
| Weight change | 3 studies (n=2337), Very low quality, MD 2.96 higher (2.17 higher to 3.75 higher) |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified |

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1.1.7.4.14. Adding — Insulin combination therapy compared to lixisenatide

3

Table 33: Summary table for insulin drug combinations compared to lixisenatide for people with type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities

4

| Outcomes for drugs compared to lixisenatide | Insulin glargine/lixisenatide |
|---|--|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | 2 studies (n=1226), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (7 fewer to 7 more) |
| Cardiovascular mortality | 2 studies (n=1226), Very low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (7 fewer to 4 more) |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to lixisenatide | Insulin glargine/lixisenatide |
|---|---|
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | 1 study (n=702), Very low quality, 4 fewer per 1000 (13 fewer to 4 more) |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | 1 study (n=702), Moderate quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (7 fewer to 7 more) |
| Unstable angina | 1 study (n=702), Very low quality, 2 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 6 more) |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | 1 study (n=702), Moderate quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (7 fewer to 7 more) |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 2 studies (n=1226), Low quality, 291 more per 1000 (179 more to 454 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to lixisenatide | Insulin glargine/lixisenatide |
|---|--|
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 2 studies (n=1226), Very low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (8 fewer to 5 more) |
| HbA1c change | 2 studies (n=1224), Low quality, MD 0.83% lower (0.93 lower to 0.74 lower) |
| Weight change | 2 studies (n=1224), Moderate quality, MD 1.83 kg higher (1.40 higher to 2.25 higher) |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified |

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1.1.7.4.15. Adding — Monotherapy therapy compared to semaglutide

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Table 34: Summary table for individual drugs compared to semaglutide for people with type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities

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| Outcomes for drugs compared to semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Empagliflozin |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | Subscale mental component (SF-36) 1 study (n=818), Moderate quality, MD 0.20 lower (1.33 lower to 0.93 higher) Subscale physical component (SF-36) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Empagliflozin |
|--|--|---|--|
| | | | 1 study (n=819), Moderate quality, MD 1.00 higher (0.12 higher to 1.88 higher) |
| All-cause mortality | 2 studies (n=1967), Very low quality, 6 more per 1000 (1 fewer to 13 more) | 1 study (n=786), Moderate quality, 10 fewer per 1000 (20 fewer to 0 more) | 1 study (n=819), Low quality, 2 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 7 more) |
| Cardiovascular mortality | 2 studies (n=1968), Very low quality, 3 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 8 more) | 1 study (n=786), Low quality, 3 fewer per 1000 (8 fewer to 2 more) | 1 study (n=819), Low quality, 2 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 7 more) |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | 1 study (n=1878), Very low quality, 2 more per 1000 (0 more to 5 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=819), Low quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (11 fewer to 6 more) |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=786), Moderate quality, 10 fewer per 1000 (20 fewer to 0 more) | 1 study (n=819), Low quality, 2 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 6 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Empagliflozin |
|---|--|---|---|
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | 1 study (n=1878), Very low quality, 1 more per 1000 (1 fewer to 3 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 2 studies (n=1967), Very low quality, 4 more per 1000 (4 fewer to 13 more) | 1 study (n=786), Moderate quality, 54 fewer per 1000 (82 fewer to 12 fewer) | 1 study (n=819), Low quality, 14 fewer per 1000 (46 fewer to 33 more) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 2 studies (n=1967), Very low quality, 1 more per 1000 (3 fewer to 6 more) | 1 study (n=786), Low quality, 3 fewer per 1000 (8 fewer to 2 more) | 1 study (n=819), Low quality, 0 more per 1000 (7 fewer to 7 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Canagliflozin | Empagliflozin |
|--|--|--|--|
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=1876), Low quality, MD 0.33% lower (0.51 lower to 0.16 lower) 1 study (n=84), Low quality, MD 4.50 mmol/mol lower (6.99 lower to 2.01 lower) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=821) High quality, MD 0.40 mmol/mol higher (0.30 higher to 0.50 higher) |
| Weight change | 2 studies (n=1960), Very low quality, MD 3.82 kg lower (5.24 lower to 2.41 lower) | 1 study (n=788), High quality, MD 1.10 higher (0.41 higher to 1.79 higher) | 1 study (n=821), High quality, MD 0.20 kg higher (0.50 lower to 0.90 higher) |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=821), High quality, MD 0.10 higher (0.15 lower to 0.35 higher) |

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2 **1.1.7.4.16. Adding — Subcutaneous semaglutide compared to oral semaglutide**

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4 **Table 35: Summary table for subcutaneous semaglutide compared to oral semaglutide for people with type 2 diabetes at high**
5 **cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities**

| Outcomes for drugs compared to oral semaglutide | Subcutaneous Semaglutide |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| Health-related quality of life | Subscale mental component (SF-36) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to oral semaglutide | Subcutaneous Semaglutide |
|--|--|
| | 1 study (n=559), Low quality, MD 0.22 higher (1.30 lower to 1.74 higher) Subscale physical component (SF-36) 1 study (n=559), Low quality, MD 0.43 lower (2.63 lower to 1.77 higher) |
| All-cause mortality | 1 study (n=559), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (20 fewer to 20 more) |
| Cardiovascular mortality | 1 study (n=559), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (20 fewer to 20 more) |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | 1 study (n=559), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (20 fewer to 20 more) |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | 1 study (n=559), Very low quality, 4 fewer per 1000 (10 fewer to 2 more) |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to oral semaglutide | Subcutaneous Semaglutide |
|--|---|
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 1 study (n=559), Very low quality, 45 more per 1000 (30 fewer to 177 more) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=559), Very low quality, 12 more per 1000 (16 fewer to 41 more) |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=559), Very low quality, MD 0.41% lower (0.62 lower to 0.20 lower) |
| Weight change | 1 study (n=559), Very low quality, MD 1.12 kg lower (2.29 lower to 0.05 higher) |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified |

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1.1.7.4.17. Adding — Monotherapy compared to canagliflozin

Table 36: Summary table for individual drugs and drug combinations compared to canagliflozin for people with type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities

| Outcomes for drugs compared to canagliflozin | Glimepiride |
|---|---|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | 1 study (n=1450), Low quality, 2 more per 1000 (1 fewer to 27 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to canagliflozin | Glimepiride |
|---|--|
| Cardiovascular mortality | 1 study (n=1450), Moderate quality, 4 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 10 more) |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | 1 study (n=1450), Low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (3 fewer to 1 more) |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 1 study (n=1450), High quality, 335 more per 1000 (245 more to 451 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to canagliflozin | Glimepiride |
|--|---|
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=1450), High quality, 29 more per 1000 (7 more to 95 more) |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=1450), Low quality, MD 0.14% higher (0.05 higher to 0.22 higher) |
| Weight change | 1 study (n=1450), Low quality, MD 5.15 kg higher (4.76 higher to 5.54 higher) |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified |

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1.1.7.4.18. Adding — Monotherapy and combination therapy compared to dapagliflozin

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Table 37: Summary table for individual drugs and drug combinations compared to dapagliflozin for people with type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities

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| Outcomes for drugs compared to dapagliflozin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone | Dapagliflozin + exenatide | Dapagliflozin + saxagliptin |
|--|---|---|------------------------|--|--|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | 1 study (n=121), Moderate quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (32 fewer to 32 more) | 1 study (n=814), Very low quality, 7 more per 1000 (3 fewer to 58 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=464), Very low quality, 4 more per 1000 (14 fewer to 23 more) | 2 studies (n=944), Very low quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (10 fewer to 6 more) |
| Cardiovascular mortality | 1 study (n=121), Moderate quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (32 fewer to 32 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=464), Very low quality, 0 more per 1000 (12 fewer to 12 more) | 2 studies (n=944), Very low quality, 4 fewer per 1000 (13 fewer to 4 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to dapagliflozin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone | Dapagliflozin + exenatide | Dapagliflozin + saxagliptin |
|---|---|------------------------|------------------------|---|---|
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | 1 study (n=625), Low quality, 3 more per 1000 (3 fewer to 9 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=625), High quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 6 more) |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=464), Very low quality, 13 fewer per 1000 (27 fewer to 2 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=358), Moderate quality, 0 |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to dapagliflozin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone | Dapagliflozin + exenatide | Dapagliflozin + saxagliptin |
|---|--|--|---|--|---|
| | | | | | fewer per 1000 (11 fewer to 11 more) |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=586), High quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (7 fewer to 7 more) |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 3 studies (n=807), Moderate quality, 47 more per 1000 (24 more to 71 more) | 1 study (n=814), Low quality, 343 more per 1000 (154 more to 742 more) | 1 study (n=66), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (57 fewer to 57 more) | 1 study (n=464), Very low quality, 13 more per 1000 (6 fewer to 32 more) | 3 studies (n=1567), Low quality, 8 more per 1000 (1 fewer to 16 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to dapagliflozin | Glimepiride | Glipizide | Pioglitazone | Dapagliflozin + exenatide | Dapagliflozin + saxagliptin |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=625), High quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 6 more) | 1 study (n=814), Very low quality, 7 more per 1000 (1 fewer to 16 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=464), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (8 fewer to 8 more) | 3 studies (n=1567), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (5 fewer to 5 more) |
| HbA1c change | 3 studies (n=791), Very low quality, MD 0.14% higher (0.29 lower to 0.57 higher) | 1 study (n=801), Very low quality, MD 0.30% higher (0.08 higher to 0.52 higher) | 1 study (n=65), High quality, MD 0.04% higher (0.38 lower to 0.46 higher) | 1 study (n=458), Very low quality, MD 0.64% lower (0.96 lower to 0.32 lower) | 3 studies (n=1493), High quality, MD 0.37% lower (0.46 lower to 0.27 lower) |
| Weight change | 3 studies (n=796), Very low quality, MD 1.59 kg higher (4.00 lower to 7.18 higher) | 1 study (n=801), Low quality, MD 4.38 kg higher (3.45 higher to 5.31 higher) | 1 study (n=65), High quality, MD 5.30 kg higher (4.32 higher to 6.28 higher) | 1 study (n=458), Low quality, MD 0.51 kg higher (0.77 lower to 1.79 higher) | 2 studies (n=934), High quality, MD 0.31 kg higher (0.12 lower to 0.74 higher) |
| BMI change | 1 study (n=112), High quality, MD 1.37 kg/m ² higher (1.00 higher to 1.74 higher) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

1.1.7.4.19. *Adding — Monotherapy and combination therapy compared to empagliflozin*

Table 38: Summary table for individual drugs and drug combinations compared to empagliflozin for people with type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities

| Outcomes for drugs compared to Empagliflozin | Glimepiride | Pioglitazone | Empagliflozin + liraglutide |
|--|--|---|-----------------------------|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | 1 study (n=1545), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (5 fewer to 16 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiovascular mortality | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=73), Very low quality, 27 fewer per 1000 (79 fewer to 25 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to Empagliflozin | Glimepiride | Pioglitazone | Empagliflozin + liraglutide |
|---|--|--|---|
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 1 study (n=1545), High quality, 217 more per 1000 (128 more to 359 more) | 2 studies (n=186), Very low quality, 18 more per 1000 (47 fewer to 83 more) | No outcomes identified |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=186), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (30 fewer to 30 more) | No outcomes identified |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=1545), High quality, MD 0.11% higher (0.03 higher to 0.19 higher) | 2 studies (n=186), Moderate quality, MD 0.07% higher (0.20 lower to 0.35 higher) | 1 study (n=80), Low quality, MD 0.70% lower (1.12 lower to 0.28 lower) |
| Weight change | 1 study (n=1545), High quality, MD 4.61 kg higher (4.18 higher to 5.04 higher) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=80), Very low quality, MD 1.10 kg higher (3.07 lower to 5.27 higher) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to Empagliflozin | Glimepiride | Pioglitazone | Empagliflozin + liraglutide |
|--|------------------------|--|--|
| BMI change | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=186), Moderate quality, MD 1.73 kg/m ² higher (1.32 higher to 2.14 higher) | 1 study (n=80), Low quality, MD 1.10 lower kg/m ² (2.49 lower to 0.29 higher) |

