Single Technology Appraisal (STA)

Nivolumab for treating advanced (unresectable or metastatic) melanoma

At the scoping consultation stage, the scopes for nivolumab for treating advanced (unresectable or metastatic) melanoma were considered as 4 separate topics. These are referred to in this document as ID845, ID846, ID847 and ID848, as follows:

- Nivolumab for treating advanced, unresectable melanoma after progression with anti-CTLA-4 therapy (ID845)
- Nivolumab monotherapy for previously untreated, advanced, unresectable melanoma without a BRAF mutation (ID846)
- Nivolumab monotherapy for previously untreated, advanced, unresectable BRAF V600 mutation-positive melanoma (ID847)
- Nivolumab in combination with ipilimumab for previously untreated, advanced, unresectable melanoma (ID848)

As nivolumab has now been granted a marketing authorisation, as a monotherapy, for treating advanced (unresectable or metastatic) melanoma in adults, the first 3 of these have been combined to form a single scope for the current appraisal (ID845). Topic ID848 (nivolumab in combination with ipilimumab) will be the subject of a separate appraisal.

Response to consultee and commentator comments on the draft remit and draft scope (pre-referral)

Comment 1: the draft remit

Section	Consultee/ Commentator	Comments	Action
Appropriateness	Bristol-Myers Squibb	This is an appropriate topic for NICE to consider.	Comment noted. No changes to the scope are needed.
	British Association of Dermatologists	Would it be appropriate to refer this topic to NICE for appraisal? Yes	Comment noted. No changes to the scope are needed.
	National Cancer	Would it be appropriate to refer this topic to NICE for appraisal?	

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Section	Consultee/ Commentator		Comments	Action
	Research Institute/Royal College of Physicians/	845	Yes	Comment noted. No changes to the scope are needed.
	Royal College of Radiologists/ Association of Clinical Pathologists (NCRI/RCP/ RCR/ACP)	846	Yes	Comment noted. No changes to the scope are needed.
		847	Yes - the first line trial data currently published compared nivolumab with dacarbazine in BRAF WT patients only. However, it is reasonable to assume that the outcomes would be exactly the same for BRAF mutant melanoma and it is therefore appropriate to seek approval to treat these patients.	Comment noted. No changes to the scope are needed.
		848	This is very premature - the first data evaluating the combination (the 067 trial) has yet to be published in May/June 2015	Comment noted. Topic ID848 (nivolumab in combination with ipilimumab) will be the subject of a separate appraisal; the timing of this topic will be confirmed.
	Novartis	Yes it	would be appropriate to refer this topic to NICE for appraisal.	Comment noted. No changes to the scope are needed.
	Roche Products	No cor	mment	Comment noted.
Wording	Bristol-Myers Squibb		raft remit is appropriate. Please amend the wording in the remit from nced, unresectable melanoma" to	The remit has been updated to reflect the

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Section	Consultee/ Commentator	Comments	Action
		to accurately reflect the expected marketing authorisation.	marketing authorisation.
	British Association of Dermatologists	Does the wording of the remit reflect the issue(s) of clinical and cost effectiveness about this technology or technologies that NICE should consider? Yes	Comment noted. The remit has been updated to reflect the marketing authorisation.
	NCRI/RCP/RCR /ACP	Does the wording of the remit reflect the issue(s) of clinical and cost effectiveness about this technology or technologies that NICE should consider? Yes	Comment noted. The remit has been updated to reflect the marketing authorisation.
	Roche Products	No comment	Comment noted.
Timing Issues	Bristol-Myers Squibb	It is important for NICE to provide a recommendation for the use of nivolumab within the NHS as close to marketing authorisation as possible given the limited treatment options currently available for patients with advanced melanoma.	Comment noted. No changes to the scope are needed.
	British Association of Dermatologists	What is the relative urgency of this proposed appraisal to the NHS? ASAP	Comment noted. No changes to the scope are needed.
	NCRI/RCP/RCR /ACP	Survival from advanced melanoma remains poor despite new treatment modalities being introduced recently. More effective treatment is urgently required.	Comment noted. No changes to the scope are needed.
	Roche Products	No comment	Comment noted.
Additional comments on the	British Association of	Any additional comments on the draft remit	Comment noted.

