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GRADE EVIDENCE PROFILES

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Key

| ART | aggression replacement training | ICER | incremental cost-effectiveness ratio |
|-------|--|-------|---|
| CBT | cognitive behavioural therapy | IP&TX | indicated prevention and treatment intervention |
| CI | confidence interval | N | number of participants |
| CBCL | Child Behaviour Checklist | NHS | National Health Service |
| CEAC | cost-effectiveness acceptability curve | OIS | optimal information size |
| ECBI | Eyberg Child Behavior Inventory | PSS | personal social services |
| FEI | family empowerment intervention | QALY | quality of life year |
| FFT | family-focused therapy | RR | relative risk |
| GBP | British Pounds | SMD | standardised mean difference |
| HRQoL | health-related quality of life | TAU | treatment as usual |

1.1 SELECTIVE PREVENTION - CRITICAL OUTCOMES META-ANALYSIS

1.1.1 Child-focused selective prevention versus control for children and young people at risk of a conduct disorder (post-treatment)

| | | | Quality assessi | ment | | | No. of pa | tients | | Effect | Quality | |
|----------------|----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|---|------------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Child-focused selective prevention | Any control group | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | - Quality | Importance |
| Researche | r-/clinician-rate | ed antisocial be | haviour (measured | with: any valid rati | ing scale; be | tter indicated by lov | ver values) | | | | | |
| 1 | randomised trials | | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 15 | 15 | - | SMD 0.82 lower (1.54 to 0.09 lower) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Teacher-rat | ted antisocial I | pehaviour (mea | sured with: any vali | d rating scale; bet | ter indicated | by lower values) | | | <u> </u> | | | Į. |
| 1 | randomised trials | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 25 | 22 | - | SMD 1.93 lower (2.61 to 1.24 lower) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Parent-rate | d antisocial be | ehaviour (meası | ured with: any valid | rating scale; bette | er indicated b | y lower values) | | | | | | |
| 2 | randomised trials | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 136 | 146 | - | SMD 0.08 lower (0.31 lower to 0.16 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Self-rated a | antisocial beha | viour (measure | d with: any valid rat | ing scale; better in | ndicated by I | ower values) | | | | | | |
| 1 | randomised trials | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 115 | 112 | - | SMD 0.06 lower (0.32 lower to 0.2 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |

¹ OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

1.1.2 Parent-focused selective prevention versus control for children and young people at risk of a conduct disorder (post-treatment)

| | | | Quality asse | essment | | | No. of patier | nts | | Effect | | |
|----------------|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|---|------------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Parent-focused selective prevention | Any control group | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | Quality | Importance |
| Research | er-/clinician-ra | ted offending l | behaviour (measu | ed with: frequenc | y of arrest; bette | r indicated by lowe | er values) | <u> </u> | , | | | |
| 1 | | | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 125 | 70 | - | SMD 0.08 higher (0.22 lower to 0.37 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Teacher-ra | ated antisocial | behaviour (m | easured with: any | valid rating scale: | better indicated | by lower values) | | | | | | |
| 1 | | | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 20 | 20 | - | SMD 0.05 lower (0.66 lower to 0.56 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Parent-rat | ed antisocial b | ehaviour (mea | asured with: any v | alid rating scale; k | etter indicated b | y lower values) | | | | | | |
| 14 | | | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision | none | 1392 | 1382 | - | SMD 0.09 lower (0.16 to 0.01 lower) | ⊕⊕⊕⊕ HIGH | CRITICAL |
| Self-rated | Self-rated antisocial behaviour (measured with: any valid rating scale; better indicated by lower values) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | no serious risk of bias | serious ² | no serious indirectness | serious | none | 127 | 132 | - | SMD 0.17 higher (0.61 lower to 0.95 higher) | ⊕⊕OO LOW | CRITICAL |

OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

1.1.3 Parent-focused selective prevention versus control for children and young people at risk of a conduct disorder (follow-up)

| | | | Quality asse | essment | | | No. of patien | Effect | | | | |
|----------------|---|-----------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--|------------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Parent-focused selective prevention | Any control group | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | Quality | Importance |
| Researche | Researcher-/clinician-rated antisocial/offending behaviour (follow-up 663 weeks; measured with: any valid rating scale/any measure of offending behaviour; better indicated by lower valu | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision | none | 313 | 494 | - | SMD 0.12 lower (0.27 lower to 0.02 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕⊕ HIGH | CRITICAL |
| Teacher-ra | ted antisocial | behaviour (fo | llow-up 416 weeks | ; measured with: | any valid rating s | cale; better indicat | ed by lower values) | | | | | |
| 1 | | | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 86 | 44 | - | SMD 0.25 lower (0.61 lower to 0.12 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Parent-rate | ed antisocial b | ehaviour (follo | ow-up 25 to 312 we | eks; measured w | ith: any valid rati | ng scale; better ind | dicated by lower values |) | | | | |
| 8 | | | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision | none | 942 | 706 | - | SMD 0.02 lower (0.12 lower to 0.09 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕⊕ HIGH | CRITICAL |

OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

² There is evidence of substantial heterogeneity of study effect sizes.

1.1.4 Parent-focused selective prevention versus control for children and young people at risk of a conduct disorder (dichotomous outcomes) (follow-up)

| | | | Quality assess | sment | | | No. of patie | nts | | Effect | Quality | Importance | |
|----------------|---|---------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|---|--------------------------|------------|--|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Parent-focused selective prevention | Any control group | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | | | |
| Researche | esearcher-/clinician-rated offending behaviour (follow-up 663 weeks) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | randomised trials | | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 6/191 (3.1%) | 13/422 (3.1%) | RR 1.02 (0.39 to 2.64) | 1 more per 1000 (from 19 fewer to 51 more) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL | |
| | | | | | | | | 0% | 1 | - | | | |
| Parent-rat | ed antisocial I | ehaviour (fol | low-up 52 weeks; | assessed with: a | ny valid ratin | g scale) | | | | | | | |
| 1 | randomised | no serious | no serious | no serious | serious ¹ | none | 13/58 | 22/59 | RR 0.60 (0.3 | 149 fewer per 1000 (from | ⊕⊕⊕О | CRITICAL | |
| | trials | risk of bias | inconsistency | indirectness | | | (22.4%) | (37.3%) | to 1.2) | 261 fewer to 75 more) | MODERATE | | |
| | | | | | | | | 0% | | = | | | |
| Self-rated | Self-rated antisocial behaviour (follow-up 991 weeks; assessed with: convicted, lifetime) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | randomised | no serious | no serious | no serious | serious ¹ | none | 11/91 | 39/140 | RR 0.43 (0.23 | 159 fewer per 1000 (from | $\oplus \oplus \oplus O$ | CRITICAL | |
| | trials | risk of bias | inconsistency | indirectness | | | (12.1%) | (27.9%) | to 0.80) | 56 fewer to 214 fewer) | MODERATE | | |
| | | | | | | | | 0% | 1 | - | 1 | | |

1.1.5 Parent-child-based selective prevention versus control for children and young people at risk of a conduct disorder (post-treatment)

| | | | Quality assess | sment | | | No. of patient | s | | Effect | | |
|----------------|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---|-------------------|-------------------------|--|------------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Parent-child based selective prevention | Any control group | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | Quality | Importance |
| Observer-r | server-rated antisocial behaviour (measured with: any valid rating scale; better indicated by lower values) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | randomised trials | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 50 | 49 | - | SMD 0.1 lower (0.49 lower to 0.29 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Researche | r-/clinician-rat | ed antisocial b | ehaviour (measure | ed with: any valid | rating scale; | better indicated by | lower values) | | | | | |
| 1 | randomised trials | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 205 | 165 | - | SMD 0.14 higher (0.07 lower to 34 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | |
| Parent-rate | ed antisocial b | ehaviour (mea | sured with: any va | lid rating scale; be | etter indicate | ed by lower values) | | | | | | |
| 3 | trials | no serious risk of bias | inconsistency | indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 122 | 120 | - | SMD 0.12 lower (0.45 lower to 0.22 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |

¹ OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

1.1.6 Parent-child-based selective prevention versus control for children and young people at risk of a conduct disorder (follow-up)

| | | | Quality assess | ment | | | No. of patient | s | | Effect | | |
|--|------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---|-------------------|-------------------------|--|------------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Parent-child based selective prevention | Any control group | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | Quality | Importance |
| Observer-rated antisocial behaviour (follow-up 104 weeks; measured with: any valid rating scale; better indicated by lower values) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | | no serious risk of bias | | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 50 | 49 | - | SMD 0.41 lower (0.8 to 0.01 lower) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Researche | r-/clinician-rat | ed antisocial b | ehaviour (follow-u | p 624 weeks; mea | sured with: | any valid rating sca | le; better indicated by low | er values) | | | | |
| 2 | | no serious risk of bias | | no serious indirectness | serious ² | none | 238 | 204 | - | SMD 0.09 lower (0.73 lower to 0.54 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Parent-rate | ed antisocial b | ehaviour (follo | w-up 104 to 312 we | eks; measured w | ith: any valid | d rating scale; bette | er indicated by lower value | es) | | | | |
| 2 | | no serious risk of bias | | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 133 | 125 | - | SMD 0.08 lower (0.32 lower to 0.16 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |

OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met. CI includes both (1) no effect and (2) appreciable benefit or appreciable harm.