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1.1.7.4.20. Adding — Monotherapy and combination therapy compared to ertugliflozin

Table 39: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for individual drugs and drug combinations compared to ertugliflozin in people with type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities

| Outcomes for drugs compared to ertugliflozin | Glimepiride | Ertugliflozin + sitagliptin |
|--|--|--|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | 1 study (n=1325), Very low quality, 7 fewer per 1000 (12 fewer to 1 fewer) | 1 study (n=985), Low quality, 0 more per 1000 (6 fewer to 6 more) |
| Cardiovascular mortality | 1 study (n=1315), Very low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (3 fewer to 1 more) | 1 study (n=985), Low quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 2 more) |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to ertugliflozin | Glimepiride | Ertugliflozin + sitagliptin |
|---|---|--|
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | 1 study (n=1325), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (1 fewer to 18 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | 1 study (n=1325), Very low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (3 fewer to 1 more) | 1 study (n=985), Low quality, 2 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 6 more) |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 1 study (n=1325), Low quality, 151 more per 1000 (91 more to 236 more) | 1 study (n=985), Very low quality, 15 more per 1000 (6 fewer to 56 more) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=1325), Low quality, 21 more per 1000 (3 more to 102 more) | 1 study (n=985), Very low quality, 4 fewer per 1000 (10 fewer to 2 more) |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=1325), Low quality, MD 0.10% lower (0.17 lower to 0.03 lower) | 1 study (n=985), Very low quality, MD 0.50% lower (0.64 lower to 0.36 lower) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to ertugliflozin | Glimepiride | Ertugliflozin + sitagliptin |
|--|---|---|
| Weight change | 1 study (n=1325), Low quality, MD 4.10 kg higher (3.67 higher to 4.53 higher) | 1 study (n=985), Low quality, MD 0.20 kg higher (0.37 lower to 0.77 higher) |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

1 **1.1.7.4.21. Adding – Monotherapy compared to gliclazide**

2 **Table 40: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for individual drugs and drug combinations compared to gliclazide for people with**
3 **type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities**

| Outcomes for drugs compared to gliclazide | Glimepiride | Pioglitazone |
|---|--|--|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | 1 study (n=1099), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (4 fewer to 4 more) | 1 study (n=630), Very low quality, 6 fewer per 1000 (15 fewer to 2 more) |
| Cardiovascular mortality | 1 study (n=1099), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (4 fewer to 4 more) | No outcomes identified |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | 1 study (n=1099), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (4 fewer to 4 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | 1 study (n=1099), Very low quality, 4 fewer per 1000 (9 fewer to 1 more) | 1 study (n=630), Very low quality, 3 more per 1000 (3 fewer to 9 more) |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to gliclazide | Glimepiride | Pioglitazone |
|---|---|--|
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | 1 study (n=1099), Very low quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (5 fewer to 2 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | 1 study (n=1099), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (4 fewer to 4 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 1 study (n=1099), Low quality, 53 more per 1000 (17 more to 112 more) | 1 study (n=630), Low quality, 93 fewer per 1000 (105 fewer to 66 fewer) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcome identified | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=1099), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (0 more to 0 more) | 1 study (n=630), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 6 more) |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=832), Low quality, MD 0.05% higher (0.11 lower to 0.21 higher) | 1 study (n=630), Low quality, MD 0.12% lower (0.31 lower to 0.07 higher) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to gliclazide | Glimepiride | Pioglitazone |
|---|---|------------------------|
| Weight change | 1 study (n=1099), High quality, MD 0.24kg higher (0.05 higher to 0.43 higher) | No outcomes identified |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

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1.1.7.4.22. Adding — Monotherapy and combination therapy compared to glimepiride

Table 41: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for individual drugs and drug combinations compared to glimepiride for people with type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities

| Outcomes for drugs compared to glimepiride | Pioglitazone | Dapagliflozin + saxagliptin | Glimepiride + metformin |
|--|--|--|-------------------------|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | 1 study (n=458), Very low quality, 4 more per 1000 (4 fewer to 13 more) | 1 study (n=443), Very low quality, 9 fewer per 1000 (27 fewer to 8 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiovascular mortality | 1 study (n=458), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (9 fewer to 9 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 3-item MACE | 1 study (n=458), Very low quality, 9 fewer per 1000 (21 fewer to 3 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to glimepiride | Pioglitazone | Dapagliflozin + saxagliptin | Glimepiride + metformin |
|---|---|--|--------------------------------|
| Non-fatal stroke | 2 studies (n=521), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (11 fewer to 11 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | 2 studies (n=521), Very low quality, 8 fewer per 1000 (18 fewer to 3 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | 1 study (n=458), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (9 fewer to 9 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | 5 studies (n=1295), Very low quality, 4 more per 1000 (6 fewer to 15 more) | 2 studies (n=1067), Very low quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (8 fewer to 4 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | 1 study (n=288), Very low quality, 7 fewer per 1000 (20 fewer to 7 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=443), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (9 fewer to 9 more) | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to glimepiride | Pioglitazone | Dapagliflozin + saxagliptin | Glimepiride + metformin |
|---|--|---|---|
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | 1 study (n=135), Very low quality, 29 more per 1000 (11 fewer to 69 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 7 studies (n=1491), Very low quality, 98 fewer per 1000 (145 fewer to 2 fewer) | 2 studies (n=1064), Very low quality, 98 fewer per 1000 (119 fewer to 16 fewer) | 1 study (n=66), Very low quality, 57 fewer per 1000 (243 fewer to 229 more) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=66), Very low quality, 83 fewer per 1000 (151 fewer to 167 more) |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 3 studies (n=549), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (12 fewer to 12 more) | 2 studies (n=1064), Very low quality, 6 fewer per 1000 (24 fewer to 13 more) | 1 study (n=66), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (57 fewer to 57 more) |
| HbA1c change | 12 studies (n=1579), Very low quality, MD 0.07% lower (0.19 lower to 0.05 higher) | 2 studies (n=1046), Low quality, MD 0.34% lower (0.65 lower to 0.02 lower) | 1 study (n=64), Very low quality, MD 0.71% lower (1.20 lower to 0.22 lower) |
| Weight change | 8 studies (n=1319), Very low quality, MD 0.88 kg higher (0.02 higher to 1.74 higher) | 2 studies (n=1058), Very low quality, MD 4.12 kg lower (6.12 lower to 2.12 lower) | 1 study (n=64) Low quality, MD 0.12 kg higher (1.25 lower to 1.49 higher) |
| BMI change | 7 studies (n=860), Low quality, MD 0.32 kg/m ² higher (0.14 lower to 0.79 higher) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

1.1.7.4.23. *Adding — Monotherapy compared to glipizide*

Table 42: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for monotherapy compared to glipizide for people with type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities

| Outcomes for drugs compared to glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|--|------------------------|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiovascular mortality | No outcomes identified |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to glipizide | Pioglitazone |
|--|---|
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | No outcomes identified |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=70), Very low quality, MD 0.58 higher (0.34 higher to 0.82 higher) |
| Weight change | No outcomes identified |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified |

1

2

1.1.7.4.24. Adding — Combination therapy compared to pioglitazone

3

Table 43: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for drug combinations compared to pioglitazone for people with type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities

4

| Outcomes for drugs compared to pioglitazone | Pioglitazone + alogliptin | Pioglitazone + exenatide | Pioglitazone + metformin |
|---|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | 1 study (n=1167), Very low quality, 3 fewer per 1000 (8 fewer to 2 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to pioglitazone | Pioglitazone + alogliptin | Pioglitazone + exenatide | Pioglitazone + metformin |
|---|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Cardiovascular mortality | 1 study (n=1167), Very low quality, 3 fewer per 1000 (8 fewer to 2 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to pioglitazone | Pioglitazone + alogliptin | Pioglitazone + exenatide | Pioglitazone + metformin |
|--|--|---|---|
| Remission | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 1 study (n=1167), Very low quality, 8 fewer per 1000 (16 fewer to 12 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=79), Very low quality, 82 more per 1000 (73 fewer to 426 more) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=1167), Very low quality, 4 fewer per 1000 (11 fewer to 4 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=933), Very low quality, MD 0.50% lower (0.62 lower to 0.38 lower) | 1 study (n=21), Very low quality, MD 0.50% lower (0.80 lower to 0.20 lower) | 1 study (n=74), Low quality, MD 0.34% lower (0.68 lower to 0.00 lower) |
| Weight change | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=21), Very low quality, MD 1.10 kg lower (6.54 lower to 4.34 higher) | No outcomes identified |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=21), Very low quality, MD 3.40 kg/m ² higher (1.83 higher to 4.97 higher) | No outcomes identified |

1.1.7.4.25. Adding — Monotherapy compared to insulin

Table 44: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for individual drugs (GLP-1 receptor agonists, dual GIP/GLP-1 receptor co-agonists, SGLT-2 inhibitors) compared to insulin for people with type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities

| Outcomes for drugs compared to insulin | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Empagliflozin |
|--|------------------------|--|---|------------------------|--|------------------------|------------------------|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified | Overall (EQ-5D) 2 studies (n=888), Low quality, MD 0.00 lower (0.03 lower to 0.02 higher) | Subscale mental component (SF-36) 2 studies (n=2547), Low quality, MD 0.04 higher (0.10 lower to 0.18 higher) Subscale physical component (SF-36) 2 studies (n=2547), Very low quality, MD 0.48 higher (0.29 lower to 1.24 higher) | No outcomes identified | Subscale mental component (SF-36 v2) 1 study (n=1748), Low quality MD 0.59 higher (0.14 lower to 1.32 higher) Subscale physical component (SF-36 v2) 1 study (n=1748), Low quality, MD 0.95 higher (0.37 | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to insulin | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Empagliflozin |
|--|-------------|---|-------------|--------------|------------------------|-------------|---------------|
| | | Overall (IWQoL) 2 studies (n=726), Moderate quality, MD 3.71 higher (1.95 higher to 5.46 higher) | | | higher to 1.53 higher) | | |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to insulin | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Empagliflozin |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|---|------------------------|
| All-cause mortality | 3 studies (n=2459), Very low quality, 4 fewer per 1000 (10 fewer to 2 more) | 6 studies (n=2475), Very low quality, 2 more per 1000 (3 fewer to 8 more) | 5 studies (n=4045), Very low quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (12 fewer to 8 more) 1 study (n=2525), Low quality, HR 0.65 (0.40, 1.05) | 3 studies (n=2118), Very low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 5 more) | 2 studies (n=2820), Low quality, 8 more per 1000 (2 more to 13 more) | 3 studies (n=3769), Low quality, 5 fewer per 1000 (9 fewer to 2 more) | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to insulin | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Empagliflozin |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|------------------------|
| | | | | | | | |
| Cardiovascular mortality | 1 study (n=807), Low quality, 2 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 5 more) | 4 studies (n=1518), Very low quality, 3 more per 1000 | 4 studies (n=3755), Very low quality, 3 fewer per 1000 (12 | 3 studies (n=2118), Very low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 4 more) | 1 study (n=1082), Very low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (10 | 2 studies (n=2344), Very low quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (7 fewer to 3 more) | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to insulin | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Empagliflozin |
|--|------------------------|--------------------------|--|------------------------|------------------------|---|------------------------|
| | | 1000 (4 fewer to 9 more) | fewer to 6 more 1 study (n=2508), Low quality, HR 0.43 (0.20, 0.95) | | fewer to 8 more) | | |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=3335), Low quality, 10 fewer per 1000 (19 fewer to 3 more) 1 study (n=2508), Low quality, HR 0.74 (0.51, 1.07) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=2525), Very low quality, 13 fewer per 1000 (26 | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=2344), Low quality, 1 more per 1000 (4 fewer to 17 more) | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to insulin | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Empagliflozin |
|--|---|--|--|---|--|---|------------------------|
| | | | fewer to 4 more) | | | | |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | 1 study (n=361), Low quality, 11 more per 1000 (4 fewer to 26 more) | 1 study (n=427, Low quality, 5 more per 1000 (4 fewer to 14 more) | 2 studies (n=1324), Very low quality, 5 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 11 more) | 1 study (n=700), Very low quality, 2 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 66 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=907), Very low quality, 5 more per 1000 (6 fewer to 57 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | 1 study (n=361), Low quality, 6 more per 1000 (5 fewer to 16 more) | 1 study (n=627), Very low quality, 6 fewer per 1000 (15 fewer to 2 more) | 1 study (n=827), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (7 fewer to 7 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=907), Very low quality, 1 more per 1000 (1 fewer to 4 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=2884), Very low quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (8 fewer to 4 more) | 1 study (n=700), Very low quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 2 more) | 1 study (n=1738), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (3 fewer to 3 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to insulin | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Empagliflozin |
|---|------------------------|--|---|--|------------------------|---|------------------------|
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=2508), Low quality, 9 fewer per 1000 (15 fewer to 1 more) 1 study (n=2508), Low quality, HR 0.54 (0.28, 1.04) | 1 study (n=700), Very low quality, 4 fewer per 1000 (10 fewer to 2 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=907), Very low quality, 1 more per 1000 (1 fewer to 4 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=627), Very low quality, 3 more per 1000 (3 fewer to 9 more) | 1 study (n=273), Very low quality, 15 fewer per 1000 (21 fewer to 48 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=1425), Very low quality, 1 more per 1000 (1 fewer to 4 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to insulin | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Empagliflozin |
|---|--|--|--|--|---|--|------------------------|
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=907), Very low quality, 5 fewer per 1000 (13 fewer to 4 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | 1 study (n=361), Low quality, 6 more per 1000 (5 fewer to 16 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 3 studies (n=1936), Low quality, 147 fewer per | 8 studies (n=2152), Moderate quality, 86 | 9 studies (n=5580), Low quality, 193 fewer per | 3 studies (n=2118), Very low quality, 310 fewer per 1000 | 1 study (n=1738), Moderate quality, 235 | 3 studies (n=3769), Very low quality, 312 fewer per | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to insulin | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Empagliflozin |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|---|--|
| | 1000 (208 fewer to 70 fewer) | fewer per 1000 (111 fewer to 58 fewer) | 1000 (246 fewer to 115 fewer) 1 study (n=2478), Low quality, HR 0.61 (0.53, 0.70) | (386 fewer to 126 fewer) | fewer per 1000 (271 fewer to 195 fewer) | 1000 (394 fewer to 141 fewer) | |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | 3 studies (n=1936), High quality, 138 fewer per 1000 (159 fewer to 112 fewer) | 6 studies (n=2277), Low quality, 105 fewer per 1000 (141 fewer to 55 fewer) | 3 studies (n=1786), Moderate quality, 57 fewer per 1000 (234 fewer to 121 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=1082), Very low quality, 13 fewer per 1000 (19 fewer to 4 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 4 studies (n=2820), Very low quality, 4 fewer per 1000 (15 fewer to 7 more) | 10 studies (n=3442), Very low quality, 6 fewer per 1000 (13 fewer to 1 more) | 7 studies (n=5223), Very low quality 0 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 5 more) | 3 studies (n=2118), Very low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (5 fewer to 2 more) | 2 studies (n=2820), Low quality, 19 fewer per 1000 (25 fewer to 10 fewer) | 3 studies (n=3769), Low quality, 17 fewer per 1000 (24 fewer to 10 fewer) | No outcomes identified |
| HbA1c change | 4 studies (n=2807), Very low quality, MD | 15 studies (n=4069), Very low quality, MD | 9 studies (n=3501), Moderate quality, MD | 3 studies (n=2102), Low quality, MD 0.36% higher (0.17 | 2 studies (n=2830), Very low quality, MD | 3 studies (n=3766), Very low quality, MD 1.08% | 1 study (n=80), Very low quality, MD 0.00% lower |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to insulin | Dulaglutide | Exenatide | Liraglutide | Lixisenatide | Semaglutide | Tirzepatide | Empagliflozin |
|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|
| | 0.33% lower (0.51 lower to 0.15 lower) | 0.09% lower (0.24 lower to 0.06 higher) | 0.10% lower (0.29 lower to 0.09 higher) | higher to 0.54 higher) | 0.49% lower (0.79 lower to 0.19 lower) | lower (1.46 lower to 0.70 lower) | (0.50 lower to 0.50 higher) |
| Weight change | 3 studies (n=2446), Low quality, MD 2.60 kg lower (3.15 lower to 2.05 lower) | 15 studies (n=3991), Very low quality, MD 4.26 kg lower (5.05 lower to 3.48 lower) | 8 studies (n=2728), Moderate quality, MD 4.13 kg lower (4.81 lower to 3.45 lower) | 3 studies (n=2105), Very low quality, MD 2.73 kg lower (3.59 lower to 1.87 lower) | 2 studies (n=2830), Very low quality, MD 6.69 kg lower (8.73 lower to 4.65 lower) | 3 studies (n=3766), Very low quality, MD 10.90 kg lower (14.29 lower to 7.52 lower) | 1 study (n=80), Low quality, MD 2.90 kg lower (7.07 lower to 1.27 higher) |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified | 6 studies (n=1198), Very low quality, MD 1.34 kg/m ² lower (1.88 lower to 0.79 lower) | 3 studies (n=189), Low quality, MD 1.18 kg/m ² lower (1.73 lower to 0.63 lower) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=1748), Low quality, MD 2.54 kg/m ² lower (2.69 lower to 2.39 lower) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=80), Low quality, MD 1.20 kg/m ² lower (2.32 lower to 0.08 lower) |

1 **Table 45: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for individual drugs (biguanides, DPP-4 inhibitors, sulfonylureas,**
2 **thiazolidinediones) compared to insulin for people with type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities**

| Outcomes for drugs compared to insulin | Metformin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Pioglitazone |
|---|------------------------|--|------------------------|---|------------------------|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified | Subscale mental component (SF-36) 1 study (n=2445), Low quality, MD 0.12 higher (0.48 lower to 0.72 higher) Subscale physical component (SF-36) 1 study (n=2445), Low quality, MD 0.23 higher (0.32 lower to 0.78 higher) | No outcomes identified | Subscale mental component (SF-36) 1 study (n=2431), Low quality, MD 0.18 higher (0.42 lower to 0.78 higher) Subscale physical component (SF-36) 1 study (n=2431), Low quality, MD 0.00 lower (0.55 lower to 0.55 higher) | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to insulin | Metformin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Pioglitazone |
|---|------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | | |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to insulin | Metformin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Pioglitazone |
|--|--|--|--|---|------------------------|
| All-cause mortality | 1 study (n=25), Very low quality, 77 fewer per 1000 (222 fewer to 68 more) | 2 studies (n=2984), Very low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (13 fewer to 10 more) | 1 study (n=28938), Very low quality, 13 fewer per 1000 (37 fewer to 12 more) | 1 study (n=2512), Moderate quality, 2 more per 1000 (10 fewer to 20 more) 1 study (n=2504), Very low quality, HR 1.04 (0.68, 1.58) | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to insulin | Metformin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Pioglitazone |
|--|--|---|------------------------|--|------------------------|
| | | 1 study (n=2530), Very low quality, HR 0.98 (0.68, 1.41) | | | |
| Cardiovascular mortality | 1 study (n=25), Very low quality, 77 fewer per 1000 (222 fewer to 68 more) | 1 study (n=2521), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (8 fewer to 14 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=2499, Very low quality, 4 fewer per 1000 (10 fewer to 8 more) | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to insulin | Metformin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Pioglitazone |
|--|------------------------|--|------------------------|---|------------------------|
| | | 1 study (n=2521), Very low quality, HR 1.00 (0.55, 1.82) | | 1 study (n=2499, Very low quality, HR 0.78 (0.40, 1.48) | |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=2521), Very low quality, 3 more per 1000 (12 fewer to 24 more) 1 study (n=2521) Very low quality, HR 1.06 (0.76, 1.48) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=2499), Very low quality, 4 fewer per 1000 (18 fewer to 15 more) 1 study (n=2504, Very low quality, HR 0.92 (0.65, 1.30) | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=2531), Very low quality, 5 more per 1000 (11 fewer to 28 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=2517), Very low quality, 3 fewer per 1000 (18 fewer to 18 more) | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=501), Very low quality, 4 more per 1000 (4 fewer to 11 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=3032), Very low quality, 2 more per 1000 (4 fewer to 9 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=2522), Very low quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (7 fewer to 9 more) | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to insulin | Metformin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Pioglitazone |
|---|------------------------|--|------------------------|--|------------------------|
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=2521), Very low quality, 3 more per 1000 (7 fewer to 19 more) 1 study (n=2521), Very low quality, HR 1.15 (0.67, 1.96) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=2499), Very low quality, 3 more per 1000 (6 fewer to 20 more) 1 study (n=2511), Very low quality, HR 1.16 (0.69, 1.96) | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to insulin | Metformin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Pioglitazone |
|--|--|--|---|--|---|
| Remission | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | No outcomes identified | 5 studies (n=3628), Very low quality, 227 fewer per 1000 (295 fewer to 107 fewer) 1 study (n=2498), Low quality, HR 0.63 (0.59, 0.67) | 1 study (n=30365), Very low quality, 145 fewer per 1000 (213 fewer to 18 fewer) | 2 studies (n=2548), Low quality, 155 more per 1000 (110 more to 203 more) 1 study (n=2476), Low quality, HR 1.61 (1.43, 1.81) | 2 studies (n=274) Very low quality, 56 fewer per 1000 (80 fewer to 7 fewer) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | 2 studies (n=955), Low quality, 108 fewer per 1000 (134 fewer to 43 fewer) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | 4 studies (n=3610), Very low quality, 7 fewer per 1000 (14 fewer to 1 fewer) | 1 study (n=161), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (24 fewer to 24 more) | 2 studies (n=2589), Very low quality, 9 more per 1000 (1 fewer to 19 more) | 2 studies (n=274), Very low quality, 23 fewer per 1000 (58 fewer to 12 more) |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=25), Low quality, MD 0.70% higher (0.40 lower to 1.80 higher) | 7 studies (n=1878), Very low quality, MD 0.18% higher (0.09 lower to 0.46 higher) | 1 study (n=161), Very low quality, MD 0.30% higher (0.05 higher to 0.55 higher) | 2 studies (n=808), Very low quality, MD 0.00% higher (0.56 lower to 0.57 higher) | 3 studies (n=304), Very low quality, MD 0.57% higher (0.32 higher to 0.81 higher) |
| Weight change | 1 study (n=25), Low quality, MD 1.30 kg lower (3.42 | 6 studies (n=1179), Very low quality, MD 1.89 kg lower (2.62 lower to 1.16 lower) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=72), Very low quality, MD 1.70 kg lower (3.05 lower to 0.35 lower) | 1 study (n=27), Very low quality, MD 1.30 kg higher (0.75 lower to 3.35 higher) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to insulin | Metformin | Sitagliptin | Vildagliptin | Glimepiride | Pioglitazone |
|--|------------------------|--|------------------------|------------------------|---|
| | lower to 0.82 higher) | | | | |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified | 3 studies (n=117), Moderate quality, MD 0.39 kg/m ² lower (1.00 lower to 0.23 higher) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=30) Very low quality, MD 0.60 kg/m ² lower (4.93 lower to 3.73 higher) |