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Section	Consultee/ Commentator	Comments	Action
draft remit	Dermatologists	No	
	Roche Products	No comment	Comment noted.

Comment 2: the draft scope

Section	Consultee/ Commentator		Comments	Action
Background information	Bristol-Myers Squibb	melanc 846,84 for Hea ipilimur Availab Delete	s an inconsistency in the proportion of patients with stage III/IV oma: In the background of topic 845 it states 10% whereas topics 7,848 report 12%. Please consistently use 10% (Ref: National Institute of the and Clinical Excellence (NICE). Final scope for the appraisal of mab for previously untreated unresectable malignant melanoma. 2012. The at: <u>http://www.nice.org.uk/nicemedia/live/12093/61363/61363.pdf</u>) "the" from following text: "There were 11,121 new diagnoses of oma in 2011 and 1781 deaths registered in the England in 2012"	The background sections of the scopes have been updated accordingly.
	British Association of Dermatologists	Adequa	ate	Comment noted. No changes to the scope are needed.
	Roche Products	No con	nment	Comment noted.
The technology/ intervention	Bristol-Myers Squibb	845	Please amend description of the technology for scope 845 as follows: Nivolumab (Opdivo, Bristol-Myers Squibb) is a human IgG4 monoclonal antibody targeting the programmed cell death-1 receptor (PD-1). Nivolumab is capable of blocking inhibitory signalling to T-	Thank you for your comment. This section of the scope provides a brief summary of the technology under consideration. This

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Section	Consultee/ Commentator	Comments	Action
		cells and may activate immune cells and promote an anti-tumour immune response. Nivolumab is administered intravenously.	section has been updated to reflect the marketing authorisation.
		Nivolumab does not currently have a marketing authorisation in the UK for treating advanced melanoma after progression with anti-CTLA-4 therapy.	
		It has been studied in this line of therapy in 1 single arm trial and 1 randomised controlled trial compared with physician's choice of either dacarbazine or carboplatin and paclitaxel in adults without BRAF V600 mutations whose disease has progressed after an anti-CTLA-4 therapy and for those with BRAF V600 mutations, whose disease has progressed after receiving both a BRAF inhibitor and an anti-CTLA-4 therapy.	
		 846, 847, 848 848 as follows: Nivolumab (Opdivo, Bristol-Myers Squibb) is a human IgG4 monoclonal antibody targeting the programmed cell death-1 receptor (PD-1). Nivolumab is capable of blocking inhibitory signalling to T- cells and may activate immune cells and promote an anti-tumour immune response. Nivolumab is administered intravenously. 	Thank you for your comment. This section of the scope provides a brief summary of the technology under consideration. This section has been updated to reflect the marketing authorisation.
		Nivolumab does not currently have a marketing authorisation in the UK for treating untreated advanced, (unresectable and metastatic) melanoma. It is being studied as a monotherapy or in combination with ipilimumab compared with ipilimumab alone in people with previously untreated advanced, unresectable melanoma.	

Section	Consultee/ Commentator		Comments	Action
	British Association of Dermatologists	<i>Is the</i> Yes	description of the technology or technologies accurate?	Comment noted. No changes to the scope are needed.
	NCRI/RCP/RCR /ACP	<i>Is the</i> Yes	description of the technology or technologies accurate?	Comment noted. No changes to the scope are needed.
	Roche Products	No co	omment	Comment noted
Population	Bristol-Myers Squibb	Pleas	bgroups are expected that should be considered separately. e amend the wording from "advanced, unresectable melanoma" to to accurately reflect the expected eting authorisation.	The population has been updated to reflect the marketing authorisation.
	British Association of Dermatologists	Yes Are th	population defined appropriately? nere any groups within the population that should be considered rately?	Comment noted. No changes to the scope are needed.
	NCRI/RCP/RCR	Is the population defined appropriately?		
	/ACP 84	845	This may depend on the licensed indication. Specifically for BRAF mutant melanoma, need to know if previous treatment with both an antiCTLA4 antibody AND a BRAF targeted agent is required.	Comment noted. The population has been amended to reflect the marketing authorisation.
		846, 847,	Yes	Comment noted. The population has been