1.1.7 Parent-teacher-based selective prevention versus control for children and young people at risk of a conduct disorder (post-treatment)

| | | | Quality as | sessment | | | No. of patient | Effect | Quality | Importance | | |
|----------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|---|-------------------|--|--|------------------|----------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Parent-teacher-based selective prevention | Any control group | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | , | |
| Observer- | rated antisocia | al behavio | ur (measured with: | any valid rating s | scale; better indic | cated by lower value | es) | | | | | |
| 3 | randomised trials | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision | none | 509 | 262 | - | SMD 0.22 lower (0.44 lower to 0.01 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Teacher-ra | ated antisocial | behaviou | r (measured with: a | any valid rating so | cale; better indica | ated by lower values | s) | L | <u> </u> | | | |
| 3 | randomised trials | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² | none | 509 | 262 | - | SMD 0.20 lower (0.85 lower to 0.44 higher) | ⊕⊕OO LOW | CRITICAL |
| Parent-rat | ed antisocial b | pehaviour (| (measured with: an | y valid rating sca | le; better indicate | ed by lower values) | | | | | | |
| 3 | randomised trials | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision | none | 509 | 262 | - | SMD 0.03 lower (0.22 lower to 0.15 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |

¹ Risk of bias across domains was generally high or unclear.
² There is evidence of substantial heterogeneity of study effect sizes.

1.1.8 Parent-teacher-based selective prevention versus control for children and young people at risk of a conduct disorder (follow-up)

| | | | Quality asse | ssment | | | No. of patients | | | Effect | Quality | Importance |
|----------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---|-------------------|-------------------------|---|-------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Parent-teacher-based selective prevention | Any control group | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | ,, | |
| Observer-r | ated antisocial | l behaviou | r (measured with: a | ny valid rating sca | le; better ind | icated by lower val | ues) | | | | | |
| 2 | randomised trials | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² | none | 206 | 114 | - | SMD 0.31 lower (0.58 to 0.04 lower) | ⊕⊕OO LOW | CRITICAL |
| Teacher-ra | ted antisocial I | behaviour | (follow-up 624 week | s; measured with | any valid ra | ting scale; better in | dicated by lower values) | | | | | |
| 1 | randomised trials | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² | none | 78 | 59 | - | SMD 0.39 lower (0.89 lower to 0.11 higher) | ⊕⊕OO LOW | CRITICAL |
| Parent-rate | ed antisocial be | ehaviour (f | ollow-up 104 to 312 | weeks; measured | with: any va | lid rating scale; bet | ter indicated by lower values |) | | | | |
| 2 | randomised trials | serious ¹ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² | none | 206 | 114 | - | SMD 0.15 lower (0.46 lower to 0.17 higher) | ⊕⊕OO LOW | CRITICAL |

Trisk of bias across domains was generally high or unclear.

OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

1.1.9 Family-focused selective prevention versus control for children and young people at risk of a conduct disorder (post-treatment)

| | | | Quality assess | ment | | | No. of patien | its | | Effect | | |
|----------------|---|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--|------------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Family-focused selective prevention | Any control group | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | Quality | Importance |
| Parent-rate | nt-rated antisocial behaviour (measured with: any valid rating scale; better indicated by lower values) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | no serious risk of bias | | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 127 | 125 | - | SMD 0.05 lower (0.3 lower to 0.19 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Self-rated a | antisocial beha | viour (measur | ed with: any valid i | ating scale; bette | r indicated b | y lower values) | | | | | | |
| | | no serious risk of bias | | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 126 | 112 | - | SMD 0.11 lower (0.37 lower to 0.14 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |

OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

1.1.10Multi-component selective prevention versus control for children and young people at risk of a conduct disorder (post-treatment)

| | | | Quality assess | ment | | | No. of patien | ts | | Effect | | |
|----------------|----------------|----------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--|------------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Multi-component selective prevention | Any control group | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | Quality I | Importance |
| Parent-rate | d antisocial b | ehaviour (mea | sured with: any val | id rating scale; be | tter indicate | d by lower values) | | | • | | | |
| 2 | | no serious risk of bias | | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 64 | 64 | - | SMD 0.37 lower (0.72 to 0.02 lower) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Self-rated a | antisocial beh | aviour (measur | ed with: any valid | rating scale; bette | r indicated b | y lower values) | | | • | | | |
| 1 | | no serious risk of bias | | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 185 | 188 | - | SMD 0.02 lower (0.27 lower to 0.24 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |

OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

1.1.11 Multi-component selective prevention versus control for children and young people at risk of a conduct disorder (follow-up)

| | | | | | | | No. of patients Effect | | | | | |
|----------------|----------------|----------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Multi-component selective prevention | Any control group | Relative (95% Absolute CI) | | Quality | Importance |
| Teacher-ra | ted antisocial | behaviour (follo | ow-up 104 weeks; n | neasured with: an | y valid rating | scale; better indic | ated by lower values) | | | | | |
| 2 | | no serious risk of bias | | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 64 | 64 | - | SMD 0.48 lower (0.83 to 0.13 lower) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |

¹ OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

1.1.12Classroom-based (teacher involved) selective prevention versus control for children and young people at risk of a conduct disorder (post-treatment)

| | | | Quality asse | essment | | | No. of patients Effect | | | | Quality | Importance |
|----------------|----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|---|----------------------|-------------------------|--|------------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Classroom based – by teacher selective prevention | Any control group | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | | |
| Observer- | rated antisoci | ial behaviour | (measured with: a | ny valid rating sc | ale; better indica | l ated by lower value | es) | | | | | |
| 1 | randomised trials | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 52 | 59 | - | SMD 0.43 lower (0.96 lower to 0.09 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Teacher-ra | ated antisocia | Il behaviour (r | measured with: an | y valid rating sca | le; better indicat | ted by lower values | s) | | | | | |
| 4 | randomised trials | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision | none | 245 | 262 | - | SMD 0.43 lower (0.66 to 0.20 lower) | ⊕⊕⊕⊕ HIGH | CRITICAL |
| Parent-rat | ed antisocial | behaviour (m | easured with: any | valid rating scale | ; better indicate | d by lower values) | L | | | | | ļ |
| 2 | randomised trials | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 133 | 140 | - | SMD 0.13 lower (0.39 lower to 0.13 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |

¹ OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

1.1.13 Classroom-based (teacher involved) selective prevention versus control for children and young people at risk of a conduct disorder (follow-up)

| | | | Quality assess | sment | | | No. of patients | | | Effect | | |
|----------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---|-------------|-------------------------|--|------------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Classroom based (by teacher) selective prevention | Any control | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | Quality | Importance |
| Observer-r | ated antisocia | l behaviour (f | follow-up 64 weeks | ; measured with: | any valid ra | ting scale; better in | ndicated by lower values) | | | | | • |
| 1 | | | | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 52 | 59 | - | SMD 0.07 lower (0.59 lower to 0.45 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Teacher-ra | ted antisocial | behaviour (fo | ollow-up 64 weeks; | measured with: a | any valid rati | ng scale; better in | dicated by lower values) | | | | | |
| 1 | | | | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 52 | 59 | - | SMD 0.40 lower (0.92 lower to 0.13 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Parent-rate | ed antisocial b | ehaviour (foll | ow-up 64 weeks; n | neasured with: ar | y valid rating | g scale; better indi | cated by lower values) | | | | | |
| | | risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | | none | 52 | 59 | - | SMD 0.24 lower (0.76 lower to 0.28 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |

¹ OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

1.1.14Classroom-based (other, non-teacher involved) selective prevention versus control for children and young people at risk of a conduct disorder (post-treatment)

| | | | Quality assess | ment | | | No. of patients | | | Effect | | |
|----------------|----------------|--------------|---------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---|-------------------|----------------------------------|---|------------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Classroom based (by non-teacher) selective prevention | Any control group | Relative (95% Absolute CI) | | Quality | Importance |
| Self-rated | antisocial beh | aviour (meas | ured with: any vali | d rating scale; be | etter indicate | d by lower values | | | | | | |
| 1 | | | | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 204 | 188 | - | SMD 0.04 higher (0.22 lower to 0.29 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |

OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

1.2 PSYCHOLOGICAL/PSYCHOSOCIAL INDICATED PREVENTION AND TREATMENT - CRITICAL OUTCOMES META-ANALYSIS

1.2.1 Child-focused indicated prevention/treatment interventions versus control for children and young people with, or at high risk of, a conduct disorder (post-treatment)

| | | | Quality asse | essment | | | No. of p | atients | | Effect | | |
|----------------|---|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|---|------------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Child-focused IP&TX | Any control group | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | Quality | Importance |
| Observer-ra | ated antisocia | behaviour (me | easured with: any va | alid method; bette | indicated by low | er values) | | | • | | | • |
| | randomised trials | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 47 | 43 | - | SMD 0.20 lower (0.61 lower to 0.21 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Researcher | searcher-/clinician-rated antisocial/offending behaviour (measured with: any valid rating scale/any measure of offending behaviour; better indicated by lower values) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | randomised trials | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 109 | 112 | - | SMD 0.42 lower (0.69 to 0.16 lower) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Peer-rated | antisocial beh | aviour (measur | ed with: any valid r | ating scale; better | indicated by lowe | er values) | | | | | | |
| | randomised trials | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 40 | 39 | - | SMD 0.25 lower (0.72 lower to 0.23 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Teacher-rat | ted antisocial | behaviour (mea | sured with: any val | id rating scale; be | tter indicated by I | ower values) | | | | | | |
| 25 | randomised trials | no serious risk of bias | serious ² | | no serious imprecision | none | 764 | 571 | - | SMD 0.37 lower (0.55 to 0.19 lower) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Parent-rate | Parent-rated antisocial behaviour (measured with: any valid rating scale; better indicated by lower values) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | randomised trials | no serious risk of bias | serious ³ | | no serious imprecision | none | 280 | 189 | - | SMD 0.34 lower (0.67 to 0.01 lower) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |

OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

³ There is evidence of substantial heterogeneity of study effect sizes.

| Health eco | nomic profile | on child-foo | cused intervention plus TAU vers | us TAU | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|---------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Study; country | Study; country Limitations Applicability Other comments Incremental Incremental cost: 2011GBP effect Uncertainty | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Guideline analysis, UK | Potentially serious limitations ¹ | Directly applicable ² | Time horizon was 8 years. Model assumed a 50% relapse rate. | -£1,898 | 51% increase in number of children with improved behaviour. | Child-focused plus TAU is dominant. | Deterministic sensitivity analysis: result was robust over variations in relapse rate and costs. | | | | | | | |

¹ Model was based on arbitrary cut-off points and assumption of normal distribution of the CBCL T-score.