1
2

1.1.7.4.26. Adding — Non-insulin combination therapy compared to insulin

Table 46: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for drug combinations compared to insulin for people with type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities

| Outcomes for drugs compared to insulin | Dapagliflozin + saxagliptin | Empagliflozin + liraglutide | Pioglitazone + exenatide |
|--|--|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| Health-related quality of life | <p>Subscale net benefit (Phase V Health Outcomes Information Systems Diabetes Module)</p> <p>1 study (n=643), High quality, MD 1.10 higher (0.84 lower to 3.04 higher)</p> <p>Subscale regimen acceptance (Phase V Health Outcomes Information Systems Diabetes Module)</p> <p>1 study (n=643), High quality, MD 4.20 higher (1.98 higher to 6.42 higher)</p> <p>Subscale satisfaction (Phase V Health Outcomes Information Systems Diabetes Module)</p> <p>1 study (n=643), High quality, MD 3.40 higher (1.46 higher to 5.34 higher)</p> | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to insulin | Dapagliflozin + saxagliptin | Empagliflozin + liraglutide | Pioglitazone + exenatide |
|---|---|------------------------------------|---|
| All-cause mortality | 1 study (n=643), Low quality, 6 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 15 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=286), Very low quality, 7 fewer per 1000 (31 fewer to 16 more) |
| Cardiovascular mortality | 1 study (n=643), High quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 6 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=286), Very low quality, 14 fewer per 1000 (34 fewer to 5 more) |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=286), Moderate quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (14 more to 14 more) |
| Acute kidney injury | 1 study (n=643), High quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (0 more to 0 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to insulin | Dapagliflozin + saxagliptin | Empagliflozin + liraglutide | Pioglitazone + exenatide |
|---|--|---|--|
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | 1 study (n=643), Low quality, 3 fewer per 1000 (9 fewer to 3 more) | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 1 study (n=643), High quality, 174 fewer per 1000 (228 fewer to 107 fewer) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=286), Low quality, 215 fewer per 1000 (295 fewer to 124 fewer) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=643), Low quality, 9 fewer per 1000 (20 fewer to 1 more) | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=286), Very low quality, 7 fewer per 1000 (21 fewer to 7 more) |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=389), Low quality, MD 0.25% lower (0.40 lower to 0.10 lower) | 1 study (n=80), Low quality, MD 0.70% lower (1.15 lower to 0.25 lower) | No outcomes identified |
| Weight change | 1 study (n=390), Low quality, MD 4.60 kg lower (5.37 lower to 3.83 lower) | 1 study (n=80), Low quality, MD 1.80 kg lower (5.74 lower to 2.14 higher) | 1 study (n=286) Moderate quality, MD 4.40 kg lower (4.73 lower to 4.07 lower) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to insulin | Dapagliflozin + saxagliptin | Empagliflozin + liraglutide | Pioglitazone + exenatide |
|--|-----------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| BMI change | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=80), Low quality, MD 2.30 kg/m ² lower (3.85 lower to 0.75 lower) | No outcomes identified |

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1.1.7.4.27. Adding — Insulin combination therapy compared to insulin

Table 47: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for insulin drug combinations compared to insulin for people with type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities

| Outcomes for drugs compared to insulin | Insulin degludec/liraglutide | Insulin glargine/lixisenatide |
|--|--|--|
| Health-related quality of life | EQ-5D-5L 1 study (n=210), Low quality, MD 0.03 higher (0.00 lower to 0.06 higher) SF-36 – subscale mental component 2 studies (n=1028), Very low quality, MD 0.57 higher (1.91 lower to 3.05 higher) SF-36 – subscale physical component 2 studies (n=1027), Very low quality, MD 0.55 higher (1.81 lower to 2.92 higher) | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | 9 studies (n=5112), Very low quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (5 fewer to 2 more) | 7 studies (n=4143), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (4 fewer to 3 more) |
| Cardiovascular mortality | 9 studies (n=5112), Very low quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (5 fewer to 2 more) | 7 studies (n=4143), Very low quality, 2 more per 1000 (7 fewer to 11 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to insulin | Insulin degludec/liraglutide | Insulin glargine/lixisenatide |
|---|--|--|
| 3-item MACE | 3 studies (n=2117), Low quality, 0 more per 1000 (7 fewer to 7 more) | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified. | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified. | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | 6 studies (n=3130), Very low quality, 1 more per 1000 (3 fewer to 5 more) | 1 study (n=936), Very low quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 2 more) |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | 7 studies (n=4240), Very low quality, 1 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 4 more) | 1 study (n=936), Moderate quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (4 fewer to 4 more) |
| Unstable angina | 3 studies (n=2055), Very low quality, 3 more per 1000 (1 fewer to 8 more) | 1 study (n=936), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 6 more) |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | 2 studies (n=1515), Very low quality, 1 fewer per 1000 (6 fewer to 3 more) | 1 study (n=936), Very low quality, 4 fewer per 1000 (10 fewer to 2 more) |
| Acute kidney injury | 1 study (n=419), Low quality, 5 fewer per 1000 (14 fewer to 5 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | 1 study (n=419), Low quality, 5 fewer per 1000 (14 fewer to 5 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | 1 study (n=1010), Very low quality, 2 more per 1000 (2 fewer to 6 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified. | 1 study (n=423), High quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (9 fewer to 9 more) |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | 2 studies (n=1515), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (5 fewer to 5 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified. | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to insulin | Insulin degludec/liraglutide | Insulin glargine/lixisenatide |
|--|---|---|
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified. | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified. | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified. | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 6 studies (n=3318), Moderate quality, 82 fewer per 1000 (109 fewer to 52 fewer) | 7 studies (n=4142), Moderate quality, 1 more per 1000 (19 fewer to 24 more) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | 3 studies (n=1443), Very low quality, 58 fewer per 1000 (87 fewer to 10 more) | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 6 studies (n=2238), Very low quality, 2 fewer per 1000 (14 fewer to 9 more) | 4 studies (n=2412), Very low quality, 2 more per 1000 (4 fewer to 7 more) |
| HbA1c change | 11 studies (n=5672), Very low quality, MD 0.65% lower (0.82 lower to 0.48 lower) HbA1c change (mmol/mol) 1 study (n=540), Moderate quality, MD 6.50 mmol/mol lower (7.96 lower to 5.04 lower) | 7 studies (n=4138), Very low quality, MD 0.50% lower (0.64 lower to 0.35 lower) |
| Weight change | 12 studies (n=6718), Very low quality, MD 2.21 kg lower (2.79 lower to 1.63 lower) | 7 studies (n=4138), High quality, MD 1.16 kg lower (1.32 lower to 0.99 lower) |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified. | No outcomes identified |

1.1.7.4.28. *Switching — Switching to monotherapy compared to switching to placebo*

Table 48: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for switching to monotherapy compared to switching to placebo for people with type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities

| Outcomes for drugs compared to switching to placebo | Switching to sitagliptin |
|---|--------------------------|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiovascular mortality | No outcomes identified |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to switching to placebo | Switching to sitagliptin |
|--|---|
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 1 study (n=21), Very low quality, 9 more per 1000 (84 fewer to 1305 more) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified |
| HbA1c change | No outcomes identified |
| Weight change | No outcomes identified |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified |

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1.1.7.4.29. Switching — Switching to metformin slow release compared to staying on metformin standard release

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Table 49: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for switching to metformin slow release compared to staying on metformin standard release for people with type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities

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| Outcomes for drugs compared to staying on Metformin standard release | Switching to metformin slow release |
|---|---|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | 1 study (n=221), Very low quality, 7 more per 1000 (7 fewer to 20 more) |
| Cardiovascular mortality | No outcomes identified |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to staying on Metformin standard release | Switching to metformin slow release |
|---|---|
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 1 study (n=221), Very low quality, 6 fewer per 1000 (13 fewer to 95 more) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=221), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (20 fewer to 20 more) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to staying on Metformin standard release | Switching to metformin slow release |
|---|--|
| HbA1c change | No outcomes identified |
| Weight change | No outcomes identified |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified |

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3 **1.1.7.4.30. Switching — Switching to fixed-dose combination glimepiride/metformin slow release compared to staying on fixed-dose combination glimepiride/metformin standard release**

4 **Table 50: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for switching to glimepiride + metformin slow release compared to staying on**
5 **glimepiride + metformin standard release for people with type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with no other**
6 **comorbidities**

| Outcomes for drugs compared to staying on glimepiride + metformin standard release | Switching to glimepiride + metformin slow release |
|---|--|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiovascular mortality | No outcomes identified |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to staying on glimepiride + metformin standard release | Switching to glimepiride + metformin slow release |
|---|--|
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 1 study (n=172), Very low quality, 105 more per 1000 (7 fewer to 331 more) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=172), Very low quality, 23 fewer per 1000 (50 fewer to 83 more) |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified |
| HbA1c change | No outcomes identified |
| Weight change | No outcomes identified |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified |

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1.1.7.4.31. Switching — Switching to monotherapy compared to switching to alogliptin

Table 51: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for switching to individual drugs compared to switching to alogliptin for people with type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities

| Outcomes for drugs compared to switching to alogliptin | Switching to vildagliptin |
|---|---|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiovascular mortality | No outcomes identified |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 1 study (n=130), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (29 fewer to 30 more) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=130), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (30 fewer to 30 more) |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=125), Low quality, MD 0.20% lower (0.43 lower to 0.03 higher) |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to switching to alogliptin | Switching to vildagliptin |
|---|--|
| Weight change | 1 study (n=125), Low quality, MD 0.10 kg lower (0.74 lower to 0.54 higher) |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified |

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1.1.7.4.32. Switching — Switching monotherapy compared to staying on sitagliptin

Table 52: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for individual drugs compared to sitagliptin for people with type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities

| Outcomes for drugs compared to staying on sitagliptin | Switching to liraglutide | Switching to semaglutide |
|--|---|---|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | 1 study (n=406), Very low quality, 5 more per 1000 (5 fewer to 14 more) | 1 study (n=197), Moderate quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (20 fewer to 20 more) |
| Cardiovascular mortality | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=197), Moderate quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (20 fewer to 20 more) |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=197), Moderate quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (20 fewer to 20 more) |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=197), Low quality, 10 fewer per 1000 (30 fewer to 10 more) |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=197), Moderate quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (20 fewer to 20 more) |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to staying on sitagliptin | Switching to liraglutide | Switching to semaglutide |
|--|--|---|
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 1 study (n=406), Very low quality, 15 fewer per 1000 (32 fewer to 2 more) | No outcomes identified |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=197), Moderate quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (20 fewer to 20 more) |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=406), Moderate quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (10 fewer to 10 more) | 1 study (n=197), Moderate quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (20 fewer to 20 more) |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=406), Low quality, MD 0.61% lower (0.82 lower to 0.40 lower) | 1 study (n=198), Low quality, MD 0.30% lower (0.60 lower to 0.00 higher) |
| Weight change | 1 study (n=406), Moderate quality, MD 1.67 kg lower (2.34 lower to 1.00 lower) | 1 study (n=198), Low quality, MD 1.50 kg lower (2.85 lower to 0.15 lower) |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=198), Low quality, MD 0.40 kg/m ² lower (0.90 lower to 0.10 higher) |

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1.1.7.4.33. Switching — Switching to monotherapy compared to switching to dulaglutide

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Table 53: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for switching to individual drugs compared to switching to dulaglutide for people with type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities

| Outcomes for drugs compared to switching to dulaglutide | Switching to semaglutide |
|--|---------------------------------|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to switching to dulaglutide | Switching to semaglutide |
|--|--|
| All-cause mortality | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiovascular mortality | No outcomes identified |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 1 study (n=32), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (114 fewer to 114 more) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=32), Low quality, MD 0.42% lower (0.71 lower to 0.13 lower) |
| Weight change | 1 study (n=32), Low quality, MD 2.50 kg lower (4.70 lower to 0.30 lower) |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified |

1.1.7.4.34. Switching — Switching to monotherapy compared to switching to liraglutide

Table 54: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for switching to individual drugs compared to switching to liraglutide for people with type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities

| Outcomes for drugs compared to switching to liraglutide | Switching to glimepiride | Switching to canagliflozin |
|--|---------------------------------|--|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified | Overall (DTR-QOL [Diabetes Therapy-related Quality of Life]) 1 study (n=34), Very low quality, MD 6.50 higher (0.14 higher to 12.86 higher) |
| All-cause mortality | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiovascular mortality | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to switching to liraglutide | Switching to glimepiride | Switching to canagliflozin |
|--|--|--|
| Remission | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=39), Very low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (95 fewer to 95 more) |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=474) Very low quality, MD 0.42% higher (0.21 higher to 0.63 higher) | 1 study (n=34), Very low quality, MD 0.10% higher (0.30 lower to 0.50 higher) |
| Weight change | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=34), Low quality, MD 0.20 kg higher (1.89 lower to 2.29 higher) |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified | 1 study (n=34), Very low quality, MD 0.10 kg/m ² higher (0.61 lower to 0.81 higher) |

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1.1.7.4.35. Switching — Staying on monotherapy compared to switching to dapagliflozin

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Table 55: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for staying on individual drugs compared to switching to dapagliflozin for people with type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities

| Outcomes for drugs compared to switching to dapagliflozin | Staying on pioglitazone |
|--|--------------------------------|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiovascular mortality | No outcomes identified |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to switching to dapagliflozin | Staying on pioglitazone |
|--|--|
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 1 study (n=71), Very low quality, 63 more per 1000 (87 fewer to 420 more) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | 1 study (n=71), Low quality, 0 fewer per 1000 (53 fewer to 53 more) |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=71), Moderate quality, MD 0.10% higher (0.25 lower to 0.45 higher) |
| Weight change | 1 study (n=71), Very low quality, MD 3.90 kg higher (2.85 lower to 10.65 higher) |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified |

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1.1.7.4.36. Switching — Switched to monotherapy compared to switched to glimepiride

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Table 56: A summary matrix showing the outcomes for switching to individual drugs compared to switching to glimepiride for people with type 2 diabetes at high cardiovascular risk with no other comorbidities

| Outcomes for drugs compared to switched to glimepiride | Switched to pioglitazone |
|---|---------------------------------|
| Health-related quality of life | No outcomes identified |
| All-cause mortality | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiovascular mortality | No outcomes identified |
| 3-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| 4-item MACE | No outcomes identified |

| Outcomes for drugs compared to switched to glimepiride | Switched to pioglitazone |
|---|---|
| 5-item MACE | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal stroke | No outcomes identified |
| Non-fatal myocardial infarction | No outcomes identified |
| Unstable angina | No outcomes identified |
| Hospitalisation for heart failure | No outcomes identified |
| Acute kidney injury | No outcomes identified |
| Persistent signs of worsening kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Development of end stage kidney disease | No outcomes identified |
| Death from renal cause | No outcomes identified |
| Cardiac arrhythmia | No outcomes identified |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | No outcomes identified |
| Falls requiring hospitalisation | No outcomes identified |
| Progression of liver disease | No outcomes identified |
| Remission | No outcomes identified |
| Hypoglycaemia episodes | 1 study (n=244), Moderate quality, 152 fewer per 1000 (213 fewer to 53 fewer) |
| At night hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified |
| Severe hypoglycaemic episodes | No outcomes identified |
| HbA1c change | 1 study (n=218), Low quality, MD 0.10% lower (1.49 lower to 1.29 higher) |
| Weight change | No outcomes identified |
| BMI change | No outcomes identified |

1 See reports F3 (appendix F), F4 (appendix H), F5 (appendix J) and F7 (appendix L) for full
2 GRADE tables.

3 **1.1.8. Economic evidence**

4 **1.1.8.1. Included studies**

5 Two health economic studies with relevant comparisons were included in this review:
6

7 1 comparing metformin, sulfonylurea, insulins, exenatide, linagliptin, liraglutide, pioglitazone,
8 repaglinide, sitagliptin and vildagliptin in various combinations; and

- 1 1 comparing metformin, sulfonylurea, insulin, alogliptin, canagliflozin, dapagliflozin,
2 dulaglutide, empagliflozin, ertugliflozin, exenatide, linagliptin, liraglutide, lixisenatide,
3 pioglitazone, saxagliptin, semaglutide (oral and subcutaneous) and sitagliptin in various
4 combinations.
- 5 These are summarised in the health economic evidence profile/s below (Table 1 to Table 5)
6 and the health economic evidence tables in Appendix C.

7 **1.1.8.2. Excluded studies**

- 8 23 economic studies (26 papers) relating to this review question were identified but were
9 selectively excluded due to the availability of more applicable evidence. These are listed in
10 Appendix E, with reasons for exclusion given.

- 11 See also the health economic study selection flow chart in Appendix C.

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1 **1.1.9. Summary of included economic evidence**

2 **Table 57: Health economic evidence profile: NICE clinical guidelines**

| Study | Applicability | Limitations | Other comments | Total cost ^(c) | Total QALYs | Cost effectiveness | Uncertainty |
|---------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|---|
| NICE NG28 2015 (UK) | Directly applicable ^(a) | Minor limitations ^(b) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Probabilistic model based on meta-analysis of RCTs • Cost-utility analysis (QALYs) • Population: Subsequent therapy in adults aged 18 years and over with type 2 diabetes. • Comparators: <p><u>First intensification</u></p> <p>1: Metformin- exenatide 2: Metformin- linagliptin 3: Metformin- liraglutide 4: Metformin-pioglitazone 5: Metformin-sitagliptin 6: Metformin-sulfonylurea 7: Metformin-vildagliptin</p> <p><u>Second intensification</u></p> <p>8: Biphasic insulin aspart-metformin 9: Biphasic insulin aspart-metformin/sulfonylurea 10: Biphasic insulin aspart-repaglinide</p> | <p><u>First intensification</u></p> <p>4: £20,390 6: £20,522 7: £21,569 2: £21,654 5: £21,685 1: £23,213 3: £23,614</p> <p><u>Second intensification</u></p> <p>24: £17,279 26: £21,636 25: £21,763 23: £22,000 21: £22,108 10: £22,738 16: £22,870 27: £22,896 22: £22,899 17: £23,260 12: £23,263 9: £23,303 15: £23,716</p> | <p><u>First intensification</u></p> <p>4: 8.217 6: 8.213 7: 8.249 2: 8.252 5: 8.243 1: 8.255 3: 8.284</p> <p><u>Second intensification</u></p> <p>24: 7.147 26: 7.097 25: 7.126 23: 7.02 21: 7.23 10: 6.979 16: 7.173 27: 7.06 22: 7.161 17: 7.135 12: 7.134 9: 7.051 15: 7.27</p> | <p><u>First intensification</u></p> <p>4: Baseline 6: Dominated 7: Extendedly dominated 2: £36,788 5: Dominated 1: Extendedly dominated 3: £61,381</p> <p><u>Second intensification</u></p> <p>24: Baseline 26: Dominated 25: Dominated 23: Dominated 21: Extendedly dominated 10: Dominated 16: Dominated 27: Dominated 22: Dominated</p> | <p><u>First intensification</u></p> <p>Probability metformin-pioglitazone cost effective versus all other interventions (£20K/30K threshold): 48%/30%. Metformin-sulfonylurea was most cost-effective option at £20k in 19% of iterations.</p> <p>For people who could not take metformin-pioglitazone or metformin-sulfonylurea, metformin with either linagliptin, vildagliptin or sitagliptin were considered acceptable treatment options.</p> <p><u>Second intensification</u></p> <p>Probability metformin-pioglitazone-sulfonylurea cost effective versus all other interventions (£20K/30K threshold): 75%/56%</p> <p>Analysis of uncertainty:</p> |

| Study | Applicability | Limitations | Other comments | Total cost ^(c) | Total QALYs | Cost effectiveness | Uncertainty |
|-------|---------------|-------------|--|--|---|--|---|
| | | | 11: Exenatide-metformin-sulfonylurea 12: Insulin degludec/aspart mix-metformin 13: Insulin degludec-metformin 14: Insulin detemir-metformin 15: Insulin glargine-metformin 16: Insulin glargine-metformin-sulfonylurea 17: Insulin glargine-sulfonylurea 18: Insulin lispro mix 50 and mix 25 19: Insulin lispro mix 50/50-metformin 20: Liraglutide-metformin-sulfonylurea 21: Metformin-NPH insulin 22: Metformin- NPH insulin-repaglinide 23: Metformin-NPH insulin-sulfonylurea 24: Metformin-pioglitazone-sulfonylurea 25: Metformin-sitagliptin-sulfonylurea 26: NPH insulin 27: NPH insulin • Time horizon: 40 years | 8: £24,028 19: £24,136 14: £24,228 11: £25,795 13: £26,097 18: £26,307 20: £30,166 | 8: 7.013 19: 7.126 14: 7.317 11: 7.229 23: 7.32 18: 6.818 20: 7.352 | 17: Dominated 12: Dominated 9: Dominated 15: Extendedly dominated 8: Dominated 19: Dominated 14: £40,778 11: Dominated 13: Extendedly dominated 18: Dominated 20: £172,890 | <p><u>First intensification:</u> Metformin-pioglitazone remained the most cost-effective treatment option at £20k when 2-year treatment effects data for HbA1c and weight change were applied.</p> <p><u>Second intensification:</u> Metformin-pioglitazone-sulfonylurea remained the most cost-effective treatment option at £20k when 2-year treatment effects data for HbA1c and weight change were applied.</p> |

| Study | Applicability | Limitations | Other comments | Total cost ^(c) | Total QALYs | Cost effectiveness | Uncertainty |
|---------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---|---|--|--|
| NICE NG28 2022 (UK) | Directly applicable ^(a) | Minor limitations ^(b) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Probabilistic model based on meta-analysis of RCTs • Cost-utility analysis (QALYs) • Population: Subsequent therapy in adults aged 18 years and over with type 2 diabetes. • Comparators: First intensification CVOTs as additions (compared to metformin + sulfonylurea) 1: Alogliptin + metformin + sulfonylurea 2: Canagliflozin + metformin + sulfonylurea 3: Dapagliflozin + metformin + sulfonylurea 4: Dulaglutide + metformin + sulfonylurea 5: Empagliflozin + metformin + sulfonylurea 6: Ertugliflozin + metformin + sulfonylurea 7: Exenatide + metformin + sulfonylurea 8: Linagliptin + metformin + sulfonylurea 9: Liraglutide + metformin + sulfonylurea | Total costs (mean per patient): First intensification CVOTs as additions (compared to metformin + sulfonylurea) 11: £18,612 12: £20,467 1: £22,878 6: £23,026 8: £23,516 3: £24,035 16: £24,181 5: £24,454 13: £24,592 2: £25,297 10: £26,908 4: £30,453 14: £30,622 7: £30,832 15: £32,300 9: £36,412 (95% CI: NR; p=NR) | 11: 8.768 12: 8.64 1: 8.705 6: 8.967 8: 8.795 3: 9.141 16: 8.792 5: 9.006 13: 8.487 2: 8.97 10: 8.518 4: 8.937 14: 9.23 7: 8.825 15: 8.413 9: 8.79 First intensification CVOTs as replacements (compared to metformin alone) 27: 8.995 28: 8.973 17: 8.95 22: 9.171 24: 9.017 | First intensification CVOTs as additions (compared to metformin + sulfonylurea) 11: Baseline 12: Dominated 1: Dominated 6: £22,153 8: £179,895 3: £14,540 16: £231,735 5: £24,584 13: Dominated 2: £33,152 10: Dominated 4: £70,257 14: £25,974 7: £213,122 15: Dominated 9: £808,413 First intensification CVOTs as replacements (compared to metformin alone) | Subgroup analyses are conducted in people with: (a) High cardiovascular risk- no prior event (b) High cardiovascular risk- prior event (c) All high cardiovascular risk (d) High BMI Results are presented in Appendix C. |