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Section	Consultee/ Commentator		Comments	Action
		848		amended to reflect the marketing authorisation.
	Roche Products	845	As part of this review, would patients with a BRAF mutation only be considered for nivolumab if they have been previously treated with ipilimumab and a BRAF-targeted therapy? Based on the desire by NICE to stratify the review of nivolumab as an initial therapy by BRAF-mutation status and use with or without ipilimumab, a similar approach may have been anticipated within this review	Comment noted. The population has been amended to reflect the marketing authorisation. Attendees at the scoping workshop considered that it would not be necessary to split the population by BRAF mutation status.
		846	No comment	Comment noted.
		847, 848	The choice of therapy is likely to be influenced by the performance status of the patient, along with the nature of their disease (speed of progression). Such subgroups should be considered as part of this appraisal: please refer to our comments in the 'Comparators' section for further explanation.	Thank you for your comment. Attendees at the scoping workshop highlighted that it would not be easy to identify people with good performance status and slowly progressing disease in clinical practice, so this subgroup has not been included in the scope.
Comparators	Bristol-Myers Squibb	845	The comparator listed in the draft scope is representative of the standard treatments used in the NHS. At this line of therapy we would expect BSC to consist of a mix of	Comment noted. Attendees at the scoping workshop

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Section	Consultee/ Commentator	Comments	Action
		chemotherapeutic regimens including dacarbazine and paclitaxel/carboplatin combination therapy. Dependent upon the final label received BRAF inhibitors (i.e. vemurafenib and dabrafenib) may also be relevant comparators for people with a BRAF mutation.	agreed that dacarbazine is an appropriate comparator. Following the granting of a marketing authorisation, which does not specify particular previous treatments, the comparators have been updated to include all treatment options that may be considered for people with previously treated melanoma – that is, BRAF inhibitors, ipilimumab, dacarbazine and best supportive care.
		 846 Ipilimumab would be the appropriate comparator for people with untreated advanced melanoma without a BRAF mutation. Retreatment with ipilimumab after progression following first-line ipilimumab therapy should not be considered as this would not be in line with the marketing authorisation and is not available in England. Dacarbazine would be considered for people only who are ineligible for, or intolerant to, ipilimumab. Patients who would receive dacarbazine will be identified based on individual clinical opinion. 	Comments noted. Attendees at the scoping workshop agreed that dacarbazine would be considered in people for whom ipilimumab is unsuitable, so dacarbazine has been added to the comparators.

Section	Consultee/ Commentator		Comments	Action
		847	 Ipilimumab, vemurafenib and dabrafenib would be the appropriate comparators for people with untreated advanced melanoma with a BRAF mutation. The use of ipilimumab in untreated patients is not restricted by BRAF status (see NICE TA319). Dacarbazine would not be considered for these patients given the treatment options available. 	Comments noted. No changes to the scope are needed.
		848	The comparators considered should be split by BRAF mutation status as detailed in comments on scopes 846 and 847.	Comment noted. Topic ID848 (nivolumab in combination with ipilimumab) will be the subject of a separate appraisal.
	British Association of Dermatologists	See c	omments below	Comments noted.
	NCRI/RCP/RCR /ACP		a (are these) the standard treatment(s) currently used in the NHS with the technology should be compared?	
		845	Should include dacarbazine chemotherapy as well as BSC For BRAF mutant melanoma if previous BRAF targeted therapy is not part of the licensed indication, then vemurafenib and dabrafenib are also relevant comparators.	Comment noted. Attendees at the scoping workshop agreed that dacarbazine is an appropriate comparator. Following the granting of a marketing authorisation, which