² There is evidence of moderate heterogeneity of study effect sizes.

² Setting, costs and outcomes are relevant to the guideline; costs included services costs and crime costs for those aged 10 years and older.

1.2.2 Child-focused indicated prevention/treatment interventions versus control for children and young people with, or at high risk of, a conduct disorder (follow-up)

| | | | Quality asses | sment | | | No. of pa | atients | | Effect | | |
|----------------|----------------------|----------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--|-------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Child-focused IP&TX | Any control group | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | Quality | Importance |
| Teacher-rate | ed antisocial be | haviour (follow-u | p 12 to 52 wee | ks; measured with: | any valid ra | ting scale; better ind | icated by lower va | alues) | | | • | |
| 6 | randomised trials | no serious risk of bias | | no serious indirectness | serious ² | none | 128 | 118 | - | SMD 0.45 lower (0.88 to 0.03 lower) | ⊕⊕OO LOW | CRITICAL |
| Parent-rated | antisocial beh | aviour (follow-up | 52 to 117 wee | ks; measured with: | any valid rat | ing scale; better ind | icated by lower va | alues) | | | | |
| | randomised trials | no serious risk of bias | | no serious indirectness | serious ² | none | 156 | 144 | - | SMD 0.26 lower (0.66 lower to 0.14 higher) | ⊕⊕OO LOW | CRITICAL |

There is evidence of substantial heterogeneity of study effect sizes.

² OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

1.2.3 Any parent-focused indicated prevention/treatment intervention versus control for children and young people with, or at risk of, conduct disorders (post-treatment)

| | | | Quality asse | essment | | | No. of pat | ients | | Effect | | |
|----------------|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--|------------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Any parent- focused IP&TX | Any control group | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | Quality | Importance |
| Observer-r | bserver-rated antisocial behaviour (measured with: any valid method; better indicated by lower values) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 19 | | no serious risk of bias | serious ¹ | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision | none | 673 | 353 | - | SMD 0.40 lower (0.58 to 0.21 lower) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Researche | earcher-/clinician-rated antisocial behaviour (measured with: any valid rating scale; better indicated by lower values) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ² | none | 30 | 26 | - | SMD 0.69 lower (1.22 to 0.16 lower) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Teacher-ra | ted antisocial | behaviour (mea | asured with: any va | lid rating scale; b | etter indicated by | lower values) | | | | | | |
| 10 | randomised trials | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision | none | 406 | 265 | - | SMD 0.04 lower (0.22 lower to 0.13 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕⊕ HIGH | CRITICAL |
| Parent-rate | arent-rated antisocial behaviour (measured with: any valid rating scale; better indicated by lower values) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 63 | trials | no serious risk of bias | serious ¹ | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision | none | 2110 | 1440 | - | SMD 0.54 lower (0.65 to 0.44 lower) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |

¹ There is evidence of moderate heterogeneity of study effect sizes.
² OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

| Study; country | Limitations | Applicability | Other comments | Incremental cost: 2011 GBP | Incremental effect | ICER | Uncertainty |
|-----------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|---|---|---|--|
| Edward et al., 2007; UK | Minor limitations ¹ | Partially applicable ² | Interventions: group parenting programme (Incredible Years) versus waitlist control. Time horizon of analysis was 6 months, | £2,400 | 27.29 (ECBI intensity score). | £84 per 1 point change in the ECBI intensity score. | CEAC: 83.9% at willingness to pay threshold of £100 per point change in the ECBI intensity score. |
| Sharac et al., 2011; UK | Minor limitations ³ | Partially applicable ⁴ | Interventions: parenting programme versus TAU. | £1,804 | No significant difference in the treatment effect between the two groups. | Routine care is dominant. | No data reported. |
| Foster et al., 2006, US | Potentially serious limitations ⁵ | Partially applicable ⁶ | Intervention considered: fast track versus matching control. | £44,000 | Not reported. | Fast track is not cost-effective at willingness to pay of £38,000. | If higher-risk group alone was considered, the programme has 69% probability of being cost-effective at willingness to pay of £38,000 for conduct disorder outcomes. |
| Bonin et al., 2011; UK | Potentially serious limitations ⁷ | Partially applicable ⁸ | Estimation of treatment effect is based on studies reporting ECBI with dichotomisation of continuous outcomes. | 1. NHS and PSS: -£1,300 2. All sectors: -£15,800 | 34% reduction in proportion of people with conduct disorder. | Parenting programme is dominant. | Scenario analysis (worst and best case). |
| Dretzke et al., 2005, UK | Potentially serious limitations ⁹ | Partially applicable ¹⁰ | Interventions: parent education training versus no treatment. The impact of the programme on quality of life was based on assumptions. | Not reported | Not reported. | At assumption of 5% improvement in quality of life: ICER = £16,000/QALY (group clinic-based) and £97,572/QALY(individual home-based). At 10% improvement in quality of life: ICER = £8,000/QALY (group clinic- | No further sensitivity analysis reported. |
| | | | | | | based) and £48,800/QALY (individual home-based). | |
| Muntz et al., 2004; UK | Minor limitations | Partially applicable ¹¹ | Interventions: intensive practice-based parenting programme versus standard treatment. Outcome measures were not reported in QALYs and all relevant outcomes were not | -£5,00012 | Not reported | Intensive practice-based parenting programme is dominant. | CEAC ^{13:} >89.9% at £0 willingness to pay and above. No deterministic sensitivity analysis was estimated. |

| McCabe, 2005; | Potentially | Partially | The effect size used in the analysis is on the | Relative to no | No difference in | Group clinic-based is dominant. | 80% probability that |
|---------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--|-----------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| UK | serious | applicable ¹⁵ | premise that there is no difference in the | treatment | effect across the | | parent training will |
| | limitations ¹⁴ | | clinical effectiveness between different | 1.Group | different forms of | | cost-effective at |
| | | | forms of parent training programme. | community- | parent training | | willingness to pay of |
| | | | | based: £110 | programme | | £1000. |
| | | | | 2. Individual home- | | | |
| | | | | based: £1,700 | | | |
| | | | | 3. Individual clinic- | | | |
| | | | | based: £2,900 | | | |
| | | | | 4. Group clinic- | | | |
| | | | | based: -£85 (cost | | | |
| | | | | saving). | | | |

¹ The model is based on one trial with a short time horizon (6 months).

² The measure of outcome was the ECBI intensity score; no QALYs were used; perspective includes educational system.

³ Time horizon is 6 months; small sample size (\dot{N} = 37).

⁴ HRQoL was not measured; intervention costs considered only.

⁵ Lack of clarity on time horizon of analysis,.

⁶ The study was conducted in the US; intervention costs considered only.

⁷ Assumptions about the possible natural history of conduct disorder are highly uncertain and may not reflect the true natural history of conduct disorder.

⁸ There was no information available about the impact of the programme on HRQoL outcomes.

⁹ The treatment effect and costs of programmes were not combined.

¹⁰ The estimates of the programme costs are applicable in the guideline but the assumptions around the impact of programme on HRQoL is highly uncertain. Only intervention costs considered.

¹¹ HRQoL outcome was not measured.

¹² Cost values are converted from 1999/00 to 2011 GBP prices.

¹³ CEAC: cost-effectiveness acceptability curve.

¹⁴ Time horizon is 1 year, which is relatively short, and the estimation of the outcome was based on dichotomisation of continuous outcome measures, which has created considerable uncertainty around the distribution of the outcome.

¹⁵HRQoL outcome measure was not evaluated.

