1. Stopping common drugs (statins)

What is the clinical and cost effectiveness of stopping common drug treatments? (Statins)

1. Stopping common drugs (anti hypertensives)

What is the clinical and cost effectiveness of stopping common drug treatments? (Anti hypertensives)

1. Stopping common drugs (bisphosponates)

What is the clinical and cost effectiveness of stopping common drug treatments? (bisphosphonates)

1. Assessing Treatment burden

What aspects of treatment burden are related to poor outcomes?

1. Formats of consultation

What format(s) of encounters with healthcare professionals improve outcomes for people with multimorbidity?

1. Models of multiprofessional care

What models of care improve outcomes in patients with multimorbidity?

1. Improving outcomes (self-management and expert patient programmes)

What is the clinical and cost effectiveness of self-management and expert patient programmes for people with multimorbidity?

1. Diagnostic tools for frailty

What is the most accurate tool for assessing frailty?

1. Risk tools for predicting mortality

What is the most accurate risk tool for predicting mortality in patients with multimorbidity?

1. Prognostic indices for predicting mortality

What indicators identify people with Multimorbidity that have a reduced life expectancy.

1. Barriers to optimising care for the multimorbid

What are the barriers to healthcare professionals optimising care for people with multi-morbidity?

1. Principles for assessing and prioritising healthcare interventions

What principles are important for assessing and prioritising healthcare interventions for people with multimorbidity?

1. Ranking treatments based on absolute risk (using condition specific guidance) How might data from condition-specific guidance best be used and presented to inform a ranking of treatments based on absolute risk and benefit and time to achieve benefits? - discuss and finalise approach

Adverse outcomes

1. Risk tools for predicting unplanned hospital admissions

What tools identify people with multimorbidity who have adverse outcomes?

1. Risk factors for unplanned hospital admissions

What indicators identify people with multimorbidity who have adverse outcomes?

1. Risk tools for reductions in quality of life

What tools identify people with multimorbidity who have adverse outcomes?

1. Risk factors for reductions in quality of life

What indicators identify people with multimorbidity who have adverse outcomes?

1. Risk tools for admission to care facility

What tools identify people with multimorbidity who have adverse outcomes?

1. Risk factors for admission to care facility

What indicators identify people with multimorbidity who have adverse outcomes?