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Section	Consultee/ Commentator		Comments	Action
				does not specify particular previous treatments, the comparators have been updated to include all treatment options that may be considered for people with previously treated melanoma – that is, BRAF inhibitors, ipilimumab, dacarbazine and best supportive care.
		846	yes Very few patients are offered cytotoxic chemotherapy as first line therapy nowadays	Comments noted. Attendees at the scoping workshop agreed that dacarbazine would be considered in people for whom ipilimumab is unsuitable, so has been added to the comparators.
		847	Yes	Comment noted.
		848	yes Very few patients are offered cytotoxic chemotherapy as first line - probably <5%	Comment noted. Topic ID848 (nivolumab in combination with ipilimumab) will be the subject of a separate

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Section	Consultee/ Commentator		Comments	Action
				appraisal.
	Roche Products	845	Dacarbazine may be an appropriate comparator for some patients who have progressed following prior treatment with ipilimumab. The draft NICE guideline on 'Melanoma: assessment and management of melanoma' recommends: <i>"Consider dacarbazine for</i> <i>people with stage 4 metastatic melanoma if immunotherapy or</i> <i>targeted therapy are not suitable. Do not offer further cytotoxic</i> <i>chemotherapy for stage 4 metastatic melanoma to people previously</i> <i>treated with dacarbazine except in the context of a clinical trial."</i>	Comment noted. Attendees at the scoping workshop agreed that dacarbazine is an appropriate comparator.
		846	No comment	Comment noted.
		847, 848	Depending on the timing of this review and availability of other agents, treatment via BRAF-monotherapy may no longer be the most appropriate comparator. The combination of a BRAF inhibitor (dabrafenib or vemurafenib) with a MEK inhibitor (trametinib or cobimetinib) for patients with a BRAF-mutation should also be considered. We do not believe that ipilimumab is a relevant comparator across all patients considered in this appraisal. Based on discussion at the recent scoping meeting for tamilogene, in conjunction with feedback from other clinical experts, the use of ipilimumab in patients with a BRAF-mutation is increasingly being limited to those patients with a good performance status and more slowly progressing disease. Such subgroups should be considered as part of this appraisal.	Attendees at the scoping workshop noted that trametinib is not currently established practice in the NHS. Attendees at the scoping workshop highlighted that it would not be easy to identify people with good performance status and slowly progressing disease in clinical practice, so this subgroup has not been included in the scope.

Section	Consultee/ Commentator		Comments	Action
Outcomes Bristol-Myers Squibb		845	The outcomes included in the draft scope are appropriate.	Comment noted. No changes to the scope are needed.
		846, 847, 848	The outcomes included in the draft scope are appropriate.	Comment noted. No changes to the scope are needed.
	British Association of Dermatologists		nese outcome measures capture the most important health related its (and harms) of the technology?	Comment noted. No changes to the scope are needed.
	NCRI/RCP/RCR /ACP		nese outcome measures capture the most important health related its (and harms) of the technology?	Comment noted. No changes to the scope are needed.
	Roche Products	No co	mment	Comment noted
Economic analysis	Bristol-Myers Squibb	time h	elanoma patients are diagnosed quite young (see background), a life- orizon of 40 years is appropriate to reflect any differences in costs or mes between the technologies.	Comment noted. The reference case stipulates that the time horizon should be long enough to reflect any differences in costs or outcomes between the technologies being compared.