1.2.4 Parent-focused indicated prevention/treatment interventions versus control for children and young people with, or at high risk of, a conduct disorder (follow-up)

| | | | Quality asse | ssment | | | No. of pat | ients | | Effect | | |
|----------------|-------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|---|------------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Any parent- focused IP&TX | Any control group | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | Quality | Importance |
| Observer-r | ated antisocia | behaviour (fo | llow-up 38 to 52 we | eks; measured wi | th: any valid met | hod; better indicate | d by lower values) | | | | - | |
| 3 | | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 134 | 111 | - | SMD 0.18 higher (0.07 lower to 0.43 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Researche | r-/clinician-rate | ed antisocial be | ehaviour (follow-up | 52 weeks; measu | red with: any val | id rating scale; bett | er indicated by lov | ver values) | | | | |
| 1 | | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 78 | 76 | - | SMD 0.28 higher (0.04 lower to 0.59 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Teacher-ra | ted antisocial | behaviour (foll | ow-up 25 to 52 wee | ks; measured with | h: any valid rating | scale; better indic | ated by lower valu | es) | | | | |
| 2 | | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 138 | 102 | - | SMD 0.16 higher (0.09 lower to 0.42 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Parent-rate | ed antisocial be | ehaviour (follow | w-up 13 to 87 week | s; measured with: | any valid rating | scale; better indicat | ted by lower value | s) | • | | • | • |
| 12 | trials | no serious risk of bias | inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision | none | 425 | 337 | - | SMD 0.28 lower (0.48 to 0.08 lower) | ⊕⊕⊕⊕ HIGH | CRITICAL |

OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

1.2.5 Standard parent-focused indicated prevention/treatment (excluding attenuated interventions) versus control in children and young people with, or at risk of, conduct disorders (post-treatment)

| | | | Quality asso | essment | | | No. of patients | | | Effect | | |
|----------------|------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|---|------------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Standard parent-focused IP&TX (excluding attenuated interventions) | Any control group | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | Quality | Importance |
| Observer- | rated antisoc | ial behaviou | r (measured with: | any valid metho | d; better indicat | ed by lower value | s) | | | | | |
| 10 | | | | | no serious imprecision | none | 424 | 290 | - | SMD 0.40 lower (0.6 to 0.2 lower) | ⊕⊕⊕⊕ HIGH | CRITICAL |
| Research | er-/clinician-ra | ated antisoc | ial behaviour (mea | sured with: any | valid rating sca | le; better indicate | d by lower values) | | | | | |
| 1 | | | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 30 | 26 | 1 | SMD 0.69 lower (1.22 to 0.16 lower) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Teacher-ra | ated antisocia | al behaviour | (measured with: a | ny valid rating s | cale; better indi | cated by lower va | lues) | | | | | |
| 7 | | | no serious inconsistency | | no serious imprecision | none | 296 | 224 | - | SMD 0.03 higher (0.16 lower to 0.21 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕⊕ HIGH | CRITICAL |
| Parent-rat | ed antisocial | behaviour (r | neasured with: an | y valid rating sc | ale; better indic | ated by lower valu | les) | | | | | |
| 39 | | no serious risk of bias | serious ² | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision | none | 1413 | 1000 | - | SMD 0.50 lower (0.63 to 0.38 lower) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |

OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

There is evidence of moderate heterogeneity of study effect sizes.

| Health economic profile on parent-focused intervention (excluding attenuated interventions) versus no treatment | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Study; country | Limitations | Applicability | Other comments | Incremental cost: 2011 GBP | Incremental effect | ICER | Uncertainty | | | | |
| Guideline analysis, UK | Potentially serious limitations ¹ | Directly applicable ² | Time horizon was 6 years and costs include both the service costs and intervention costs. Model assumed a 50% relapse rate. | -£767 per family. | 57% increase in the number of children with improved behaviour. | Parent-focused is dominant. | Result was robust over variations in relapse rate and costs. | | | | |

¹Model was based on arbitrary cut-off points and assumption of normal distribution of the CBCL T-score.

²Setting, costs and outcomes are relevant to the guideline.

1.2.6 Standard parent-focused indicated prevention/treatment (excluding attenuated interventions) versus control group in children and young people with, or at risk of, conduct disorders (follow-up)

| | | | Quality ass | essment | | | No. of patients | | | Effect | | |
|----------------|----------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|---|------------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Standard parent-focused IP&TX (excluding attenuated interventions) | Any control group | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | Quality | Importance |
| Observer- | rated antisod | ial behaviou | r (follow-up 38 to | 52 weeks; measi | red with: any v | alid method; bette | r indicated by lower values) | | • | | | |
| 3 | randomised trials | | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | None | 134 | 111 | - | SMD 0.18 higher (0.07 lower to 0.43 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Research | er-/clinician-r | ated antisoci | ial behaviour (follo | ow-up 52 weeks; | measured with | : any valid rating s | cale; better indicated by lower valu | ies) | | | | |
| 1 | randomised trials | | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | None | 78 | 76 | - | SMD 0.28 higher (0.04 lower to 0.59 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Teacher-r | ated antisoci | al behaviour | (follow-up 25 to 5 | 2 weeks; measu | ed with: any va | lid rating scale; be | etter indicated by lower values) | | | | | |
| 2 | randomised trials | | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | None | 138 | 102 | - | SMD 0.16 higher (0.09 lower to 0.42 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Parent-rat | ted antisocial | behaviour (f | ollow-up 13 to 87 | weeks; measure | d with: any valid | d rating scale, bet | ter indicated by lower values) | | | | | |
| | randomised trials | risk of bias | , | no serious indirectness | imprecision | None | 406 | 318 | - | SMD 0.26 lower (0.47 to 0.05 lower) | ⊕⊕⊕⊕ HIGH | CRITICAL |

OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

1.2.7 Foster carer-focused indicated prevention/treatment interventions versus control for children and young people with, or at high risk of, a conduct disorder (post-treatment)

| | | | Quality asses | ssment | | | No. of pati | ients | | Effect | | | |
|----------------|---|----------------------------|---------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--|--------------|------------|--|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | ency Indirectness Imprecis | | Other considerations | Foster carer- focused IP&TX | Any control group | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | Quality | Importance | |
| Parent-rated | Parent-rated antisocial behaviour (measured with: any valid rating scale; better indicated by lower values) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| _ | | no serious risk of bias | | | no serious imprecision | None | 435 | 420 | _ | SMD 0.19 lower (0.39 lower to 0.02 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕⊕ HIGH | | |

1.2.8 Parent-child-based indicated prevention/treatment interventions versus control for children and young people with, or at high risk of, a conduct disorder (post-treatment)

| | | | Quality asse | ssment | | | No. of pa | tients | | Effect | | |
|----------------|----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--|--|------------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Parent-child based IP&TX | Any control group | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | Quality | Importance |
| Observer-ra | ated antisocial | behaviour (me | easured with: any v | alid method; bette | r indicated by lov | ver values) | | | <u>, </u> | | | |
| | | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | None | 22 | 22 | - | SMD 0.20 lower (0.78 lower to 0.38 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Teacher-ra | ted antisocial I | pehaviour (mea | asured with: any va | lid rating scale; be | etter indicated by | lower values) | | | | | | |
| | randomised trials | serious ² | serious ³ | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision | None | 269 | 319 | - | SMD 0.44 lower (0.86 to 0.01 lower) | ⊕⊕OO LOW | CRITICAL |
| Parent-rate | d antisocial be | haviour (meas | sured with: any valid | d rating scale; bet | ter indicated by lo | ower values) | | | | | | |
| 8 | randomised trials | serious ² | serious ³ | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision | None | 254 | 270 | - | SMD 0.52 lower (0.96 to 0.08 lower) | ⊕⊕OO LOW | CRITICAL |

OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

1.2.9 Parent-child-based indicated prevention/treatment interventions versus control for children and young people with, or at high risk of, a conduct disorder (follow-up)

| | | | Quality asses | sment | | | No. of pat | ients | | Effect | | |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|---------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Parent-child based IP&TX | Any control group | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | Quality | Importance |
| Teacher-rated antisocial behaviour (follow-up 76 to 156 weeks; measured with: any valid rating scale; better indicated by lower values) | | | | | | | | | | | • | |
| | randomised trials | serious ¹ | | no serious indirectness | serious ² | None | 45 | 39 | - | SMD 1.29 lower (1.79 to 0.78 lower) | ⊕⊕OO LOW | CRITICAL |
| Parent-rated antisocial behaviour (follow-up 76 to 156 weeks; measured with: any valid rating scale; better indicated by lower values) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| _ | randomised trials | serious ¹ | | no serious indirectness | serious ² | None | 87 | 82 | - | SMD 1.40 lower (2.35 to 0.45 lower) | ⊕⊕OO LOW | CRITICAL |

¹ Risk of bias across domains was generally high or unclear.

² Risk of bias across domains was generally high or unclear.
³ There is evidence of moderate heterogeneity of study effect sizes.

² OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

1.2.10Parent-teacher-based indicated prevention/treatment interventions versus control for children and young people with, or at high risk of, a conduct disorder (post-treatment)

| | | | Quality assess | ment | | | No. of pati | ents | | Effect | Quality | Importance |
|----------------|----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|---|------------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Parentteacher- based IP & TX | Any control group | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | | |
| Observer-r | ated antisocial | behaviour (me | asured with: any va | llid method; better | r indicated by | y lower values) | | | | | | |
| 1 | | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 91 | 64 | - | SMD 0.03 lower (0.34 lower to 0.29 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Researche | r-/clinician-rate | ed antisocial be | haviour (measured | with: any valid rat | ting scale; be | etter indicated by lo | wer values) | | | | | |
| | | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 24 | 26 | - | SMD 0.26 lower (0.81 lower to 0.30 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Teacher-ra | ted antisocial l | behaviour (mea | sured with: any val | id rating scale; be | tter indicated | d by lower values) | | | | | | |
| | randomised trials | serious ² | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 204 | 100 | - | SMD 0.05 lower (0.29 lower to 0.19 higher) | ⊕⊕OO LOW | CRITICAL |
| Parent-rate | d antisocial be | ehaviour (meas | ured with: any valid | rating scale; bett | er indicated | by lower values) | | | | | | |
| | randomised trials | serious ² | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 158 | 87 | - | SMD 0.11 lower (0.40 lower to 0.17 higher) | ⊕⊕OO LOW | CRITICAL |

OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

² Risk of bias across domains was generally high or unclear.