| Study | Applicability | Limitations | Other comments | Total cost ^(c) | Total QALYs | Cost effectiveness | Uncertainty |
|-------|---------------|-------------|---|--|--|--|-------------|
| | | | 10: Lixisenatide + metformin + sulfonylurea 11: Metformin + sulfonylurea 12: Pioglitazone + metformin + sulfonylurea 13: Saxagliptin + metformin + sulfonylurea 14: Semaglutide (injection) + metformin + sulfonylurea 15: Semaglutide (oral) + metformin + sulfonylurea 16: Sitagliptin + metformin + sulfonylurea First intensification CVOTs as replacements (compared to metformin alone) 17: Alogliptin + metformin 18: Canagliflozin + metformin 19: Dapagliflozin + metformin 20: Dulaglutide + metformin 21: Empagliflozin + metformin 22: Ertugliflozin + metformin 23: Exenatide + metformin 24: Linagliptin + metformin 25: Liraglutide + metformin | First intensification on CVOTs as replacements (compared to metformin alone) 27: £18,474 28: £19,780 17: £22,657 22: £23,001 24: £23,409 32: £23,933 19: £24,158 29: £24,261 21: £24,435 18: £24,916 26: £27,112 20: £30,450 30: £30,470 23: £30,614 31: £31,586 25: £36,517 Second intensification on CVOTs as additions | 32: 9.044 19: 9.32 29: 8.752 22: 9.209 18: 9.244 26: 8.68 20: 9.144 30: 9.477 23: 9.073 31: 8.743 25: 8.979 Second intensification on CVOTs as additions (compared to metformin + sulfonylurea + NPH insulin) 43: 7.875 44: 7.722 33: 7.81 38: 8.066 40: 7.903 35: 8.243 48: 7.891 37: 8.098 45: 7.592 34: 8.048 | 27: Baseline 28: Dominated 17: Dominated 22: £25,755 24: £221,103 32: £112,315 19: £17,497 29: Dominated 21: £27,927 18: £25,882 26: Dominated 20: £80,490 30: £24,908 23: £155,507 31: Dominated 25: Dominated Second intensification on CVOTs as additions (compared to metformin + sulfonylurea + NPH insulin) 43: Baseline 44: Dominated 33: Dominated 38: £20,983 40: £156,837 35: £13,357 | |

| Study | Applicability | Limitations | Other comments | Total cost ^(c) | Total QALYs | Cost effectiveness | Uncertainty |
|-------|---------------|-------------|--|-------------------------------|-------------|---|-------------|
| | | | 37: Empagliflozin + metformin + sulfonylurea + NPH insulin | + NPH insulin) 59: £19,828 | | 55: £161,775 63: Dominated 57: £1,984,769 | |
| | | | 38: Ertugliflozin + metformin + sulfonylurea + NPH insulin | 60: £21,314 49: £23,704 | | | |
| | | | 39: Exenatide + metformin + sulfonylurea + NPH insulin | 54: £23,967 56: £24,350 | | | |
| | | | 40: Linagliptin + metformin + sulfonylurea + NPH insulin | 64: £24,936 51: £25,030 | | | |
| | | | 41: Liraglutide + metformin + sulfonylurea + NPH insulin | 61: £25,203 53: £25,329 | | | |
| | | | 42: Lixisenatide + metformin + sulfonylurea + NPH insulin | 50: £25,950 58: £27,630 | | | |
| | | | 43: Metformin + sulfonylurea + NPH insulin | 52: £30,853 62: £31,067 | | | |
| | | | 44: Pioglitazone + metformin + sulfonylurea + NPH insulin | 55: £31,095 63: £32,049 | | | |
| | | | 45: Saxagliptin + metformin + sulfonylurea + NPH insulin | 57: £36,453 | | | |
| | | | 46: Semaglutide (injection) + metformin + sulfonylurea + NPH insulin | | | | |
| | | | 47: Semaglutide (oral) + metformin + sulfonylurea + NPH insulin | | | | |

| Study | Applicability | Limitations | Other comments | Total cost ^(c) | Total QALYs | Cost effectiveness | Uncertainty |
|-------|---------------|-------------|---|---------------------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|
| | | | <p>48: Sitagliptin + metformin + sulfonylurea + NPH insulin</p> <p>Second intensification CVOTs as replacements (compared to metformin + NPH insulin)</p> <p>49: Alogliptin + metformin + NPH insulin</p> <p>50: Canagliflozin + metformin + NPH insulin</p> <p>51: Dapagliflozin + metformin + NPH insulin</p> <p>52: + metformin + NPH insulin</p> <p>53: Empagliflozin + metformin + NPH insulin</p> <p>54: Ertugliflozin + metformin + NPH insulin</p> <p>55: Exenatide + metformin + NPH insulin</p> <p>56: Linagliptin + metformin + NPH insulin</p> <p>57: Liraglutide + metformin + NPH insulin</p> <p>58: Lixisenatide + metformin + NPH insulin</p> <p>59: Metformin + NPH insulin</p> <p>60: Pioglitazone + metformin + NPH insulin</p> | | | | |

| Study | Applicability | Limitations | Other comments | Total cost ^(c) | Total QALYs | Cost effectiveness | Uncertainty |
|-------|---------------|-------------|---|---------------------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|
| | | | 61: Saxagliptin + metformin + NPH insulin 62: Semaglutide (injection) + metformin + NPH insulin 63: Semaglutide (oral) + metformin + NPH insulin 64: Sitagliptin + metformin + NPH insulin • Time horizon: 40 years | | | | |

1 Abbreviations: BMI= body mass index; CVOT= cardiovascular outcome trials; GLP-1= glucagon-like peptide-1; ICER= incremental cost-effectiveness ratio; NPH= neutral protamine
 2 Hagedorn; QALY= quality-adjusted life years; RCT= randomised controlled trial; SGLT-2i= sodium-glucose cotransporter-2 inhibitor

3 (a) Newer GLP-1 agonists and SGLT-2 inhibitors are missing from the analysis.

4 (b) The validity of HbA1c as a surrogate marker used to predict cardiovascular outcomes and mortality has been questioned. Sources of costs are dated and do not accurately
 5 reflect current NHS conditions. The proportion of hypoglycaemic episodes that are severe (2%) and (therefore incur costs to the NHS) was assumed to be the same across all
 6 treatments.

7 (c) 2012/13 UK pounds. Cost components incorporated: Drug costs, drug consumables (needles, self-monitoring blood glucose strips and lancets, sharps bins), staff time for GLP-
 8 1 and insulin initiation, diabetes-related complications costs

9 (d) Only CVOT drugs are included in the incremental analysis; drug classes such as sulfonylureas and insulin are included as background treatments only.

10 (e) Probabilistic analysis was only conducted for the second intensification stage due to a lack of time. The analysis assumes that non-cardiovascular (microvascular) treatment-
 11 related outcomes are the same between comparator arms. The timing of treatment intensification does not differ between different treatment options, meaning between-
 12 treatment effects on HbA1c are not fully captured.

13 (f) 2022 UK pounds. Cost components incorporated: Drug costs, drug consumables (needles, self-monitoring blood glucose strips and lancets [for sulfonylureas and insulins only],
 14 sharps bins), staff time for GLP-1 and insulin drug class initiation, diabetes-related complications costs

1

2 **1.1.10. Economic model**

3 **Population and strategies evaluated**

4 The modelled population were adults with type 2 diabetes mellitus (T2DM) and one of the
5 following risk factors:

- 6 • Atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD)
- 7 • Chronic kidney disease (CKD) stages 1-3
- 8 • CKD stage 4
- 9 • Heart failure (HF)
- 10 • Aged under 40 years
- 11 • High risk of CVD and living with obesity
- 12 • High risk of CVD and living with overweight

13

14 The interventions explored were:

- 15 • Biguanide
 - 16 ◦ Modified-release metformin monotherapy
- 17 • DPP-4 inhibitors
 - 18 ◦ Alogliptin
 - 19 ◦ Linagliptin
 - 20 ◦ Saxagliptin
 - 21 ◦ Sitagliptin
 - 22 ◦ Vildagliptin
- 23 • GLP-1 receptor agonists
 - 24 ◦ Dulaglutide
 - 25 ◦ Liraglutide
 - 26 ◦ Semaglutide (oral)
 - 27 ◦ Semaglutide (subcutaneous)
- 28 • Insulin
- 29 • SGLT2 inhibitors
 - 30 ◦ Canagliflozin
 - 31 ◦ Dapagliflozin
 - 32 ◦ Empagliflozin
 - 33 ◦ Ertugliflozin
- 34 • Sulfonylurea
 - 35 ◦ Gliclazide
- 36 • Thiazolidinedione
 - 37 ◦ Pioglitazone

38

39 Treatments other than modified-release metformin monotherapy were assumed to be in
40 addition to modified-release metformin. All analyses were conducted in the UKPDS OM2.2
41 model with cardiovascular and renal outcomes calibrated to match outcomes reported from
42 guideline review network meta-analysis (NMA).

43

1 **Methods and data sources (Summary)**

2 Baseline

3 The UKPDS OM2.2 model requires 13 inputs at baseline consisting of demographics, clinical
4 risk factors and pre-existing conditions. These were sourced from the Clinical Practice
5 Research Datalink (CPRD) AURUM, which covers approximately 13 million patients –
6 representing about 20% of the UK population. The UKPDS 90 risk factor time path equations
7 were used to predict change over time within this baseline dataset.

8 9 Treatment effects

10 Two categories of treatment effects were incorporated into the model; effects on surrogate
11 outcomes (HbA1c and weight) and effects on clinical outcomes including cardiovascular and
12 renal outcomes, as reported in CVOT trials.

13 HbA1c

14 The treatment effect on HbA1c was modelled as a linear reduction over the first year.
15 Beyond this period, subsequent changes were governed by the UKPDS risk equations. The
16 effect of metformin on HbA1C was set to zero, since the UKPDS risk equations already
17 capture metformin's influence during treatment intensification in the original cohort. Applying
18 an additional effect would have resulted in double counting.

19 Weight

20 Weight effects in the first year were assumed to follow a linear trajectory. For years 2-4,
21 weight loss relative to baseline (time 0) was informed by real-world data from CPRD
22 AURUM. From year 4 onwards, weight rebound to baseline was modelled linearly: over one
23 year with GLP-1 agonists and over two years with SGLT-2 inhibitors, in line with committee
24 assumptions.

25 Cardiovascular and renal outcomes

26 The model's predictions for cardiovascular and renal outcomes (specifically angina, heart
27 failure, myocardial infarction, stroke, established kidney disease and cardiovascular
28 mortality) were calibrated against results reported in the clinical review NMA. This was
29 necessary because external validation studies of the UKPDS model have shown that it tends
30 to overestimate cardiovascular events such as myocardial infarction and mortality, while
31 underestimating the cardiovascular benefits associated with newer drug classes, notably
32 GLP-1 receptor agonists and SGLT-2 inhibitors.

33 34 **Utilities**

- 35
- 36 • Baseline utility for individuals with T2DM was derived from a systematic literature
37 review and meta-analysis. This baseline value was assumed to apply at the model
38 cohort's starting age of 67 years. The ratio between the T2DM-specific utility and the
39 UK general population utility at 67 years was then applied to the population life-table,
40 generating age- and sex-specific utility scores for people with T2DM
 - 41 • Utility decrements associated with diabetic complications were aligned with those
42 reported in NG28 (2022).

1 Resource use and costs

- 2 • Medication costs were sourced from the NHS Electronic Drug Tariff (November 2025
- 3 edition, accessed 31/10/2025). To derive treatment-specific costs, the NHS
- 4 Prescription Costs Analysis (PCA) 2024/25 was used to calculate a weighted
- 5 average, based on the total volume of each formulation dispensed in primary care.
- 6 • Diabetic event costs were taken from Alva 2015, which reported costs specific to a
- 7 T2DM population using UKPDS data. The study's algorithm - accounting for age, sex
- 8 event type and comorbidity history - was applied to generate age- and sex-specific
- 9 event costs.

11 Computations

- 12 • All analyses were conducted in the UKPDS Global beta model with risk equations
- 13 modified in line with the clinical evidence review.