Section Consultee/ Commentator		Comments	Action
	Roche Products	No comment	Comment noted.
Equality and Diversity	Bristol-Myers Squibb	No equality issues have been identified.	Comment noted. No changes to the scope are needed.
	British Association of Dermatologists	No	Comment noted. No changes to the scope are needed.
	Roche Products	No comment	Comment noted
Innovation	Bristol-Myers Squibb	We consider the technology to be innovative. Nivolumab is a novel immunotherapy agent for the treatment of cancer, with a new mechanism of action as a highly specific programmed death-1 (PD-1) immune checkpoint inhibitor. It specifically binds to PD-1 receptor on the surface of immune cells and restores T-cell activity by blocking the binding of the PDL1 and PD-L2 ligands found at the tumour site to PD-1 receptors on immune cells. This approach, enabling the body's own immune system to target cancer, is novel in melanoma. Nivolumab is the anti-PD1 with one of the broadest clinical development program, including more than 35 trials – as monotherapy or in combination with other therapies – in which more than 7,000 patients have been enrolled worldwide so far. Nivolumab is currently the PD-1 inhibitor with the most comprehensive and mature clinical data available in advanced melanoma, demonstrating clinically meaningful antitumor activity in two large randomized Phase 3 trials. Nivolumab is the first PD-1 inhibitor with OS data in the Phase III setting. In addition a manageable safety profile was demonstrated in subjects with advanced melanoma, in the context of the observed clinical activity, comparing favourably with the safety profile of current chemotherapies used in advanced disease.	Comment noted. No changes to the scope are needed.

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Section	Consultee/ Commentator		Comments	Action
		public h the pote improve metasta The MH nivolum	on available data relating to nivolumab, this is of major interest for nealth, in particular from the view point of therapeutic innovation, it has ential to offer an alternative therapeutic option with an expected ed significant benefit over existing treatments in advanced or atic melanoma, a population of a high unmet medical need. HRA has issued a Promising Innovative Medicine (PIM) designation for hab in the treatment of advanced (unresectable or metastatic) oma in adults in November 2014.	
	British Association of Dermatologists	845	Do you consider the technology to be innovative in its potential to make a significant and substantial impact on health-related benefits and how it might improve the way that current need is met (is this a 'step-change' in the management of the condition)? Yes it has a reasonably good side effect profile and has been shown	Comments noted. No changes to the scope are needed.
		in trials to be an effective treatment. Do you consider that the use of the technology can result in any potential significant and substantial health-related benefits that are unlikely to be included in the QALY calculation? Not sure		
		846, 847, 848	Do you consider the technology to be innovative in its potential to make a significant and substantial impact on health-related benefits and how it might improve the way that current need is met (is this a 'step-change' in the management of the condition)?	Comments noted. No changes to the scope are needed.
			Yes Do you consider that the use of the technology can result in any potential significant and substantial health-related benefits that are unlikely to be included in the QALY calculation? We don't think so	

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Section	Consultee/ Commentator		Comments	Action
	NCRI/RCP/RCR /ACP	signific improv	consider the technology to be innovative in its potential to make a ant and substantial impact on health-related benefits and how it might e the way that current need is met (is this a 'step-change' in the ement of the condition)?	Comment noted. No changes to the scope are needed.
	Roche Products	No con	nment	Noted.
Other considerations	Roche Products	No comment		Noted.
Questions for consultation	British Association of Dermatologists	845	 Have all relevant comparators for nivolumab been included in the scope? No. Which treatments are considered to be established clinical practice in the NHS for advanced, unresectable melanoma that has progressed after anti-CTLA-4 therapy? BRAF inhibitors in patients with a BRAF mutation only, If BRAF wild type there are no established treatments yet. Would retreatment with ipilimumab be used after progression following first-line ipilimumab therapy? In some cases. Is dacarbazine an appropriate comparator for nivolumab in this indication? No. Should dabrafenib and vemurafenib be included as comparators for people with BRAF V600 mutation-positive disease who have progressed following treatment? If progression is after ipilumumab. Are there any subgroups of people in whom nivolumab is expected to be more clinically effective and cost effective or other groups that should be examined separately? Not to our knowledge. 	Comments noted. Attendees at the scoping workshop agreed that dacarbazine is an appropriate comparator. Following the granting of a marketing authorisation, which does not specify particular previous treatments, the comparators have been updated to include all treatment options that may be considered for people with previously treated melanoma – that is, BRAF inhibitors,