1.2.11 Parent-teacher-based indicated prevention/treatment interventions versus control for children and young people with, or at high risk of, a conduct disorder (follow-up)

| | | | Quality asses | ssment | | | No. of patie | nts | | Effect | Quality | Importance |
|---|----------------------|--------------|---------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--|-------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Parentteacher-based IP & TX | Any control group | Relative (95% CI) | | | |
| Parent-rated antisocial behaviour (follow-up 26 to 82 weeks; measured with: any valid rating scale; better indicated by lower values) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | randomised trials | | | no serious indirectness | serious ² | none | 53 | 55 | - | SMD 0.20 lower (0.58 lower to 0.17 higher) | ⊕⊕OO LOW | CRITICAL |

1.2.12 Family-focused indicated prevention/treatment interventions versus control for children and young people with, or at high risk of, a conduct disorder (post-treatment)

| | | | Quality assessn | nent | | | No. of pa | atients | | Effect | | |
|----------------|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|---|------------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Family-focused IP&TX | Any control group | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | Quality | Importance |
| Researcher | r-/clinician-rate | d offending beh | aviour (measured w | vith: frequency of a | rrests/charg | es; better indicated | l by lower values) | | | | | |
| 1 | randomised trials | | | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 149 | 154 | - | SMD 0.01 lower (0.24 lower to 0.21 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Teacher-rat | ted antisocial b | ehaviour (meas | ured with: any valid | rating scale; bette | er indicated l | by lower values) | | | | | | |
| 1 | randomised trials | | | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 16 | 13 | - | SMD 0.95 lower (1.7 to 0.2 lower) | ⊕⊕OO LOW | CRITICAL |
| Parent-rate | d antisocial be | haviour (measu | red with: any valid r | ating scale; better | indicated by | lower values) | · | | • | | • | • |
| 4 | randomised trials | | | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 133 | 76 | - | SMD 0.26 lower (0.55 lower to 0.02 higher) | ⊕⊕OO LOW | CRITICAL |

OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

Risk of bias across domains was generally high or unclear.

OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

² Risk of bias across domains was generally high or unclear.

1.2.13 Family-focused indicated prevention/treatment interventions versus control for children and young people with, or at high risk of, a conduct disorder (dichotomous outcomes) (post-treatment)

| | | Quality assessme | ent | | | No. of patients Effect | | | | Quality | Importonos |
|----------------|--|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Family-focused IP&TX | Any control group | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | • | Importance |
| linician-rated | drug and/or alcol | hol use (assessed wit | h: drug screen per | centage posi | tive for cannabis) | | | | | | |
| | | | | serious ¹ | none | 0/20 (0%) | 0/20 (0%) | RR 1 (0.16 to 6.42) | - | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| linician-rated | offending behavi | our (assessed with: r | ecidivism) | | | | 070 | | | | |
| | | | | serious ¹ | none | 0/46 (0%) | 0/40 (0%) | RR 0.47 (0.27 to 0.83) | | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| ia Ii | nician-rated als inician-rated andomised andomised | nician-rated drug and/or alcoludomised no serious risk of bias nician-rated offending behavindomised no serious risk of | Design Risk of bias Inconsistency inician-rated drug and/or alcohol use (assessed with a complete the comple | nician-rated drug and/or alcohol use (assessed with: drug screen per ndomised no serious risk of bias no serious inconsistency indirectness indirectness no serious inconsistency no serious indirectness indirectnes | Design Risk of bias Inconsistency Indirectness Imprecision inician-rated drug and/or alcohol use (assessed with: drug screen percentage position of the process of the proc | Design Risk of bias Inconsistency Indirectness Imprecision Considerations inician-rated drug and/or alcohol use (assessed with: drug screen percentage positive for cannabis) indomised no serious risk of bias inconsistency indirectness serious none inician-rated offending behaviour (assessed with: recidivism) indomised no serious risk of no serious no serious serious none | Design Risk of bias Inconsistency Indirectness Imprecision Considerations IP&TX Inician-rated drug and/or alcohol use (assessed with: drug screen percentage positive for cannabis) Indomised als no serious risk of bias no serious inconsistency indirectness serious none (0%) Inician-rated offending behaviour (assessed with: recidivism) Indomised no serious risk of no serious no serious serious none (0%) | Design Risk of bias Inconsistency Indirectness Imprecision Considerations Part Any control group Inician-rated drug and/or alcohol use (assessed with: drug screen percentage positive for cannabis) Indomised als no serious risk of bias no serious inconsistency indirectness serious no serious indirectness no serious serious serious serious no serious serious serious no serious serious serious no serious serio | Design Risk of bias Inconsistency Indirectness Imprecision Other considerations IP&TX group (95% CI) Inician-rated drug and/or alcohol use (assessed with: drug screen percentage positive for cannabis) Indomised als no serious risk of bias no serious inconsistency indirectness serious no serious indirectness no serious rated offending behaviour (assessed with: recidivism) Indomised no serious risk of bias no serious inconsistency indirectness no serious serious no serious inconsistency indirectness no serious indirectness serious no serious inconsistency indirectness no serious no serious indirectness no serious no serious indirectness no serious no serious indirectness no serious indirectne | Design Risk of bias Inconsistency Indirectness Imprecision Other considerations IP&TX group (95% CI) Absolute Incian-rated drug and/or alcohol use (assessed with: drug screen percentage positive for cannabis) Indomised als no serious risk of bias no serious inconsistency indirectness serious no serious inconsistency indirectness serious no serious serious no serious inconsistency indirectness serious no serious serious no serious no serious inconsistency indirectness serious no serious serious no serious inconsistency indirectness serious no serious serious no serious inconsistency indirectness serious no serious inconsistency indirectness indirectness serious no serious indirectness indirectness serious no serious indirectness indirectness indirectness serious no serious indirectness i | Design Risk of bias Inconsistency Indirectness Imprecision Other considerations IP&TX group (95% CI) Absolute Indirectness Imprecision Other considerations Family-focused IP&TX Group Relative (95% CI) Absolute |

OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

| Health economic profile on family-focused programme versus any control | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|---|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Study; country | Limitations | Applicability | Other comments | Incremental cost: 2011 GBP | Incremental effect | ICER | Uncertainty | | | | | |
| Barnoski, 2004; US | Potentially serious limitations | Partially applicable | Intervention: FFT and ART versus waitlist control. Method of conversion of benefits into monetary terms was not detailed. | Incremental costs: not reported. Intervention cost estimates per participant: FFT: £1631 ART: £579. | Compared with control, the percentage reduction in the rates of recidivism are given as: FFT: 38% ART: 24%. | Benefit-cost ratio: FFT: £8.30 ART: £9.06. | Not analysed. | | | | | |
| Dembo et al., 2000; US | Potentially serious limitations ¹ | Partially applicable ² | Partial economic evaluation: of cost analysis looking at the potential cost-saving from crime rate reduction between FEI and extended services intervention. No healthcare service costs were included and HRQoL outcome was not evaluated. | Net saving of £1,080 per youth. | 59% lower arrest rate in FEI group compared with extended services intervention. | FEI is dominant. | Not reported. | | | | | |

¹ The baseline data is from control arm where in itself is an intensive intervention. No sensitivity analysis was conducted and outcome measure not inclusive of HRQoL.

² Perspective is criminal justice system only and setting is US.

1.2.14Family-focused indicated prevention/treatment interventions versus control for children and young people with, or at high risk of, a conduct disorder (follow-up)

| | | | Quality asses | sment | | | No. of patients Effect | | | Effect | | |
|----------------|----------------------|--------------|--------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|---|-------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Family-focused IP&TX | Any control group | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | Quality | Importance |
| Parent-rated | d antisocial beh | aviour (foll | ow-up 78 weeks; me | asured with: any va | lid rating sca | ale; better indicated | by lower values) | | | | | |
| 1 | randomised trials | | | no serious indirectness | serious ² | none | 23 | 14 | - | SMD 0.43 higher (0.22 lower to 1.09 higher) | ⊕⊕OO LOW | CRITICAL |

¹ Risk of bias across domains was generally high or unclear.

1.2.15 Family-focused indicated prevention/treatment interventions versus control for children and young people with, or at high risk of, a conduct disorder (dichotomous outcomes) (follow-up)

| | Quality assessment Other | | | | | | | No. of patients Effect | | | Quality | Importance |
|----------------|---|----------------------------|---------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|----------|------------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Family-focused IP&TX | Any control group | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | Quanty | Importance |
| Researche | Researcher-/clinician-rated offending behaviour (follow-up 52 weeks; assessed with: Recidivism) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | | no serious risk of bias | | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 96/438 (21.9%) | 71/323 (22%) | RR 1.00 (0.76 to 1.31) | ' ' | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| | | | | | | | | 0% | | - | | |

OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

² OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

1.2.16Multimodal indicated prevention/treatment interventions versus control for children and young people with, or at high risk of, a conduct disorder (post-treatment)

| | | | Quality asse | ssment | | | No. of p | atients | | Effect | | |
|---|----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--|--------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Multi-modal IP&TX | Any control group | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | Quality | Importance |
| Researche | r-/clinician-rate | d antisocial/offe | nding behaviour (m | easured with: any | alid rating scale/a | any measure of offe | nding behavio | ur; better indic | ated by | ower values) | | |
| 7 | randomised trials | | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision | none | 295 | 322 | - | SMD 0.47 lower (0.74 to 0.21 lower) | ⊕⊕⊕⊕ HIGH | CRITICAL |
| Researche | r-/clinician-rate | d drug and/or al | cohol use (measure | d with: urine scree | n – cocaine/mariju | iana; drug screen p | ercentage pos | tive for canna | bis; bette | er indicated by lower values) | | |
| 2 | | no serious risk of bias | serious ¹ | no serious indirectness | serious ² | none | 96 | 91 | - | SMD 0.62 lower (2.07 lower to 0.83 higher) | ⊕⊕OO LOW | CRITICAL |
| Parent-rated antisocial behaviour (measured with: any valid rating scale; better indicated by lower values) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | | no serious risk of bias | serious ¹ | no serious indirectness | serious ³ | none | 416 | 370 | - | SMD 0.25 lower (0.52 lower to 0.02 higher) | ⊕⊕OO LOW | CRITICAL |

¹ There is evidence of substantial heterogeneity of study effect sizes.