15 Results

16 **Table 58. Results: base-case analysis (ASCVD)**

| Treatment ^(a) | Cost ^(b) | QALY ^(b) | Inc. cost ^(b) | Inc. QALYs ^(b) | ICER ^(b) | INMB ^(c) | Rank ^(d) |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Metformin | £45,175 | 4.54 | Reference | Reference | Reference | £0 | 6 |
| SGLT-2 inhibitor | £49,156 | 4.80 | £3,981 | 0.26 | £15,152 | £1,274 | 3 |
| Dulaglutide | £49,724 | 4.68 | £4,550 | 0.15 | £30,911 | -£1,606 | 12 |
| Liraglutide | £51,550 | 4.85 | £6,375 | 0.31 | £20,489 | -£152 | 7 |
| Semaglutide; Oral | £63,340 | 5.14 | £18,166 | 0.60 | £30,064 | -£6,081 | 17 |
| Semaglutide; Subcutaneous | £47,707 | 4.74 | £2,533 | 0.20 | £12,515 | £1,515 | 2 |
| Alogliptin | £49,903 | 4.66 | £4,729 | 0.12 | £39,184 | -£2,315 | 14 |
| Linagliptin | £46,522 | 4.56 | £1,347 | 0.02 | £58,912 | -£890 | 10 |
| Saxagliptin | £46,727 | 4.50 | £1,552 | -0.04 | Dominated | -£2,273 | 13 |
| Sitagliptin | £45,826 | 4.43 | £651 | -0.11 | Dominated | -£2,814 | 15 |
| Vildagliptin | £44,423 | 4.53 | -£752 | -0.00 | SW Quadrant | £665 | 4 |
| Gliclazide | £45,149 | 4.54 | -£26 | 0.00 | Dominant | £35 | 5 |
| Insulin | £49,946 | 4.51 | £4,772 | -0.02 | Dominated | -£5,261 | 16 |
| Pioglitazone | £46,864 | 4.60 | £1,690 | 0.06 | £27,606 | -£466 | 9 |
| SGLT-2i + Dulaglutide | £53,776 | 4.90 | £8,601 | 0.37 | £23,382 | -£1,244 | 11 |
| SGLT-2i + Liraglutide | £56,265 | 5.08 | £11,090 | 0.54 | £20,377 | -£205 | 8 |
| SGLT-2i + Semaglutide; Oral | £69,837 | 5.40 | £24,662 | 0.86 | £28,555 | -£7,389 | 18 |

| Treatment ^(a) | Cost ^(b) | QALY ^(b) | Inc. cost ^(b) | Inc. QALYs ^(b) | ICER ^(b) | INMB ^(c) | Rank ^(d) |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| SGLT-2i + Semaglutide; Subcutaneous | £50,651 | 4.92 | £5,476 | 0.38 | £14,472 | £2,092 | 1 |

- 1 Abbreviations: ASCVD= atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease; ICER= incremental cost-effectiveness
 2 ratio; Inc.= incremental; INMB= Incremental net monetary benefit; QALY= quality-adjusted life-year;
 3 SGLT-2= sodium-glucose cotransporter-2; SW= south-west
 4 (a) All treatments have a background of metformin therapy. Treatments are listed in order of drug
 5 class
 6 (b) Pairwise comparison between intervention plus metformin versus metformin alone
 7 (c) INMB is calculated using a value of £20,000 per QALY
 8 (d) Rank in descending order of INMB

9 **Table 59. Results: base-case analysis (CKD 1-3)**

| Treatment ^(a) | Cost ^(b) | QALY ^(b) | Inc. cost ^(b) | Inc. QALYs ^(b) | ICER ^(b) | INMB ^(c) | Rank ^(d) |
|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Metformin | £41,573 | 5.39 | Reference | Reference | Reference | £0 | 4 |
| SGLT-2 inhibitor | £44,626 | 5.68 | £3,052 | 0.29 | £10,620 | £2,696 | 1 |
| Dulaglutide | £46,613 | 5.51 | £5,039 | 0.12 | £41,440 | -£2,607 | 10 |
| Liraglutide | £47,416 | 5.70 | £5,842 | 0.30 | £19,162 | £256 | 3 |
| Semaglutide; Oral | £57,648 | 5.95 | £16,075 | 0.56 | £28,545 | -£4,812 | 13 |
| Semaglutide; Subcutaneous | £52,351 | 5.71 | £10,778 | 0.32 | £33,942 | -£4,427 | 12 |
| Alogliptin | £45,976 | 5.52 | £4,403 | 0.13 | £34,936 | -£1,882 | 8 |
| Linagliptin | £42,991 | 5.44 | £1,418 | 0.05 | £27,232 | -£377 | 6 |
| Saxagliptin | £43,336 | 5.35 | £1,762 | -0.04 | Dominated | -£2,660 | 11 |
| Sitagliptin | £42,106 | 5.31 | £533 | -0.08 | Dominated | -£2,059 | 9 |
| Vildagliptin | £40,691 | 5.40 | -£882 | 0.01 | Dominant | £1,076 | 2 |
| Gliclazide | £41,509 | 5.38 | -£64 | -0.01 | SW Quadrant | -£108 | 5 |
| Insulin | £47,176 | 5.36 | £5,603 | -0.03 | Dominated | -£6,198 | 14 |
| Pioglitazone | £43,201 | 5.43 | £1,627 | 0.04 | £38,064 | -£772 | 7 |

- 10 Abbreviations: CKD= chronic kidney disease; ICER= incremental cost-effectiveness ratio; Inc.=
 11 incremental; INMB= Incremental net monetary benefit; QALY= quality-adjusted life-year; SGLT-2=
 12 sodium-glucose cotransporter-2; SW= south-west
 13 (a) All treatments have a background of metformin therapy. Treatments are listed in order of drug
 14 class
 15 (b) Pairwise comparison between intervention plus metformin versus metformin alone
 16 (c) INMB is calculated using a value of £20,000 per QALY
 17 (d) Rank in descending order of INMB

18

19 **Table 60. Results: base-case analysis (CKD 4)**

| Treatment ^(a) | Cost ^(b) | QALY ^(b) | Inc. cost ^(b) | Inc. QALYs ^(b) | ICER ^(b) | INMB ^(c) | Rank ^(d) |
|--------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Standard Care | £34,453 | 3.26 | Reference | Reference | Reference | £0 | 6 |

| Treatment ^(a) | Cost ^(b) | QALY ^(b) | Inc. cost ^(b) | Inc. QALYs ^(b) | ICER ^(b) | INMB ^(c) | Rank ^(d) |
|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| SGLT-2 inhibitor | £37,217 | 3.55 | £2,764 | 0.29 | £9,416 | £3,106 | 1 |
| Dulaglutide | £38,254 | 3.38 | £3,801 | 0.12 | £32,577 | -£1,467 | 8 |
| Liraglutide | £38,718 | 3.48 | £4,265 | 0.22 | £19,053 | £212 | 4 |
| Semaglutide; Oral | £50,592 | 3.75 | £16,139 | 0.49 | £32,901 | -£6,328 | 14 |
| Semaglutide; Subcutaneous | £43,174 | 3.50 | £8,721 | 0.24 | £36,144 | -£3,895 | 12 |
| Alogliptin | £37,914 | 3.30 | £3,461 | 0.04 | £79,698 | -£2,593 | 11 |
| Linagliptin | £35,392 | 3.32 | £940 | 0.06 | £16,177 | £222 | 3 |
| Saxagliptin | £35,631 | 3.22 | £1,178 | -0.04 | Dominated | -£1,887 | 9 |
| Sitagliptin | £35,408 | 3.18 | £955 | -0.08 | Dominated | -£2,465 | 10 |
| Vildagliptin | £34,071 | 3.28 | -£382 | 0.02 | Dominant | £729 | 2 |
| Gliclazide | £34,560 | 3.27 | £107 | 0.01 | £17,737 | £14 | 5 |
| Insulin | £38,210 | 3.25 | £3,757 | -0.01 | Dominated | -£3,944 | 13 |
| Pioglitazone | £35,539 | 3.27 | £1,086 | 0.01 | £86,037 | -£833 | 7 |

- 1 Abbreviations: CKD= chronic kidney disease; ICER= incremental cost-effectiveness ratio; Inc.=
2 incremental; INMB= Incremental net monetary benefit; QALY= quality-adjusted life-year; SGLT-2=
3 sodium-glucose cotransporter-2
4 (a) All treatments have a background of metformin therapy. Treatments are listed in order of drug class
5 (b) Pairwise comparison between intervention plus metformin versus metformin alone
6 (c) INMB is calculated using a value of £20,000 per QALY
7 (d) Rank in descending order of INMB

8

9 **Table 61. Results: base-case analysis (HF)**

| Treatment ^(a) | Cost ^(b) | QALY ^(b) | Inc. cost ^(b) | Inc. QALYs ^(b) | ICER ^(b) | INMB ^(c) | Rank ^(d) |
|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Metformin | £47,542 | 2.99 | Reference | Reference | Reference | £0 | 7 |
| SGLT-2 inhibitor | £49,580 | 3.12 | £2,038 | 0.14 | £14,817 | £713 | 4 |
| Dulaglutide | £51,054 | 3.10 | £3,512 | 0.11 | £32,175 | -£1,329 | 10 |
| Liraglutide | £50,417 | 3.16 | £2,874 | 0.18 | £16,206 | £673 | 5 |
| Semaglutide; Oral | £61,055 | 3.34 | £13,513 | 0.36 | £37,838 | -£6,370 | 13 |
| Semaglutide; Subcutaneous | £49,330 | 3.18 | £1,788 | 0.19 | £9,323 | £2,048 | 1 |
| Alogliptin | £52,130 | 3.11 | £4,588 | 0.13 | £35,883 | -£2,031 | 11 |
| Linagliptin | £48,879 | 3.01 | £1,337 | 0.02 | £70,618 | -£959 | 9 |
| Saxagliptin | £48,215 | 2.98 | £673 | -0.01 | Dominated | -£900 | 8 |
| Sitagliptin | £46,707 | 3.01 | -£835 | 0.02 | Dominant | £1,218 | 2 |
| Vildagliptin | £47,011 | 3.00 | -£531 | 0.01 | Dominant | £822 | 3 |
| Gliclazide | £47,478 | 2.99 | -£64 | 0.01 | Dominant | £181 | 6 |
| Insulin | £50,807 | 2.99 | £3,265 | 0.00 | Dominated | -£3,277 | 12 |

| Treatment ^(a) | Cost ^(b) | QALY ^(b) | Inc. cost ^(b) | Inc. QALYs ^(b) | ICER ^(b) | INMB ^(c) | Rank ^(d) |
|--------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Pioglitazone | Contra-indicated | | | | | | |

- 1 Abbreviations: HF= heart failure; ICER= incremental cost-effectiveness ratio; Inc.= incremental;
 2 INMB= Incremental net monetary benefit; QALY= quality-adjusted life-year; SGLT-2= sodium-glucose
 3 cotransporter-2
 4 (a) All treatments have a background of metformin therapy. Treatments are listed in order of drug class
 5 (b) Pairwise comparison between intervention plus metformin versus metformin alone
 6 (c) INMB is calculated using a value of £20,000 per QALY
 7 (d) Rank in descending order of INMB
 8

9 **Table 62. Results: base-case analysis (high risk of CVD and living with obesity)**

| Treatment ^(a) | Cost ^(b) | QALY ^(b) | Inc. cost ^(b) | Inc. QALYs ^(b) | ICER ^(b) | INMB ^(c) | Rank ^(d) |
|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Metformin | £51,258 | 7.78 | Reference | Reference | Reference | £0 | 4 |
| SGLT-2 inhibitor | £54,166 | 8.06 | £2,908 | 0.28 | £10,334 | £2,721 | 1 |
| Dulaglutide | £59,067 | 7.94 | £7,809 | 0.16 | £48,421 | -£4,584 | 13 |
| Liraglutide | £56,497 | 8.08 | £5,239 | 0.31 | £17,177 | £861 | 3 |
| Semaglutide; Oral | £62,531 | 8.22 | £11,273 | 0.44 | £25,406 | -£2,399 | 11 |
| Semaglutide; Subcutaneous | £58,574 | 8.08 | £7,316 | 0.30 | £24,386 | -£1,316 | 6 |
| Alogliptin | £54,241 | 7.82 | £2,984 | 0.04 | £72,618 | -£2,162 | 9 |
| Linagliptin | £53,548 | 7.81 | £2,290 | 0.03 | £73,933 | -£1,670 | 8 |
| Saxagliptin | £53,194 | 7.67 | £1,936 | -0.10 | Dominated | -£4,029 | 12 |
| Sitagliptin | £50,883 | 7.68 | -£375 | -0.10 | SW Quadrant | -£1,598 | 7 |
| Vildagliptin | £50,094 | 7.78 | -£1,164 | 0.00 | Dominant | £1,199 | 2 |
| Gliclazide | £51,397 | 7.76 | £139 | -0.02 | Dominated | -£494 | 5 |
| Insulin | £59,360 | 7.71 | £8,102 | -0.07 | Dominated | -£9,530 | 14 |
| Pioglitazone | £52,413 | 7.73 | £1,155 | -0.05 | Dominated | -£2,224 | 10 |