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Section	Consultee/ Commentator		Comments	Action	
			Where do you consider nivolumab will fit into the existing NICE pathway, skin cancer? Similar to ipilimumab.	ipilimumab, dacarbazine and best supportive care.	
		846	Have all relevant comparators for nivolumab been included in the table? Yes.	Comments noted. Attendees at the	
			Is dacarbazine an appropriate comparator for people with untreated advanced melanoma without a BRAF mutation? No.	scoping workshop agreed that dacarbazine would be	
			Would it be considered for certain patient subgroups only (for example, people who are ineligible for, or intolerant to, ipilimumab)? It could be.	considered in people for whom ipilimumab is unsuitable, so has been	
			Are there any subgroups of people in whom nivolumab is expected to be more clinically effective and cost effective or other groups that should be examined separately? No.	added to the comparators.	
			Where do you consider nivolumab will fit into the existing NICE pathway for skin cancer? Similar to ipilimumab.		
		847	Have all relevant comparators for nivolumab been included in the table? No. Mek inhibitors have been excluded from this table e.g. trametinib	 Attendees at the scoping workshop noted that MEK inhibitors (such as trametinib) are not currently established 	
			Should ipilimumab be included as a comparator for previously untreated disease with a BRAF V600-positive mutation? Yes.		
			Are there any subgroups of people in whom nivolumab is expected to be more clinically effective and cost effective or other groups that should be examined separately? No.		
			Where do you consider nivolumab will fit into the existing NICE pathway for skin cancer? Similar to ipilimumab.		

Section	Consultee/ Commentator	Comments		Action
		848	Have all relevant comparators for nivolumab in combination with ipilimumab been included in the scope? Again, MEK inhibitors have not been included.	Comments noted. Topic ID848 (nivolumab in combination with
			Should ipilimumab be included as a comparator for nivolumab in previously untreated disease with a BRAF V600-positive mutation? Yes.	ipilimumab) will be the subject of a separate appraisal.
			Is dacarbazine, or any other chemotherapy, an appropriate comparator for nivolumab in people with untreated advanced unresectable melanoma without a BRAF mutation? No.	
			Would it be considered for certain patient subgroups only (for example, people in whom ipilimumab is contraindicated or not tolerated)? It could be.	
			Are there any subgroups of people in whom nivolumab is expected to be more clinically effective and cost effective or other groups that should be examined separately? No.	
			Where do you consider nivolumab will fit into the existing NICE pathway for skin cancer? Similar to ipilimumab.	
	NCRI/RCP/RCR /ACP	845	Commissioning arrangements do not allow retreatment with ipilimumab on progression	Comment noted. Following the granting of a marketing authorisation, which does not specify particular previous treatments, the comparators have been updated to include all treatment options that may be considered for

Section	Consultee/ Commentator		Comments	Action
				people with previously treated melanoma – that is, BRAF inhibitors, ipilimumab, dacarbazine and best supportive care.
		846	% pts receiving 1st line dacarbazine or other cytotoxic chemotherapy must be <5%	Comments noted. Attendees at the scoping workshop agreed that dacarbazine would be considered in people for whom ipilimumab is unsuitable, so has been added to the comparators.
	Novartis	Where do you consider nivolumab will fit into the existing NICE pathway, skin cancer?		
		845	 We anticipate that nivolumab would fit into a) The second-line treatment setting for adults with advanced, unresectable melanoma without the BRAF V600 mutation b) The third-line setting for adults with advanced, unresectable melanoma with the BRAF V600 mutations, whose disease has progressed after receiving both a BRAF inhibitor and an anti-CTLA-4 agent. 	Comments noted. No changes to the scope are needed.
		846	We anticipate that nivolumab would fit into the first-line treatment setting for adults with advanced, unresectable melanoma without a	Comments noted. No changes to the scope

Consultation comments on the draft remit and draft scope for the technology appraisal of nivolumab for advanced melanoma (ID845) Issue date: July 2015