1.2.17 Multimodal indicated prevention/treatment interventions versus control for children and young people with, or at high risk of, a conduct disorder (dichotomous outcomes) (post-treatment)

| | | | Quality assessme | ent | | | No. of patients Effect | | | | Quality | Importance |
|---|---|--------------|------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|----------|------------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness Imprecision | | Other considerations | Multi-modal IP&TX | Any control group | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | • | importance |
| Researcher-/clinician-rated offending behaviour (assessed with: Any measure of offending behaviour) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - | randomised no serious risk of trials no serious inconsistency | | | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 0/298 (0%) | 0/359 (0%) | RR 0.77 (0.53 to 1.11) | | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| | | | | | | | | 0% | | - | | |

¹ OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met. 3 CI includes both 1) no effect and 2) appreciable benefit or appreciable harm.

1.2.18Multi-modal indicated prevention/treatment interventions versus control for children and young people with, or at high risk of, a conduct disorder (follow-up)

| | | | Quality asses | sment | | | No. of p | patients | | Effect | | |
|----------------|---|----------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--|-------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | / Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Multi-modal IP&TX | Any control group | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | Quality | Importance |
| Researcher- | esearcher-/clinician-rated antisocial/offending behaviour (follow-up 52 to 208 weeks; measured with: any valid rating scale/any measure of offending behaviour; better indicated by lower values) | | | | | | | | | | | ies) |
| 5 | randomised trials | no serious risk of bias | | no serious indirectness | serious ² | none | 450 | 422 | - | SMD 0.41 lower (0.93 lower to 0.1 higher) | ⊕⊕OO LOW | CRITICAL |
| Researcher- | -/clinician-rated | drug and/or alcol | hol use (follow | -up 52 to 226 weeks | ; measured | with: urine screen - | cocaine/marijua | na; drug screer | percenta | age positive for cocaine; better i | ndicated | by lower |
| values) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | randomised trials | no serious risk of bias | | no serious indirectness | serious ³ | none | 72 | 64 | - | SMD 0.58 lower (1.91 lower to 0.75 higher) | ⊕⊕OO LOW | CRITICAL |

¹ There is evidence of substantial heterogeneity of study effect sizes.

1.2.19Multi-modal indicated prevention/treatment interventions versus control for children and young people at risk of a conduct disorder (dichotomous outcomes) (follow-up)

| | | | Quality assessme | ent | | | No. of p | patients | Effect | | Quality | Importance |
|----------------|------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|---|-------------------|--------------------|------------------------|----------|------------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Multi-modal IP&TX | Any control group | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | • | Importance |
| Researcher-/ | /clinician-rated | antisocial/offendi | ng behaviour (follow- | up 48 to 1143 weeks | vith: any valid rating | ing scale/any measure of offending behaviour) | | | | | • | |
| _ | | no serious risk of bias | | no serious indirectness | serious ² | none | 0/485 (0%) | 0/458 (0%) | RR 0.72 (0.52 to 1.02) | - | ⊕⊕OO LOW | CRITICAL |
| | | | | | | | | 0% | | - | | |
| Researcher-/ | /clinician-rated | drug and/or alcoh | ol use (follow-up 226 | weeks; assessed w | ith: drug scr | een percentage posi | tive for cocaine) | | | | | |
| | | no serious risk of bias | | no serious indirectness | serious ³ | none | 0/43 (0%) | 0/37 (0%) 0% | RR 1.61 (0.94 to 2.76) | | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |

² CI includes both 1) no effect and 2) appreciable benefit or appreciable harm.
³ OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

¹ There is evidence of substantial heterogeneity of study effect sizes.

² CI includes both 1) no effect and 2) appreciable benefit or appreciable harm.

³ OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

Health economic profile on multimodal intervention versus any control (dichotomous outcome) Study; country Limitations **Applicability** Other comments Incremental cost: Incremental **ICER** Uncertainty 2010 GBP effect Klietz et al., Potentially Partially Interventions: multi-systemic therapy Net intervention 31% reduction in Benefit-cost ratio: Uncertainty around the treatment effect of applicable² multi-systemic therapy was not explored. 2010; US serious versus individual therapy. cost: £5,729 the rate of £6.17 to £15.31 recidivism by limitations1 multi-systemic Net savings: £48,751 to £129,406 therapy compared with individual therapy. Olsson, 2010a; Partially £9,941 No significant Potentially Interventions: multi-systemic therapy TAU is dominant Uncertainty around cost and effects were not applicable4 difference in Sweden serious versus TAU. explored. limitations3 clinical effect between intervention and TAU. Olsson, 2010b; Potentially Partially Interventions: multi-systemic therapy £4,552 No significant TAU is dominant Uncertainty around cost and effects were not versus TAU. Using the long-term follow-up difference in Sweden serious applicable explored. limitations data from Olsson (2010a). clinical effect between No details on the model structure were intervention and given though relevant costs were TAU. considered. Similarly to what was reported by Olsson (2010a), multi-systemic therapy had no marginal benefit to TAU in the Swedish Health and Social Services context. Guideline Partially Time horizon was 6 years and costs -£7,125 Potentially 53% increase in Parent-focused is Deterministic sensitivity analysis: Result was applicable⁶ analysis, UK included both service and intervention number of dominant. robust over variations in relapse rate and serious limitations⁵ children with costs. costs. improved beĥaviour. Model assumed a 50% relapse rate.

¹ Method used in valuation of the monetary value of quality of life loss was shown; possible outcomes of conduct disorder other than offending were not considered.

²The setting and perspective is non-NHS and PSS. No measure of HRQoL was used.

³ The analysis is alongside trial with short time horizon of 7 months. No detail on the model structure was given.

⁴There is no report on the impact of intervention on the HRQoL outcome.

⁵ Model was based on arbitrary cut-off points and assumption of normal distribution of the CBCL T-score.

⁶Setting, costs and outcomes are relevant to the guideline; no estimation of QALYs was possible.

1.2.20Multi-component indicated prevention/treatment interventions versus control for children and young people at risk of a conduct disorder (dichotomous outcomes) (post-treatment)

| | | | Quality asse | essment | | | No. of pat | ients | | Effect | | |
|----------------|--|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|---|------------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Multi-component IP&TX | Any control group | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | Quality | Importance |
| Observer-r | ated antisocia | l behaviour (me | easured with: any | valid method; bett | er indicated by lo | wer values) | • | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | • |
| 3 | | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision | none | 433 | 446 | - | SMD 0.07 higher (0.07 lower to 0.2 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕⊕ HIGH | CRITICAL |
| Researche | esearcher-/clinician-rated antisocial/offending behaviour (measured with: any valid rating scale/any measure of offending behaviour; better indicated by lower values) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | no serious risk of bias | serious ¹ | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision | none | 232 | 235 | - | SMD 0.06 lower (0.37 lower to 0.24 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Peer-rated | antisocial beh | aviour (Better i | indicated by lower | values) | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision | none | 325 | 307 | - | SMD 0.10 higher (0.05 lower to 0.26 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕⊕ HIGH | CRITICAL |
| Teacher-ra | ted antisocial | behaviour (mea | asured with: any va | alid rating scale; b | etter indicated by | / lower values) | • | | | | | |
| 10 | | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision | none | 1093 | 846 | - | SMD 0.08 lower (0.2 lower to 0.03 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕⊕ HIGH | CRITICAL |
| Parent-rate | d antisocial b | ehaviour (meas | sured with: any val | id rating scale, be | tter indicated by | lower values) | | | | | | • |
| 12 | randomised trials | no serious risk of bias | serious ¹ | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision | none | 1240 | 982 | - | SMD 0.23 lower (0.37 to 0.09 lower) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |

¹ There is evidence of moderate heterogeneity of study effect sizes.

| Study; country | Limitations | Applicability | Other comments | Incremental cost: 2011 GBP | Incremental effect | ICER | Uncertainty |
|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|---|---|
| Cadwell et al., 2006; US | Potentially serious limitations ¹ | Partially applicable ² | The programme is described as an intensive juvenile corrective service program using a decompression treatment model (a form of institutional adjustment model) plus an ART model (a form of CBT model). The control was usual juvenile corrective service. | -£35,000 | 1.40 offences less in the treatment group relative to control. | Intensive juvenile corrective service is dominant. | No details on uncertainty analysis was reported. |
| Foster et al., 2007; US | Potentially serious limitations | Partially applicable | Interventions: multi-component parent-child-teacher training programmes versus no treatment. Potential conflict of interest exists and time horizon of analysis was short. No baseline ICER estimate was reported. | Not reported | Not reported. | No baseline ICER estimate was reported. | From CEAC, at willingness to pay of £2,278 and more, parent training + teacher training is more costeffective for Preschool Behavior Questionnaire outcomes while child training + parent training + teacher training is more cost-effective for Dyadic Parent-Child Interactive Coding System – Revised. |
| Robertson et al., 2001; US | Potentially serious limitations ³ | Partially applicable ⁴ | Community-based intervention comprising either an intensive supervision or CBT. Evidence is based on quasi-experimental study and cost regression analysis used in determining the cost. | 1. Intensive supervision versus regular probation: £260 2. CBT versus regular probation: -£2,800 | Not reported separately but taken as an explanatory variable in cost regression. | CBT is most cost-effective followed by regular probation. | No details on uncertainty analysis was reported. |