- 10 Abbreviations: CVD= cardiovascular disease; ICER= incremental cost-effectiveness ratio; Inc.=
 11 incremental; INMB= Incremental net monetary benefit; QALY= quality-adjusted life-year; SGLT-2=
 12 sodium-glucose cotransporter-2; SW= south-west
 13 (a) All treatments have a background of metformin therapy. Treatments are listed in order of drug
 14 class
 15 (b) Pairwise comparison between intervention plus metformin versus metformin alone
 16 (c) INMB is calculated using a value of £20,000 per QALY
 17 (d) Rank in descending order of INMB

18

19 **Table 63. Results: base-case analysis (high risk of CVD and living with overweight)**

| Treatment ^(a) | Cost ^(b) | QALY ^(b) | Inc. cost ^(b) | Inc. QALYs ^(b) | ICER ^(b) | INMB ^(c) | Rank ^(d) |
|--------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Metformin | £48,164 | 7.49 | Reference | Reference | Reference | £0 | 4 |
| SGLT-2 inhibitor | £50,699 | 7.71 | £2,535 | 0.22 | £11,619 | £1,828 | 1 |

| Treatment ^(a) | Cost ^(b) | QALY ^(b) | Inc. cost ^(b) | Inc. QALYs ^(b) | ICER ^(b) | INMB ^(c) | Rank ^(d) |
|------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Dulaglutide | £55,285 | 7.62 | £7,120 | 0.13 | £56,339 | -£4,593 | 13 |
| Liraglutide | £52,838 | 7.73 | £4,674 | 0.24 | £19,545 | £109 | 3 |
| Semaglutide; Oral | £57,169 | 7.79 | £9,004 | 0.30 | £30,520 | -£3,104 | 11 |
| Semaglutide; Subcutaneous | £54,878 | 7.75 | £6,714 | 0.26 | £25,825 | -£1,514 | 8 |
| Alogliptin | £50,563 | 7.52 | £2,399 | 0.03 | £91,963 | -£1,877 | 10 |
| Linagliptin | £50,223 | 7.51 | £2,058 | 0.02 | £120,414 | -£1,716 | 9 |
| Saxagliptin | £49,999 | 7.42 | £1,834 | -0.07 | Dominated | -£3,306 | 12 |
| Sitagliptin | £47,660 | 7.41 | -£504 | -0.08 | SW Quadrant | -£1,151 | 7 |
| Vildagliptin | £47,150 | 7.50 | -£1,014 | 0.01 | Dominant | £1,174 | 2 |
| Gliclazide | £48,418 | 7.49 | £254 | 0.00 | Dominated | -£278 | 5 |
| Insulin | £55,794 | 7.46 | £7,629 | -0.04 | Dominated | -£8,361 | 14 |
| Pioglitazone | £49,292 | 7.51 | £1,128 | 0.02 | £66,012 | -£786 | 6 |

1 Abbreviations: CVD= cardiovascular disease; ICER= incremental cost-effectiveness ratio; Inc.=
2 incremental; INMB= Incremental net monetary benefit; QALY= quality-adjusted life-year; SGLT-2=
3 sodium-glucose cotransporter-2; SW= south-west

4 (a) All treatments have a background of metformin therapy. Treatments are listed in order of drug
5 class

6 (b) Pairwise comparison between intervention plus metformin versus metformin alone

7 (c) INMB is calculated using a value of £20,000 per QALY

8 (d) Rank in descending order of INMB

9 **Table 64. Results: base-case analysis (aged under 40 years)**

| Treatment ^(a) | Cost ^(b) | QALY ^(b) | Inc. cost ^(b) | Inc. QALYs ^(b) | ICER ^(b) | INMB ^(c) | Rank ^(d) |
|------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Metformin | £75,387 | 15.03 | Reference | Reference | Reference | £0 | 4 |
| SGLT-2 inhibitor | £79,228 | 15.33 | £3,841 | 0.30 | £12,877 | £2,125 | 1 |
| Dulaglutide | £88,632 | 15.20 | £13,245 | 0.17 | £77,812 | -£9,840 | 17 |
| Liraglutide | £82,863 | 15.37 | £7,476 | 0.33 | £22,352 | -£787 | 6 |
| Semaglutide; Oral | £89,433 | 15.43 | £14,046 | 0.40 | £35,250 | -£6,077 | 14 |
| Semaglutide; Subcutaneous | £87,398 | 15.32 | £12,011 | 0.28 | £42,310 | -£6,333 | 15 |
| Alogliptin | £79,132 | 15.05 | £3,745 | 0.02 | £233,434 | -£3,424 | 10 |
| Linagliptin | £79,458 | 15.07 | £4,071 | 0.03 | £119,706 | -£3,390 | 9 |
| Saxagliptin | £78,596 | 14.90 | £3,209 | -0.13 | Dominated | -£5,878 | 13 |
| Sitagliptin | £74,548 | 14.90 | -£839 | -0.13 | SW Quadrant | -£1,717 | 7 |
| Vildagliptin | £73,456 | 15.04 | -£1,932 | 0.01 | Dominant | £2,112 | 2 |
| Gliclazide | £75,856 | 15.03 | £469 | 0.00 | Dominated | -£490 | 5 |
| Insulin | £89,641 | 14.93 | £14,254 | -0.10 | Dominated | - £16,244 | 18 |
| Pioglitazone | £77,349 | 14.97 | £1,962 | -0.07 | Dominated | -£3,274 | 8 |

| Treatment ^(a) | Cost ^(b) | QALY ^(b) | Inc. cost ^(b) | Inc. QALYs ^(b) | ICER ^(b) | INMB ^(c) | Rank ^(d) |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| SGLT-2i + Dulaglutide | £93,584 | 15.53 | £18,197 | 0.49 | £36,775 | -£8,300 | 16 |
| SGLT-2i + Liraglutide | £87,886 | 15.66 | £12,499 | 0.63 | £19,946 | £34 | 3 |
| SGLT-2i + Semaglutide; Oral | £94,201 | 15.71 | £18,813 | 0.68 | £27,755 | -£5,257 | 11 |
| SGLT-2i + Semaglutide; Subcutaneous | £93,520 | 15.67 | £18,133 | 0.64 | £28,268 | -£5,304 | 12 |

- 1 Abbreviations: CVD= cardiovascular disease; ICER= incremental cost-effectiveness ratio; Inc.=
2 incremental; INMB= Incremental net monetary benefit; QALY= quality-adjusted life-year; SGLT-2=
3 sodium-glucose cotransporter-2; SW= south-west
4 (a) All treatments have a background of metformin therapy. Treatments are listed in order of drug
5 class
6 (b) Pairwise comparison between intervention plus metformin versus metformin alone
7 (c) INMB is calculated using a value of £20,000 per QALY
8 (d) Rank in descending order of INMB
9
10

11 1.1.11. Economic evidence statements

- 12 • One cost-utility analysis reported that adding pioglitazone to metformin was the most
13 cost-effective option at a threshold of £20,000 per QALY gained. This conclusion was
14 based on a full incremental analysis that included exenatide, linagliptin, liraglutide,
15 sitagliptin, a sulfonylurea and vildagliptin. At the stage of second treatment
16 intensification, the combination of metformin, pioglitazone and a sulfonylurea was the
17 most cost-effective option. This was determined within a full incremental analysis that
18 included 19 alternative interventions comprising various combinations of insulins,
19 liraglutide, metformin, pioglitazone, sitagliptin and a sulfonylurea. This analysis was
20 assessed as directly applicable with potentially serious limitations.
- 21 • One cost-utility analysis reported that dapagliflozin was cost effective at a threshold of
22 £20,000 per QALY gained. This applied when dapagliflozin was added to various
23 background therapy combinations, including metformin alone, metformin plus a
24 sulfonylurea, metformin plus neutral protamine Hagedorn (NPH) insulin and
25 metformin plus a sulfonylurea plus NPH insulin. This analysis included a wide range
26 of alternative interventions including alogliptin, linagliptin, saxagliptin, sitagliptin,
27 vildagliptin, dulaglutide, exenatide, liraglutide, lixisenatide, oral semaglutide,
28 subcutaneous semaglutide, canagliflozin, empagliflozin, ertugliflozin and pioglitazone.
29 This analysis was assessed as directly applicable with minor limitations.
- 30 • One original model assessed the following interventions: alogliptin, linagliptin,
31 saxagliptin, sitagliptin, vildagliptin, dulaglutide, liraglutide, oral semaglutide,
32 subcutaneous semaglutide, SGLT-2 inhibitors, gliclazide, insulin and pioglitazone. All
33 interventions were assessed as add-on therapy to modified release (MR) metformin
34 and compared with MR metformin alone. Triple therapy (metformin combined with an
35 SGLT-2 inhibitor and a GLP-1 agonist) was assessed in selected populations.
36 Results were reported across seven sub-populations, applying a cost-effectiveness
37 threshold of £20,000 per QALY gained.
- 38 ○ In people with ASCVD, triple therapy with subcutaneous semaglutide and an
39 SGLT-2 inhibitor was the most most-effective option. Other cost-effective
40 options included dual therapy with subcutaneous semaglutide, the SGLT-2
41 inhibitor class, gliclazide and vildagliptin.

- 1 ○ In peoples with CKD stages 1-3 or CKD stage 4, SGLT-2 inhibitors were the
2 most cost-effective intervention. Liraglutide and vildagliptin were also cost-
3 effective in both groups, while linagliptin and gliclazide were additionally cost
4 effective in people with CKD stage 4.
5 ○ In people with HF, subcutaneous semaglutide was the most cost-effective
6 option. Other cost-effective options included liraglutide, the SGLT-2 inhibitor
7 class, sitagliptin, vildagliptin and gliclazide.
8 ○ In peoples with high risk of CVD and living with obesity or living with
9 overweight, the SGLT-2 inhibitor class was the most cost-effective
10 intervention. Other cost-effective interventions included liraglutide and
11 vildagliptin.
12 ○ In people with high risk of CVD and aged under 40 years the SGLT-2 inhibitor
13 class was the most cost-effective intervention. Other cost-effective
14 interventions included vildagliptin and triple therapy with liraglutide and an
15 SGLT-2 inhibitor.
16 This analysis was assessed as directly applicable with minor limitations.

17

18 **1.1.12. The committee’s discussion and interpretation of the**
19 **evidence**

20 For more information, please see the committee discussion report.

21 **1.1.13. Recommendations supported by this evidence review**

22 This evidence review supports recommendations 1.9.1 to 1.9.5, 1.10.1 to 1.18.4, 1.19.1 to
23 1.19.3, 1.22.1 to 1.31.2 and the recommendation for research on treatment strategies for
24 people with type 2 diabetes and frailty and access to SGLT-2 inhibitors and management of
25 early onset type 2 diabetes. Other evidence supporting these recommendations can be
26 found in the evidence reviews on initial therapy (evidence review E).
27

1 **1.1.14. References**

2

3 National Institute for Health and Care Excellence (NICE). Type 2 Diabetes in Adults:
4 Management. NICE guideline [NG28], 2022. Available:
5 <https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ng28>