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Section	Consultee/ Commentator	Comments		Action
			BRAF mutation.	are needed.
		847	We anticipate that nivolumab would fit into the first-line treatment setting for adults with advanced, unresectable BRAF V600 mutation-positive melanoma.	Comments noted. No changes to the scope are needed.
		848	We anticipate that nivolumab in combination with ipilimumab would fit into the first-line treatment setting for adults with advanced, unresectable melanoma with or without a BRAF V600 mutation.	Comments noted. Topic ID848 (nivolumab in combination with ipilimumab) will be the subject of a separate appraisal.
	Roche Products	845, 846	 Given the complexity that a review of nivolumab across 4 individual STAs could present to NICE, along with the potential for treatment sequencing, a combined review via the MTA route at time of licence may represent a sensible alternative approach and provide greater clarity to the Service on the use of the treatment in clinical practice. The list of 'related NICE recommendations and NICE Pathways' should be reviewed prior to finalisation of the scope. In January 2015, the Guidance Executive consulted on a proposal to move TA268 to the static list (decision yet to be announced). Furthermore, there may be updates on the proposed review of cobimetinib in combination with vemurafenib [ID 815]. 	Comments noted. After the scoping workshop, it was agreed to combine ID845, 846 and 847 into a single scope for nivolumab monotherapy. The list of related NICE recommendations is correct at the time of publication.
		847, 848	 Given the complexity that a review of nivolumab across 4 individual STAs could present to NICE, along with the potential for treatment sequencing, a combined review via the MTA route at time of licence may represent a sensible alternative approach and provide greater clarity to the Service on the use of the treatment in clinical practice. The list of 'related NICE recommendations and NICE Pathways' 	Comments noted. After the scoping workshop, it was agreed to combine ID845, 846 and 847 into a single scope for nivolumab monotherapy; topic

Consultation comments on the draft remit and draft scope for the technology appraisal of nivolumab for advanced melanoma (ID845) Issue date: July 2015

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Section	Consultee/ Commentator	Comments	Action
		should be reviewed prior to finalisation of the scope. In January 2015, the Guidance Executive consulted on a proposal to move TA268 to the static list (decision yet to be announced). Furthermore, there may be updates on the proposed review of cobimetinib in combination with vemurafenib [ID 815].	ID848 (nivolumab in combination with ipilimumab) will be the subject of a separate appraisal.
		Please refer to our comments in the 'Population' and 'Comparators' section for detail of subgroups which should be considered as part of this review.	The list of related NICE recommendations is correct at the time of publication.

The following consultees/commentators indicated that they had no comments on the draft remit and/or the draft scope

Royal College of Nursing

Appendix D - NICE's response to consultee and commentator comments on the draft scope and provisional matrix

NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR HEALTH CLINICAL EXCELLENCE

Multiple/Single Technology Appraisal (MTA) (STA)

Nivolumab for treating advanced (unresectable or metastatic) melanoma [ID845]

Response to consultee and commentator comments on the provisional matrix of consultees and commentators (pre-referral)

Vers	/ersion of matrix of consultees and commentators reviewed:						
Pro	Provisional matrix of consultees and commentators sent for consultation						
Sun	Summary of comments, action taken, and justification of action:						
	Proposal:	Proposal made by:	Action taken: Removed/Added/Not included/Noted	Justification:			
1.	Glaxo Smith Kline (dabrafenib)	NICE Secretariat	Amended	GSK has sold all its oncology products to Novartis, including dabrafenib. Therefore GSK has been removed and replaced by Novartis (dabrafenib) under 'comparator companies'			
2.	Muslim Health Network	NICE Secretariat	Removed	This organisation no longer existsand has been removed from thelist of consultees andcommentators under patientgroups			

National Institute for Health and Clinical Excellence

Consultation comments on the provisional matrix for the technology appraisal of Nivolumab for treating advanced (unresectable or metastatic) melanoma [ID845]

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3.	Ryan Just Beat it Foundation	Bristol Myers-Squibb	Not Included	Organisations that are invited to
				participate in a technology
				appraisal are national
				organisations based in the
				UK/Wales. This organisation does
				not meet he criteria and has not
				been added to the matrix of
				consultees and commentators

Consultation comments on the provisional matrix for the technology appraisal of Nivolumab for treating advanced (unresectable or metastatic) melanoma [ID845] Issue date: July, 2015