1.2.21 Multi-component indicated prevention/treatment interventions versus control for children and young people at risk of a conduct disorder (dichotomous outcomes) (follow-up)

| | | | Quality asse | ssment | | | No. of pat | ients | | Effect | | |
|----------------|--|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--|------------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Multi-component IP&TX | Any control group | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | Quality | Importance |
| Researche | r-/clinician-rate | ed offending be | haviour (follow-up | 52 weeks; measu | red with: frequen | cy of arrest; better | indicated by lower | values) | • | | • | • |
| 1 | randomised trials | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 42 | 19 | - | SMD 0.36 lower (0.79 lower to 0.08 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Peer-rated | er-rated antisocial behaviour (follow-up 156 weeks; measured with: any valid method; better indicated by lower values) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | randomised trials | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | | no serious imprecision | none | 259 | 236 | - | SMD 0.15 lower (0.32 lower to 0.03 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕⊕ HIGH | CRITICAL |
| Teacher-ra | ted antisocial | behaviour (follo | ow-up 122 to 156 w | eeks; measured w | ith: any valid rati | ng scale; better inc | licated by lower va | lues) | | | | |
| 2 | randomised trials | | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision | none | 344 | 325 | - | SMD 0.16 lower (0.31 to 0.01 lower) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Parent-rate | ed antisocial be | ehaviour (follov | v-up 122 to 156 wee | eks; measured wit | h: any valid ratin | g scale; better indi | cated by lower valu | ies) | • | | • | • |
| 2 | randomised trials | serious ² | serious ³ | no serious indirectness | serious ⁴ | none | 335 | 309 | - | SMD 0.01 higher (0.5 lower to 0.53 higher) | ⊕OOO VERY LOW | CRITICAL |

¹ OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

² Risk of bias across domains was generally high or unclear.

³ There is evidence of substantial heterogeneity of study effect sizes.

⁴ CI includes both 1) no effect and 2) appreciable benefit or appreciable harm.

1.2.22 Classroom-based (teacher involved) indicated prevention/treatment interventions versus control for children and young people with, or at high risk of, a conduct disorder (post-treatment)

| | | | Quality asse | essment | | | No. of patien | its | | Effect | | |
|----------------|----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--|------------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Classroom based (by teacher) IP&TX | Any control group | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | Quality | Importance |
| Observer-ı | rated antisocia | al behaviour (n | neasured with: any | valid method; be | tter indicated by | lower values) | | | | | | |
| 2 | randomised trials | no serious risk of bias | serious ¹ | no serious indirectness | serious ² | none | 165 | 194 | - | SMD 0.09 lower (0.58 lower to 0.4 higher) | ⊕⊕OO LOW | CRITICAL |
| Researche | er-/clinician-rat | ed antisocial l | behaviour (measur | ed with: any valid | rating scale; be | tter indicated by lo | wer values) | | | | | |
| 2 | randomised trials | no serious risk of bias | serious ¹ | no serious indirectness | serious ² | none | 140 | 135 | - | SMD 0.13 lower (0.79 lower to 0.53 higher) | ⊕⊕OO LOW | CRITICAL |
| Teacher-ra | ated antisocial | behaviour (me | easured with: any | valid rating scale; | better indicated | by lower values) | | | | | | |
| 3 | randomised trials | | no serious inconsistency | | no serious imprecision | none | 237 | 262 | - | SMD 0.43 lower (0.63 to 0.24 lower) | ⊕⊕⊕⊕ HIGH | CRITICAL |
| Parent-rate | ed antisocial b | ehaviour (mea | asured with: any va | alid rating scale; k | oetter indicated b | y lower values) | | • | | | • | • |
| 2 | trials | risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | indirectness | serious ² | none | 176 | 207 | - | SMD 0.19 lower (0.4 lower to 0.02 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |

¹ There is evidence of moderate heterogeneity of study effect sizes.
² OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

1.2.23 Classroom-based (other, non-teacher involved) indicated prevention/treatment interventions versus control for children and young people with, or at high risk of, a conduct disorder (post-treatment)

| | | | Quality assess | sment | | | No. of patient | s | | Effect | | |
|----------------|---|----------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--|-------------------|-------------------------|--|------------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Classroom based (by non-teacher) IP&TX | Any control group | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | Quality | Importance |
| Observer-ı | ated antisocia | l behaviour (m | neasured with: any | valid method; be | tter indicated | by lower values) | | • | • | | | • |
| 1 | | | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 27 | 15 | - | SMD 0.39 lower (1.02 lower to 0.23 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Researche | esearcher-/clinician-rated antisocial behaviour (measured with: any valid rating scale; better indicated by lower values) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | | | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 27 | 15 | - | SMD 0.17 lower (0.79 lower to 0.45 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Peer-rated | antisocial beh | aviour (measu | ured with: any valid | d rating scale; bet | ter indicated | by lower values) | | | | | | |
| 1 | | | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 16 | 15 | - | SMD 0.15 lower (0.75 lower to 0.46 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Teacher-ra | ted antisocial | behaviour (me | easured with: any | valid rating scale; | better indica | ted by lower value | s) | • | • | | | • |
| 5 | | risk of bias | serious ² | indirectness | | none | 217 | 150 | - | SMD 0.45 lower (0.88 to 0.02 lower) | ⊕⊕OO LOW | CRITICAL |

[†] OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met. ² There is evidence of substantial heterogeneity of study effect sizes.

1.2.24Parent-focused indicated prevention/treatment interventions versus parent-child based indicated prevention/treatment interventions for children and young people with, or at risk of, conduct disorders (posttreatment)

| | Quality assessment | | | | | | | patients | | Effect | | |
|----------------|---|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|--|------------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Parent-focused IP&TX | Parent-child based IP&TX | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | Quality | Importance |
| Observer-r | Observer-rated antisocial behaviour (measured with: any valid method; better indicated by lower values) | | | | | | | | | | | • |
| 1 | | no serious risk of bias | | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 26 | 22 | - | SMD 0.15 lower (0.71 lower to 0.41 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Researche | r-/clinician-rate | ed antisocial be | haviour (measured | with: any valid rat | ing scale; be | etter indicated by lo | wer values) | | | | | |
| 1 | randomised trials | serious ² | | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 22 | 29 | - | SMD 0.68 higher (0.12 to 1.24 higher) | ⊕⊕OO LOW | CRITICAL |
| Teacher-ra | ted antisocial | behaviour (mea | sured with: any vali | d rating scale; be | tter indicated | by lower values) | | | | | | |
| 3 | randomised trials | serious ² | | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 97 | 101 | - | SMD 0.25 higher (0.14 lower to 0.64 higher) | ⊕⊕OO LOW | CRITICAL |
| Parent-rate | ed antisocial be | haviour (meas | ured with: any valid | rating scale; bett | er indicated | by lower values) | | | • | | | |
| 4 | randomised trials | serious ² | serious ³ | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 116 | 132 | - | SMD 0.19 higher (0.54 lower to 0.91 higher) | ⊕OOO VERY LOW | CRITICAL |

OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

² Risk of bias across domains was generally high or unclear.
³ There is evidence of substantial heterogeneity of study effect sizes.

1.2.25 Parent-focused indicated prevention/treatment interventions versus parent-child based indicated prevention/treatment interventions for children and young people with, or at risk of, conduct disorders (follow-up)

| | | | Quality assessi | ment | | | No. of | patients | | Effect | | |
|----------------|----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|---|------------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Parent-focused IP&TX | Parent-child based IP&TX | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | Quality | Importance |
| Observer-r | ated antisocial | behaviour (me | asured with: any va | lid method; better | indicated by | y lower values) | | | • | | | • |
| 1 | | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 26 | 22 | - | SMD 0.65 higher (0.07 to 1.22 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Researche | r-/clinician-rate | ed antisocial be | haviour (measured | with: any valid rat | ing scale; be | etter indicated by lo | wer values) | | | | | |
| 1 | randomised trials | serious ² | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 22 | 29 | - | SMD 0.92 higher (0.34 to 1.49 higher) | ⊕⊕OO LOW | CRITICAL |
| Teacher-ra | ted antisocial | behaviour (mea | sured with: any val | id rating scale; be | tter indicated | d by lower values) | | | | | | |
| 3 | randomised trials | serious ² | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 92 | 98 | - | SMD 0.08 lower (0.36 lower to 0.20 higher) | ⊕⊕OO LOW | CRITICAL |
| Parent-rate | ed antisocial be | haviour (meas | ured with: any valid | rating scale; bett | er indicated | by lower values) | <u> </u> | | • | | | • |
| 4 | randomised trials | serious ² | serious ³ | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 116 | 132 | - | SMD 0.34 higher (0.10 lower to 0.77 higher) | ⊕OOO VERY LOW | CRITICAL |

¹ OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.
² Risk of bias across domains was generally high or unclear.
³ There is evidence of substantial heterogeneity of study effect sizes.

1.2.26Family-focused indicated prevention/treatment interventions versus child-based indicated prevention/treatment interventions for children and young people with, or at risk of, conduct disorders (post-treatment)

| | | | Quality assessr | nent | | No. of pa | atients | | Effect | Quality | Importance | |
|---|---|--------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|---|------------------|----------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Family-focused IP&TX | Child-based IP&TX | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | | |
| Researcher-/clinician-rated offending behaviour (measured with: any valid rating scale; better indicated by lower values) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | randomised trials | | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 29 | 27 | - | SMD 0.21 lower (0.73 lower to 0.31 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Parent-rate | Parent-rated antisocial behaviour (measured with: any valid rating scale; better indicated by lower values) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | randomised trials | | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 55 | 53 | - | SMD 0.47 lower (0.77 to 0.16 lower) | ⊕⊕OO LOW | CRITICAL |

OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

² Baseline differences were as large as endpoint; analysis of change scores suggested the effect favoured child-focused intervention for AZRIN2001.

1.2.27 Family-focused indicated prevention/treatment interventions versus child-based indicated prevention/treatment interventions for children and young people with, or at risk of, conduct disorders (follow-up)

| | | Quality assessi | ment | | No. of pa | atients | | Effect | Quality | Importance | | | |
|----------------|--|----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|---------|----|--------|---------|---|------------------|----------|--|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | considerations IPTX IP&TX CI) | | | | | | | | | |
| Researche | esearcher-/clinician-rated offending behaviour (measured with: any valid rating scale; better indicated by lower values) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | randomised trials | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 29 | 27 | - | SMD 0.57 higher (0.04 to 1.09 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL | |
| Parent-rate | Parent-rated antisocial behaviour (measured with: any valid rating scale; better indicated by lower values) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | randomised trials | serious ² | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 55 | 53 | - | SMD 0.47 lower (0.77 lower to 0.16 higher) | ⊕⊕OO LOW | CRITICAL | |

OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

Baseline differences were large relative to post-treatment differences; analysis of change scores suggested the effect favoured child-focused intervention for AZRIN2001.

1.3 PHARMACOLOGICAL INTERVENTIONS - CRITICAL OUTCOMES META-ANALYSIS

1.3.1 Antihypertensive drugs versus placebo for children and young people with conduct disorders (post-treatment)

| | | | Quality assess | ment | | | No. of patients | | | Effect | Quality | Importance | |
|----------------|--|----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|--|------------------|------------|--|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Antihypertensive drugs | Placebo | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | Quanty | importance | |
| Teacher-ra | eacher-rated antisocial behaviour (continuous outcome) (measured with: any valid rating scale; better indicated by lower values) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | | no serious risk of bias | | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 38 | 29 | - | SMD 0.68 lower (1.17 to 0.19 lower) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL | |
| Parent-rate | d antisocial be | haviour (conti | nuous outcome) (n | neasured with: any | valid rating | scale; better indica | ated by lower values |) | | | • | • | |
| 1 | | no serious risk of bias | | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 38 | 29 | - | SMD 0.31 lower (0.80 lower to 0.18 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL | |
| Parent-rate | d antisocial be | haviour (dicho | otomous outcome) | (assessed with: C | onners Parei | nt Rating Scale - co | onduct problems - n | umber ac | hieving 38% red | duction from baseline) | | | |
| 1 | | no serious risk of bias | | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 0/37 (0%) | 0/29 (0%) | RR 0.55 (0.36 to 0.82) | - | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL | |
| | | | | | | | | 0% | | - | | | |

¹ OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

1.3.2 Antimanic and anticonvulsant drugs versus placebo for children and young people with conduct disorders (post-treatment)

| | | | Quality assess | sment | | | No. of patients | | | Effect | Quality | Importance | |
|---|----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|--|------------------|------------|--|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Antimanic and anticonvulsant drugs | Placebo | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | | | |
| Researche | er-/clinician-ra | ted antisocial | behaviour (continu | uous outcome)/ca | ırbamazepine | e (measured with: a | any valid rating scale; be | tter indica | ated by lower va | alues) | | | |
| 1 | randomised trials | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 11 | 11 | - | SMD 0.01 lower (0.81 lower to 0.79 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL | |
| Parent-rated antisocial behaviour (continuous outcome)/divalproex (measured with: any valid rating scale; better indicated by lower values) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | randomised trials | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 14 | 13 | - | SMD 0.26 lower (1.00 lower to 0.48 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL | |
| Researche | er-/clinician-ra | ted antisocial | behaviour (continu | ious outcome)/lit | hium (meası | red with: any valid | rating scale; better indic | ated by l | ower values) | | | | |
| 1 | randomised trials | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 20 | 20 | - | SMD 0.56 lower (1.19 lower to 0.07 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL | |
| Researche | er-/clinician-ra | ted antisocial | behaviour (dichoto | omous outcome)/ | carbamazepi | ne (assessed with: | response) | | | | | | |
| 1 | randomised trials | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 0/11 (0%) | (0%) | RR 0.40 (0.10 to 1.64) | - | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL | |
| | | | | | | | | 0% | | - | | | |
| Researche | er-/clinician-ra | ted antisocial | behaviour (dichoto | omous outcome)/ | divalproex (a | ssessed with: resp | oonse) | | | | | | |
| 1 | randomised trials | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 0/10 (0%) | (0%) | RR 0.24 (0.08 to 0.71) | - | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL | |
| | | | | \ | | | | 0% | | - | | | |
| Parent-rat | | | | | | _ | pective - Modified Overt | | | I score <10]) | 1 | | |
| 1 | randomised trials | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 0/14 (0%) | 0/13 (0%) | RR 0.51 (0.27 to 0.97) | - | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL | |
| | | | | | | | | 0% | | - | | | |
| Researche | er-/clinician-ra | ted antisocial | behaviour (dichoto | omous outcome)/ | lithium (asse | ssed with: respons | , ' | | | | | | |
| 3 | randomised trials | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 34/59 (57.6%) | (26.3%) | RR 0.60 (0.36 to 1.00) | 105 fewer per 1000 (from 168 fewer to 0 more) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL | |
| 1010 (| P. I | | | <u> </u> | 010 400 | articinants) not met | | 0% | | - | | | |

¹ OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

1.3.3 Antipsychotic drugs versus placebo for children and young people with conduct disorders (post-treatment)

| | | | Quality assessi | ment | | | No. of patie | nts | | Effect | Quality | Importance |
|---|------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------------------|--|------------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Antipsychotic drugs | Placebo | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | Quality | Importance |
| Researcher-/clinician-rated antisocial behaviour (continuous outcome) (measured with: any valid rating scale; better indicated by lower values) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 29 | 27 | - | SMD 0.31 lower (1.15 lower to 0.52 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Teacher-rated antisocial behaviour (continuous outcome) (measured with: any valid rating scale; better indicated by lower values) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 19 | 19 | - | SMD 0.13 higher (0.50 lower to 0.76 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Parent-rate | d antisocial be | haviour (contir | nuous outcome) (me | easured with: any | valid rating s | scale; better indicat | ed by lower value | es) | | | • | |
| _ | | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 205 | 182 | - | SMD 0.49 lower (0.69 to 0.30 lower) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Researcher | -/clinician-rate | ed antisocial be | haviour (dichotomo | ous outcome) (ass | essed with: (| Clinical Global Impr | ession – Improve | ment – m | uch/very much | improved/symptom recurre | nce) | |
| 2 | | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 0/155 (0%) | 0/125 (0%) | RR 0.57 (0.44 to 0.73) | - | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| | | | | | | | | 0% | | - | | |

¹ OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

1.3.4 Central nervous system stimulants versus placebo for children and young people with conduct disorders (post-treatment)

| | | | Quality assessm | ent | | | No. of pati | ients | | Effect | | |
|--|--|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|---------|-------------------------|--|------------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | CNS stimulants | Placebo | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | Quality | Importance |
| Observer-rated antisocial behaviour (continuous outcome) (measured with: any valid rating scale; better indicated by lower values) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 23 | 24 | - | SMD 0.88 lower (1.47 to 0.29 lower) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Teacher-rate | ed antisocial be | haviour (continu | ous outcome) (meas | ured with: any valid | rating scale | ; better indicated by | lower values) | | | | • | |
| 2 | | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 70 | 65 | - | SMD 0.93 lower (1.51 to 0.35 lower) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Parent-rated | Parent-rated antisocial behaviour (continuous outcome) (measured with: any valid rating scale; better indicated by lower values) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 37 | 37 | - | SMD 0.47 lower (0.94 lower to 0.00 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |

OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.

1.3.5 Selective norepinephrine reuptake inhibitor drugs versus placebo for children and young people with conduct disorders (post-treatment)

| | | | Quality asse | essment | | | No. of patients | Effect | | | | |
|----------------|------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|---|---------|-------------------------|--|------------------|------------|
| No. of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other considerations | Norepinephrine reuptake inhibitor drugs (atomoxetine) | Placebo | Relative (95% CI) | Absolute | Quality | Importance |
| Researche | er-/clinician-ra | ted antisocia | l behaviour (contir | nuous outcome) (| measured with: | any valid rating so | ale; better indicated by lower va | lues) | | | • | |
| 1 | | | | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 153 | 68 | - | SMD 0.16 lower (0.45 lower to 0.13 higher) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Teacher-ra | ated antisocia | behaviour (d | continuous outcon | ne) (measured wi | th: any valid rati | ng scale; better in | dicated by lower values) | | | | | |
| 1 | | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ¹ | none | 105 | 32 | - | SMD 1.12 lower (1.53 to 0.71 lower) | ⊕⊕⊕O MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Parent-rat | ed antisocial b | ehaviour (co | ntinuous outcome | e) (measured with | : any valid ratin | g scale; better indi | cated by lower values) | | | | | |
| 4 | | no serious risk of bias | | | no serious imprecision | none | 327 | 170 | - | SMD 0.40 lower (0.60 to 0.20 lower) | ⊕⊕⊕⊕ HIGH | CRITICAL |

OIS (for dichotomous outcomes, OIS = 300 events; for continuous outcomes, OIS = 400 participants) not met.